Visual TikZ

Version 0.65

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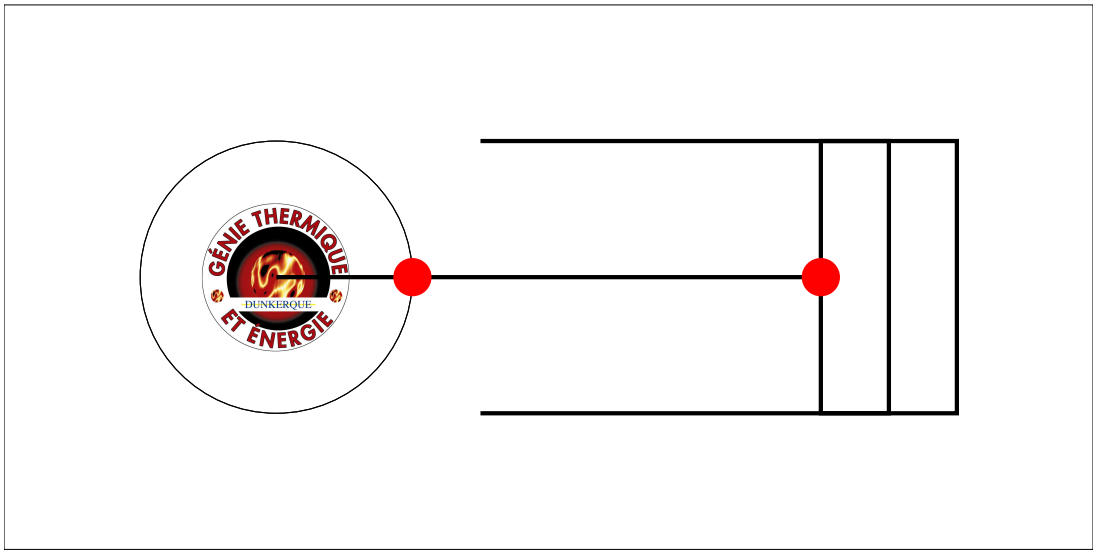

Objectives :

- One image per command or parameter.
- the minimum amount of text possible.
- the most complete possible update after update.
- keep the same structure as VisualPSTricks

Remarks : Minimal code is given to show the effect of a command or a parameter. The effects are sometime exaggerated for clarity .To consult the documentation, I have given the number of the Section in pgfmanual

You can contact me at my personal email to

- let me know the mistakes found (please indicate the page)
- give me your commentaries, your suggestions …

What's new :

- Partial resolution of the conflict between \usetikzlibrary{patterns} (17) and \usepackage{tikzpeople} (123)
- Matrices of nodes 55
- Library matrix added 58
- Tikzducks package added 130

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This work has the LPPL maintenance status 'maintained'.
The Current Maintainer of this work is M. Jean Pierre Casteleyn.

Thanks to:
Till Tantau , Alain Matthes , Jim Diamond , Falk Rühl , Axel Kielhorn , Nils Fleischhacker , Michel Fruchart

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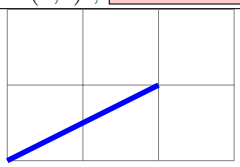
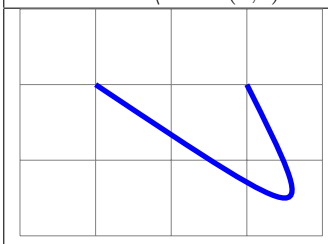
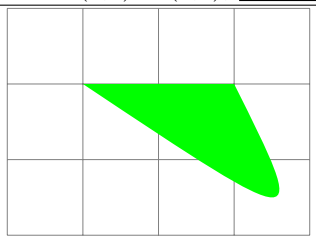
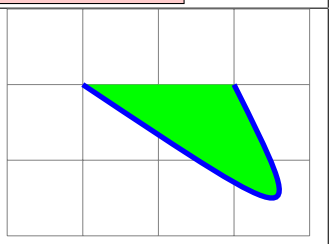
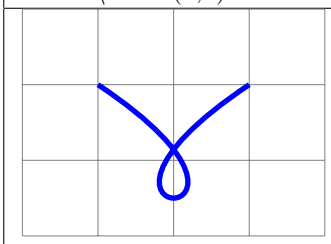
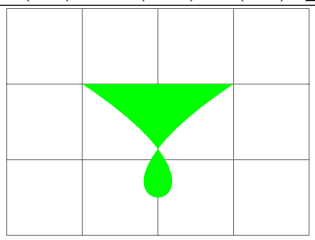
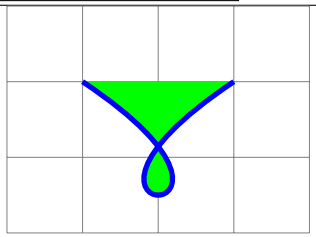
1 Tikz loading

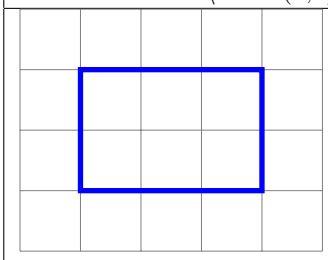
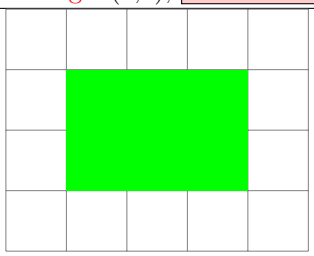
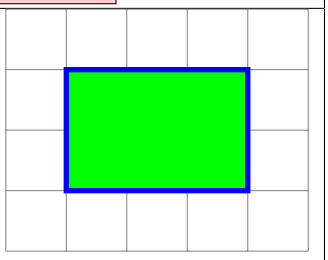
Load package : \usepackage{tikz}

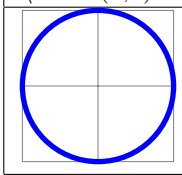
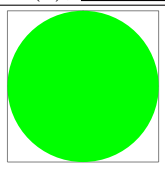
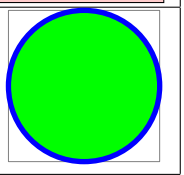
2 Basic figures

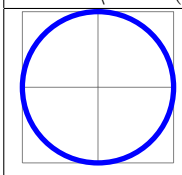
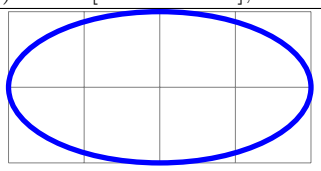
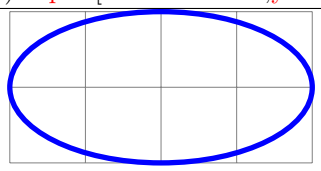
\draw (0,0) - - (2,1) ; PGFmanual section : 14-2	\draw (0,0)-| (2,1) ;	\draw (0,0) |- (2,1) ;
		

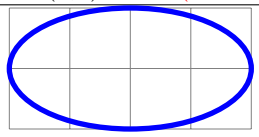
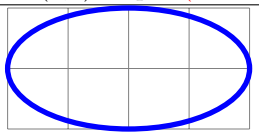
\draw (0,2) . . controls (3,0) .. (2,2); PGFmanual section : 14-3		
		
\draw	**\fill**	**\filldraw**

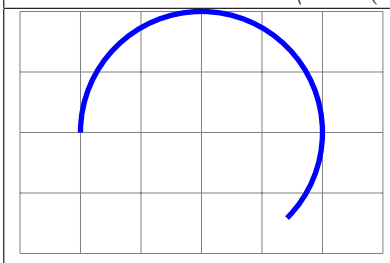
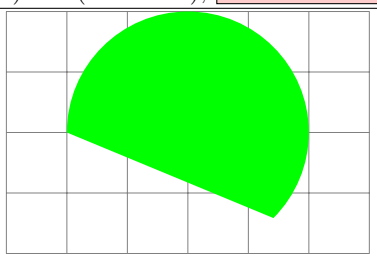
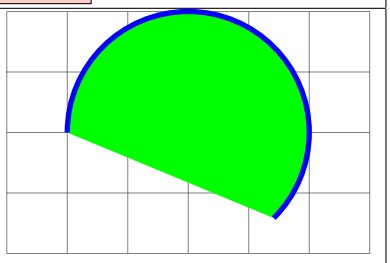
\draw (0,2) . . controls (3,0) and (-1,0) .. (2,2); PGFmanual section : 14-3		
		
\draw	**\fill**	**\filldraw**

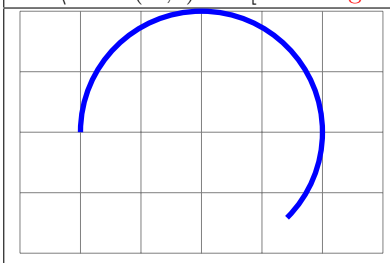
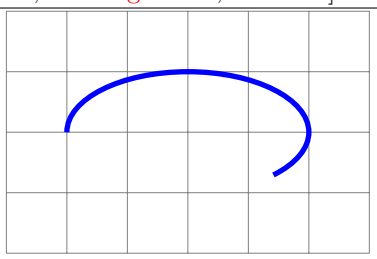
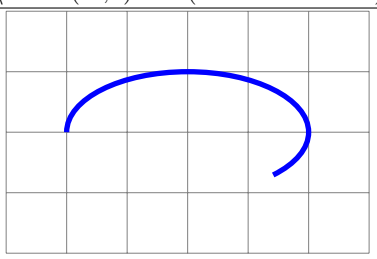
\draw (0,0) rectangle (3,2); PGFmanual section : 14-4		
		
\draw	**\fill**	**\filldraw**

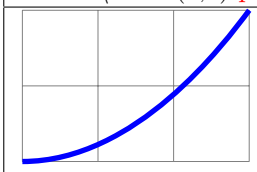
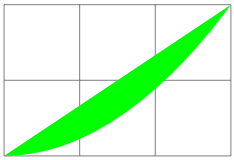
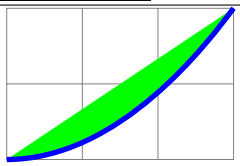
\draw (1,1) circle (1); PGFmanual section : 14-6		
		
\draw	\fill	\filldraw

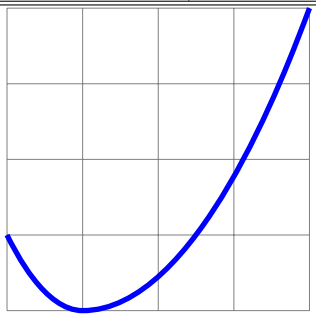
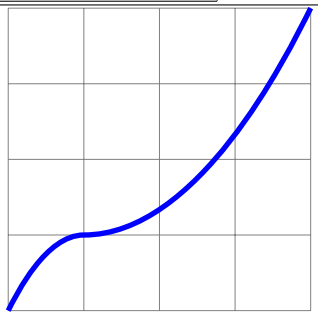
\draw (1,1) circle [radius=1cm];		\draw (1,1)ellipse [x radius=2cm,y radius=1cm]
		
radius=1cm	x radius=2cm,y radius=1cm	

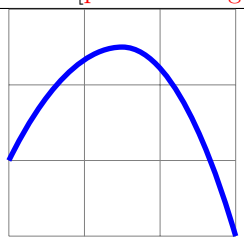
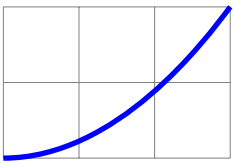
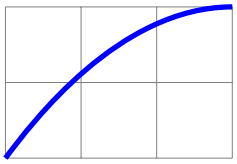
\draw (1,1) circle (2 and 1);	\draw (1,1) ellipse (2 and 1);
	

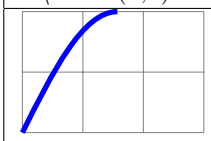
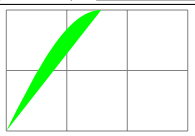
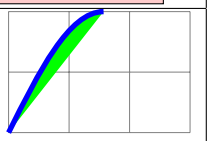
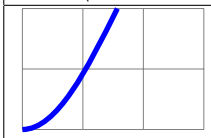
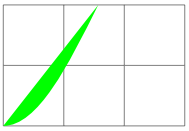
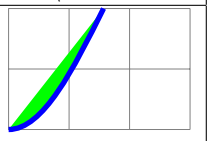
\draw (-2,0) arc (180:-45:2); PGFmanual section : 14-7		
		
\draw	\fill	\filldraw

\draw (-2,0) arc [start angle=180, end angle=-45,radius=1]		\draw (-2,0) arc (180:-45:2 and 1)
		
radius=1	x radius=1,y radius=.5	

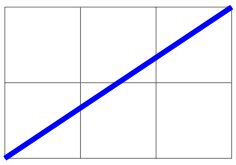
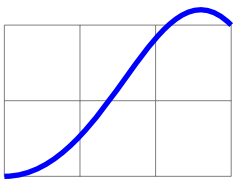
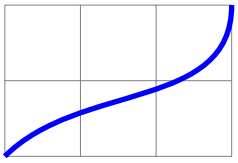
\draw (0,0) parabola (3,2); PGFmanual section : 14-9		
		
\draw	\fill	\filldraw

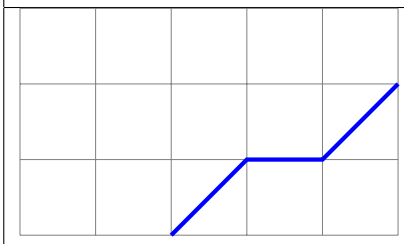
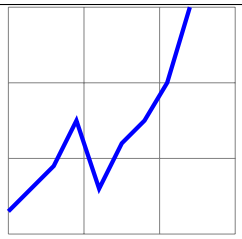
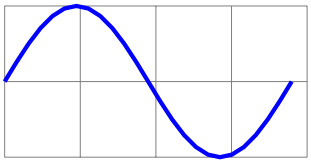
	
\draw(0,1) parabola bend (1,0) (4,4);	\draw(0,0) parabola[bend pos=0.25] (4,4);

\draw(0,1) parabola [parabola height=2cm] (3,0);	\draw(0,0) parabola[bend at start] (3,2);	
		
	[bend at start]	[bend at end]

\draw (0,0) sin (1.57,2); PGFmanual section : 14-10		
		
\draw	\fill	\filldraw
		
\draw (0,0) cos (1.57,2);		

PGFmanual section : 14-13

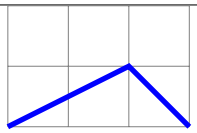
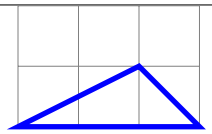
		
\draw (0,0) to (3,2);	\draw[out=0] (0,0) to (3,2);	\draw [in=-90] (0,0) to (3,2);
see section 7.2 page 48		

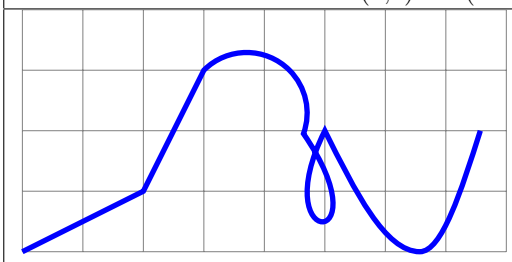
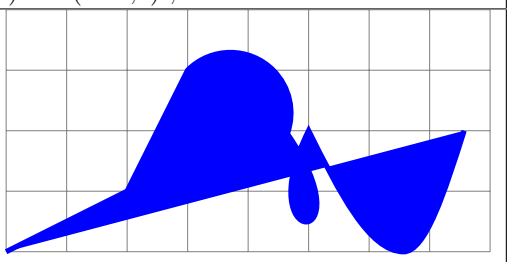
Drawing with plot PGFmanual section : 14-12 PGFmanual section : 22		
list of coordinates	file of coordinates	mathematical equation
		
plot coordinates {(2,0) (3,1) (4,1) (5,2)}	plot file {table.dat}	plot (\x,{sin(\x)})
voir page 135		

3 Path and edge

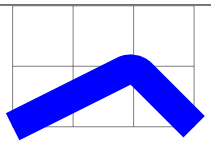
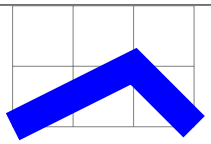
3.1 Path

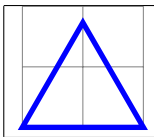
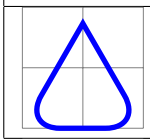
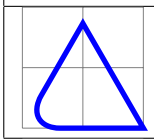
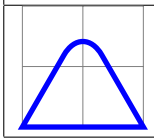
PGFmanual section : 14

	
\draw (0,0) - - (2,1) - - (3,0) ;	\draw (0,0) - - (2,1) - - (3,0) - - cycle ;

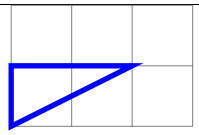
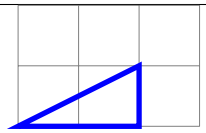
\draw (0,0) - - (2,1) - - (3,3) arc (135:-20:1) .. controls (6,0) and (4,0) .. (5,2) sin (6.57,0) cos (7.57,2) ;	
	
\draw	\filldraw

PGFmanual section : 14-5

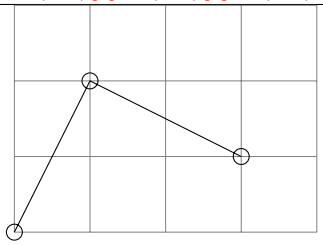
	
\draw [rounded corners] (0,0) – (2,1) – (3,0) ;	\draw [sharp corners] (0,0) - - (2,1) - - (3,0) ;

	\draw [rounded corners=0.5cm] (0,0) - - (1,1.732) - - (2,0) - - cycle ;
	\draw (0,0) - - (1,1.732) [rounded corners=0.5cm] - - (2,0) - - cycle ;
	\draw (0,0) - - (1,1.732) - - (2,0)[rounded corners=0.5cm] - - cycle ;
	\draw [rounded corners=0.5cm] (0,0) - - (1,1.732)[sharp corners] - - (2,0) - - cycle ;

PGFmanual section : 14-2-2

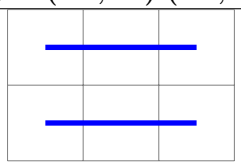
	
\draw (0,0) - - (2,1) -| cycle ;	\draw (0,0) - - (2,1) |- cycle ;

```
\tikz [c/.style={insert path={circle[radius=3pt]}}]
\draw(0,0)[c] – (1,2)[c] – (3,1) [c];
```

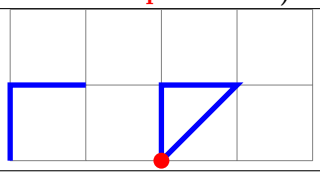


Path interrupted **PGFmanual section : 14-1**

```
\draw (0.5,0.5) - -(2.5,0.5) (0.5,1.5) - -(2.5,1.5);
```



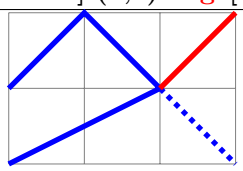
```
\draw (0,0) - - (0,1) - - (1,1) (2,0) - - (2,1) - - (3,1) - - (current subpath start);
\fill[red] (current subpath start) circle (3pt);
```



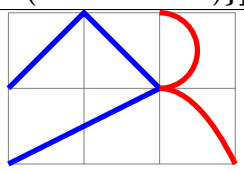
3.2 Pathes in a path : edge

PGFmanual section : 17-12

```
\draw (0,0) - - (2,1) edge[dotted] (3,0) edge[red] (3,2) - -(1,2) - - (0,1) ;
```



```
\draw (0,0) - - (2,1) edge([red,to path={parabola (3,0)} ] ()
edge[red,to path={arc(-90 : 90 : 0.5)}] () - -(1,2) - - (0,1) ;
```



4 Parameters

4.1 Line width

PGFmanual section : 15-3-1

\tikz \draw[line width=.2cm] (0,0) - - (1,1);			
[line width=.2cm]	[ultra thin] (0.1pt)	[very thin] (0.2pt)	[thin] (0.4pt)
[semithick] (0.6pt)	[thick] (0.8pt)	[very thick] (1.2pt)	[ultra thick] (1.6pt)

4.2 Dimensions available

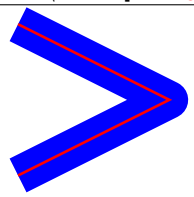
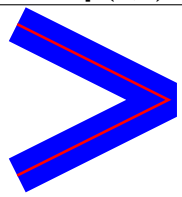
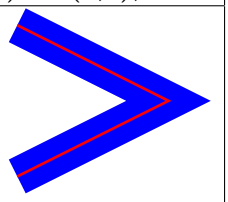
	\draw[line width=10pt] (2,0) to (2,1);
	\draw[line width=10bp] (2,0) to (2,1);
	\draw[line width=10mm] (2,0) to (2,1);
	\draw[line width=1cm] (2,0) to (2,1);
	\draw[line width=1in] (2,0) to (2,1);

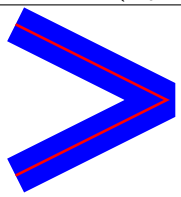
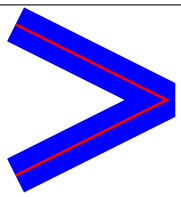
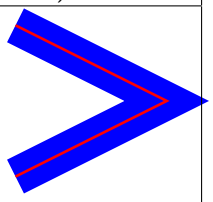
x	\draw[line width=1ex] (0,0.5) to (4,.5);
X	\Huge \draw[line width=1ex] (0,0.5) to (4,.5);
m	\draw[line width=1em] (2,0) to (2,1);
m	\Huge \draw[line width=1em] (2,0) to (2,1);

4.3 Terminators

[line cap=rect]	[line cap=butt]	[line cap=round]

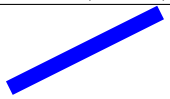
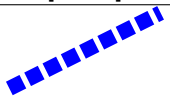
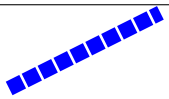
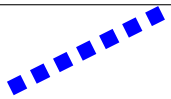
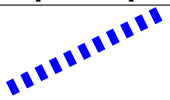
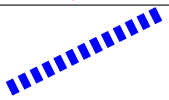
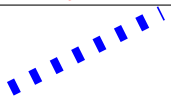
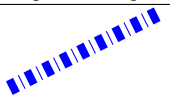
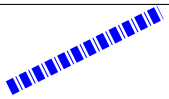
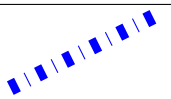
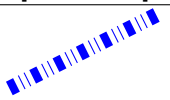
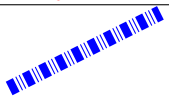
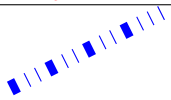
4.4 Lines junction

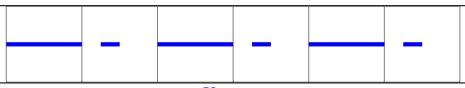
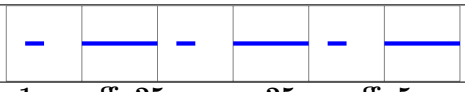
\draw[line join=round] (0,0) - - (2,1) - - (0,2);		
		
[line join=round]	[line join=bevel]	[line join=miter]

\draw[miter limit=1] (0,0) - - (2,1) - - (0,2); (By default : miter limit=10)		
		
miter limit=1	miter limit=2	miter limit=3

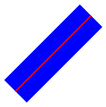
4.5 Line styles

PGFmanual section : 15-3-2

\tikz \draw[solid,line width=2mm] (0,0) - - (2,1);		
		
[solid]		
		
[dotted]	[densely dotted]	[loosely dotted]
		
[dashed]	[densely dashed]	[loosely dashed]
		
[dash dot]	[densely dash dot]	[loosely dash dot]
		
[dash dot dot]	[densely dash dot dot]	[loosely dash dot dot]


[dash pattern= on 1cm off 0.25cm on 0.25cm off 0.5cm]

[dash pattern=on 1cm off .25cm on .25cm off .5cm,dash phase=1cm]

PGFmanual section : 15-3-4

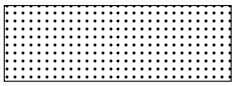
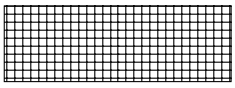
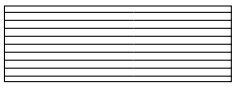
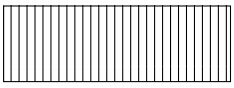
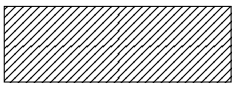
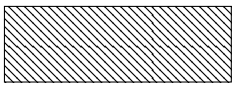
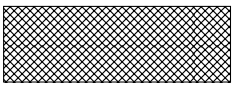
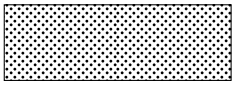
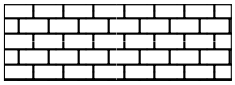
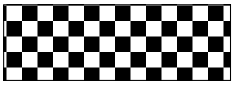
\tikz \draw[line width=.2cm,double] (0,0) - - (1,1);			
			
double	draw=blue,double=red	double distance=.3cm	double distance between line centers =.3cm

\Huge = \tikz \draw[double equal sign distance] (0,0) - - (4,0);	
\Huge	\large

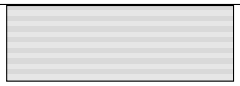
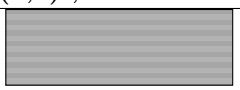
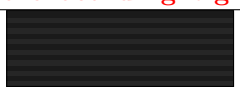
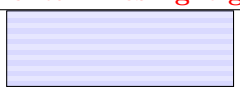
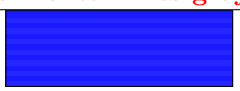
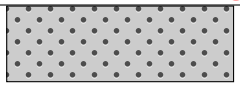
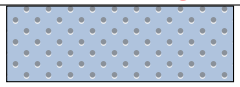
4.6 Fillings

PGFmanual section : 15-5-1 PGFmanual section : 60

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{patterns}

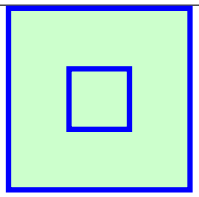
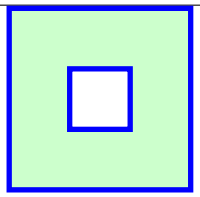
\draw[pattern= dots] (0,0) - - (3,1);		
		
dots	fivepointed stars	sixpointed stars
		
grid	horizontal lines	vertical lines
		
north east lines	north west lines	rosshatch
		
crosshatch dots	bricks	checkerboard

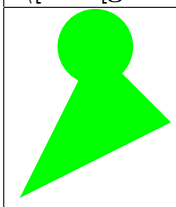
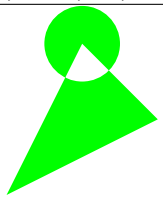
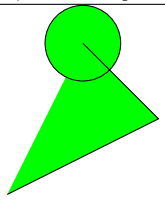
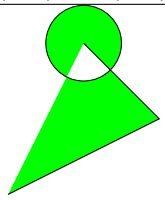
\draw[pattern=fivepointed stars,pattern color=red] (0,0) rectangle (3,1);

\draw[pattern=checkerboard light gray] (0,0) - - ((3,2) ;		
		
checkerboard light gray	horizontal lines light gray	horizontal lines gray
		
horizontal lines dark gray	horizontal lines light blue	horizontal lines dark blue
		
crosshatch dots gray	crosshatch dots light steel blue	

4.7 Filling rule

PGFmanual section : 15-5-2

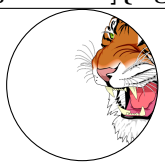
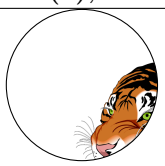
nonzero rule (By default)	
	
\filldraw [fill=green!20] (0,0) - - (0,3) - - (3,3) - - (3,0) - - cycle (1,1) - - (1,2) - - (2,2) - -(2,1) - - cycle ;	\filldraw [fill=green!20] (0,0) - - (0,3) - - (3,3) - - (3,0) - - cycle (1,1) - - (2,1) - - (2,2) - -(1,2) - - cycle;

even odd rule			
\[fill=[green] (0,0) - - (2,1) - - (1,2) circle (.5cm);		\filldraw[fill=green] (0,0) – (2,1) - - (1,2) circle (.5cm);	
			
[fill=green]	[even odd rule,fill=green]	[fill=green]	[even odd rule,fill=green]

4.8 Filling with an image

PGFmanual section : 15-6

\draw [path picture={ \node at (path picture bounding box.center) {\includegraphics[height=3cm]{tiger}};}] (0,1) circle (1);		
(0,1) circle (1)	(0,0) - - (-1,1) - - (0,2) - - (1,1) - - cycle	(1,0) parabola[parabola height=2cm] (3,0)

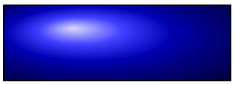
\draw [path picture={ \node at (path picture bounding box.north) {\includegraphics[height=3cm]{tiger}};}] (0,1) circle (1);				
				
north	south	east	west	south east

4.9 Shading

4.9.1 Shadings available

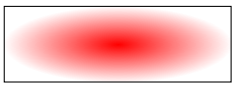
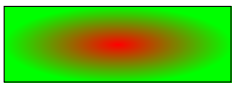
PGFmanual section : 15-7

\shade (0,0) rectangle (3,1);	\shadedraw (0,0) rectangle (3,1);

\shadedraw[shading=axis](0,0) rectangle (3,1);		
		
axis	radial	ball

[left color=red]	[right color=green]	left color=red,right color=green
[top color=red]	[bottom color=green]	middle color=red

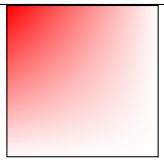
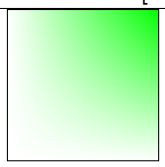
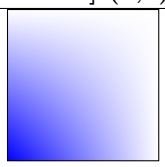
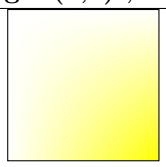
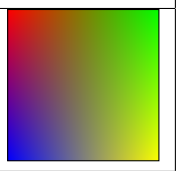
shading angle=90	right color=green [shading angle=45]	left color=red shading angle=-45

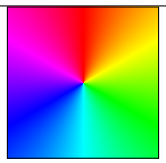
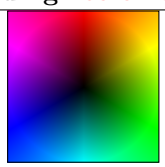
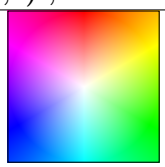
		
inner color=red	outer color=green	inner color=red outer color=green

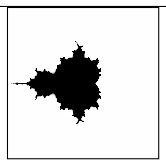
4.9.2 Shading library

PGFmanual section : 65

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shadings}

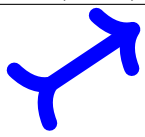
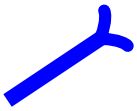
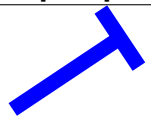
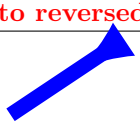
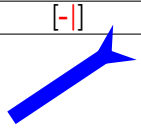
\shadedraw[upper left=red] (0,0) rectangle (2,2) ;				
				
upper left=red	upper right=green	lower left=blue	lower right=yellow	

\shadedraw[shading=color wheel] (0,0) rectangle (2,2) ;		
		
shading=color wheel	shading=color wheel black center	shading=color wheel white center


shading=Mandelbrot set

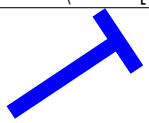
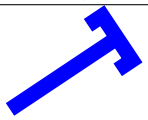
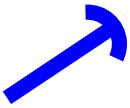
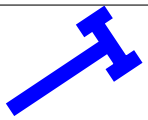
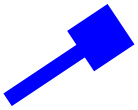
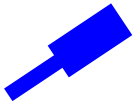
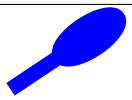
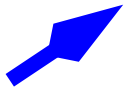
4.10 Extremities

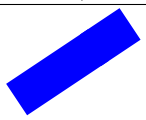
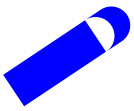
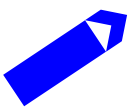
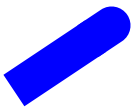
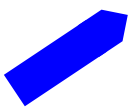
4.10.1 TikZ package

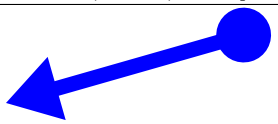
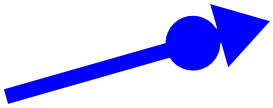
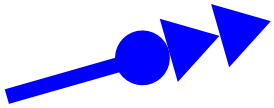
\tikz \draw[->,line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1);			
			
[->]	[<-]	[<->]	[>->]
			
[-to]	[-to reversed]	[-o]	[-|]
			
[-latex]	[-latex reversed]	[-stealth]	[-stealth reversed]

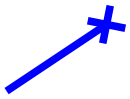
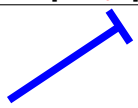
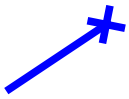
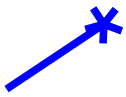
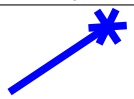
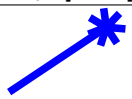
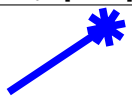
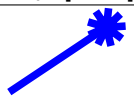
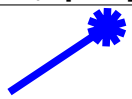
4.10.2 "library arrow.meta"

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{arrows.meta}

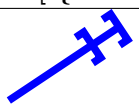
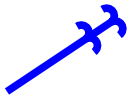
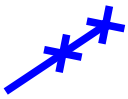
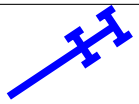
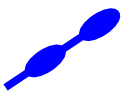
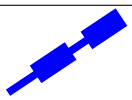
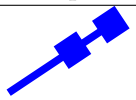
\tikz \draw[-Arc Barb,line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1) ;				
				
-Arc Barb	-Bar	-Bracket	-Hooks	-Stealth
				
-Parenthesis	-Straight Barb	-Tee Barb	-Classical TikZ Rightarrow	-Square
				
-Circle	-Implies, double	-Rectangle	-Computer Modern Rightarrow	-Turned Square
			[-To]	
				
-Diamond	-Ellipse	-Kite	[-Latex]	-Triangle

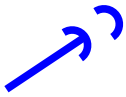
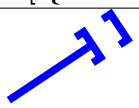
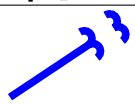
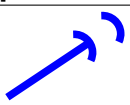
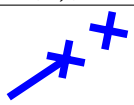
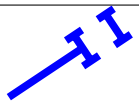
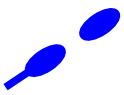
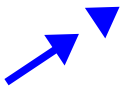
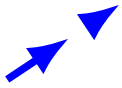
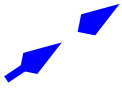
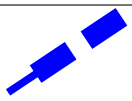
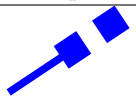
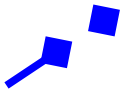
\tikz \draw[-Butt Cap,line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1) ;				
				
-Butt Cap	-Fast Round	-Fast Triangle	-Round Cap	-Triangle Cap

\tikz \draw[Triangle-Circle,line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3.5,1) ;		
		
Triangle-Circle	{Circle[] Triangle[]}	{Circle[] . Triangle[] Triangle[] }

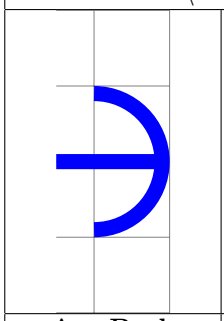
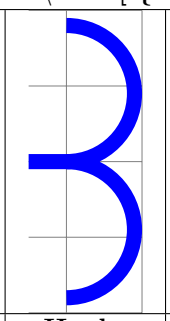
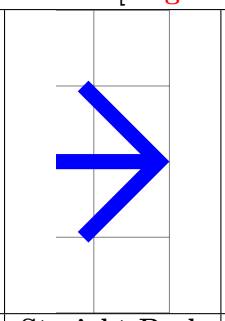
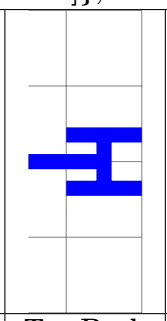
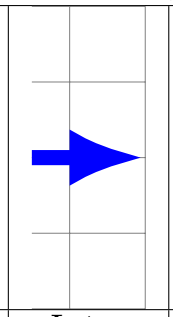
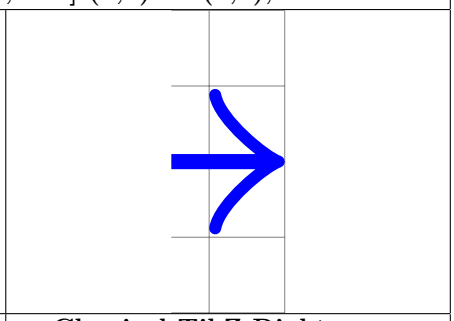
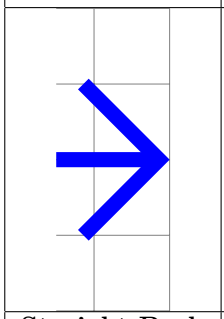
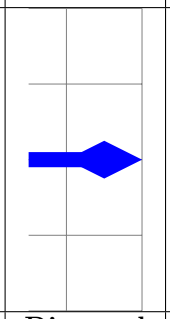
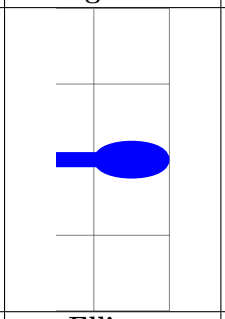
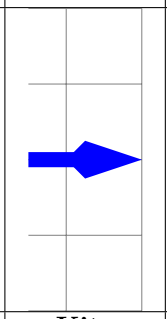
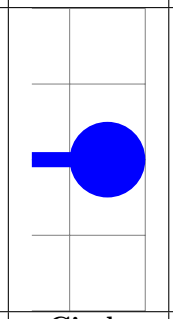
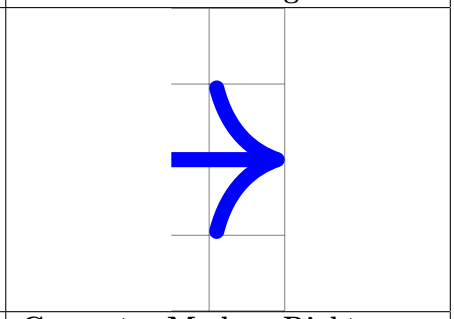
\tikz \draw[-Rays],line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1);				
				
Rays	{Rays[n=2]}	{Rays[n=3]}	{Rays[n=4]}	{Rays[n=5]}
				
{Rays[n=6]}	{Rays[n=7]}	{Rays[n=8]}	{Rays[n=9]}	{Rays[n=10]}

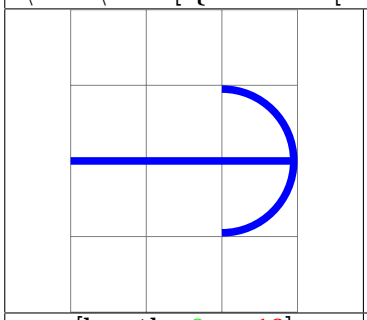
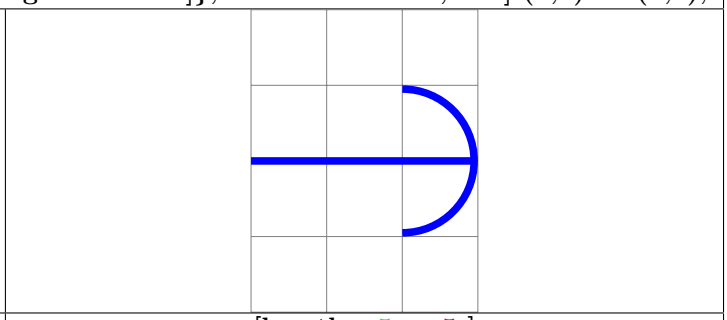
Parameter sep PGFmanual section : 16-4-2

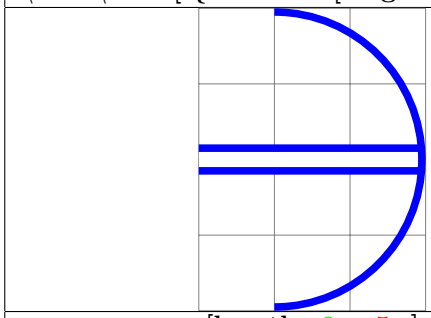
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[sep=.25cm] Arc Barb[ ]},line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1);					
					
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Rays
					
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Circle	Ellipse	Computer Modern Rightarrow	Triangle
					
Latex	Kite	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	Turned Square

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[sep=.25cm] • Arc Barb[ ]},line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1);					
					
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Rays
					
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Circle	Ellipse	Computer Modern Rightarrow	Triangle
					
Latex	Kite	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	Turned Square

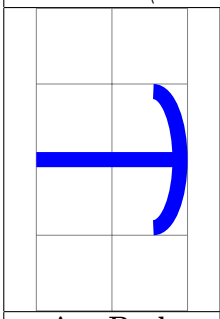
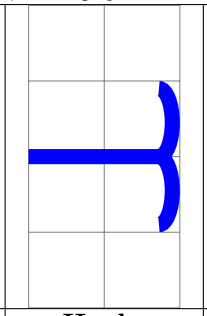
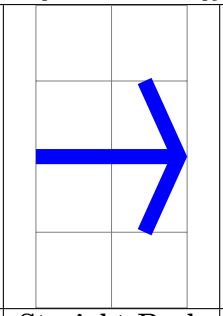
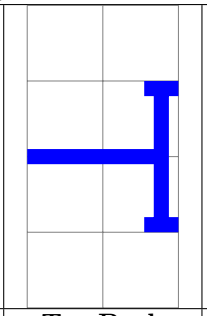
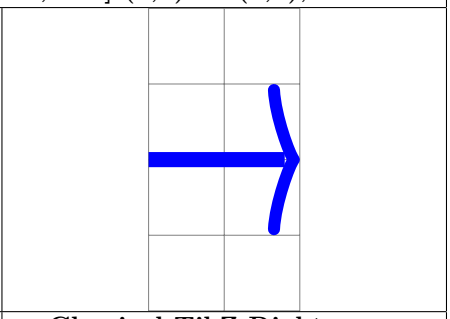
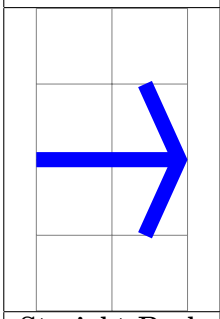
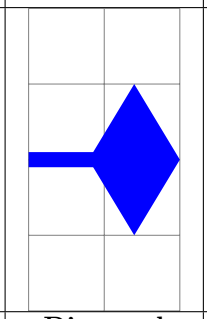
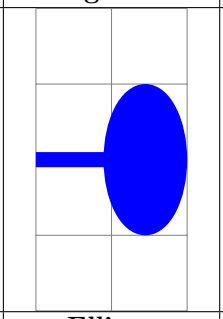
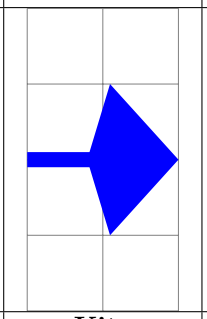
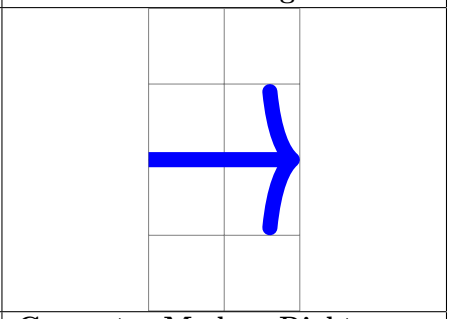
Parameter length PGFmanual section : 16-3-1

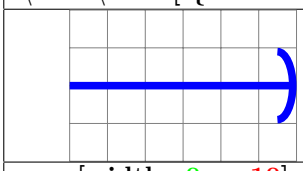
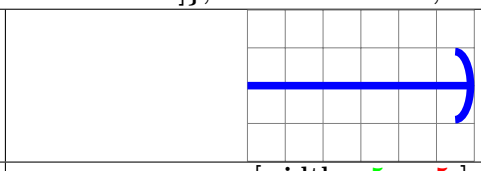
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[length=1cm]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);					
					
Arc Barb	Hooks	Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Latex	Classical TikZ Rightarrow
					
Straight Barb	Diamond	Ellipse	Kite	Circle	Computer Modern Rightarrow

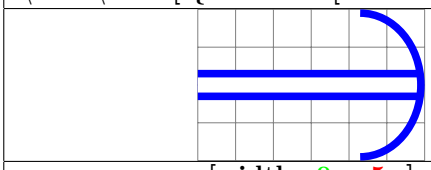
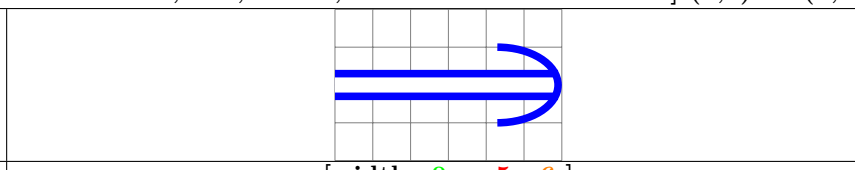
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[length=0cm 10]},line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);	
	
[length=0cm 10]	[length=.5cm 5]
0cm + 10 x .1cm = 1cm	.5cm + 5 x .1cm = 1cm

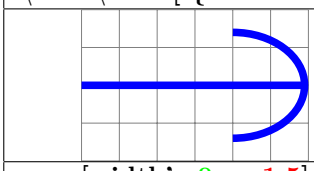
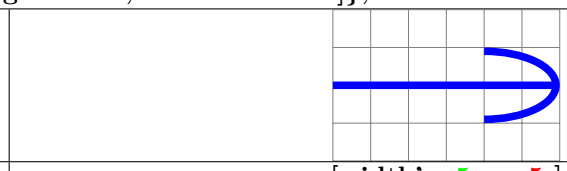
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[length=0cm 5]},line width=.1cm,blue,double,double distance = 2 mm] (0,0) - - (3,1	
	
[length=0cm5]	[length=0cm 5 .6]
0cm + 5 x (.1cm + 2 mm + .1cm) = 2cm	0cm + 5 x (.6 x .1cm+ (1-.6)(.1cm+ 2 mm+.1cm) = 11 mm

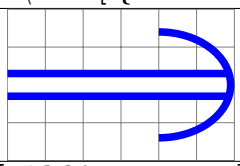
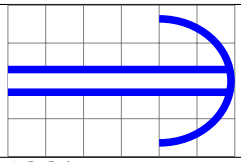
Parameter width PGFmanual section : 16-3-1

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[width=2cm]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);				
				
Arc Barb	Hooks	Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Classical TikZ Rightarrow
				
Straight Barb	Diamond	Ellipse	Kite	Computer Modern Rightarrow

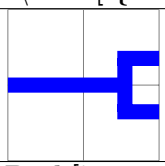
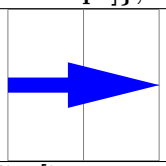
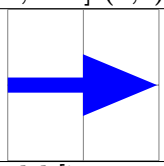
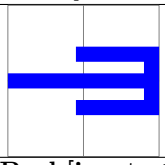
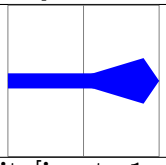
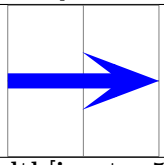
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[width=0cm 10]},line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);	
	
[width=0cm 10]	[width=.5cm 5]
0cm + 10 x .1cm = 1cm	.5cm + 5 x .1cm = 1cm

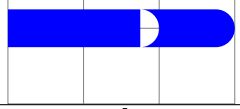
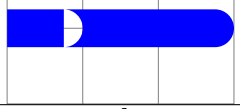
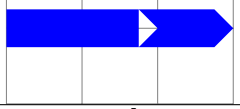
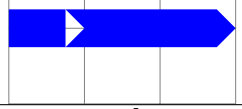
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[width=0cm 5]},line width=.1cm,blue,double,double distance = 2 mm] (0,0) - - (3,1	
	
[width=0cm5]	[width=0cm 5 .6]
0cm + 5 x (.1cm + 2 mm + .1cm) = 2cm	0cm + 5 x (.6 x .1cm+ (1-.6)(.1cm+ 2 mm+=.1cm) = 11 mm

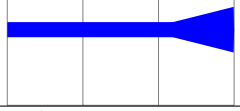
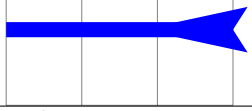
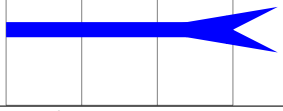
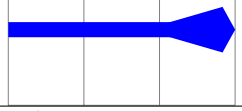
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[length=1cm,width=0cm 1.5]},line width'=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);	
	
[width'=0cm 1.5]	[width'=.5cm .5]
0cm + 1.5 x 1cm = 1.5cm	.5cm + .5 x 1cm = 1cm

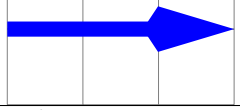
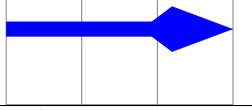
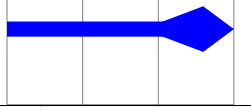
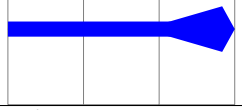
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[length=1cm,width'=0cm 1.5]},line width=.1cm,blue,double,double distance = 2 mm
 
[width'=0cm 1.5] [width'=0cm 1.5 .6]
0cm + 1.5 x 1cm = 1.5cm 0cm + 1.5 x (.6 x 1cm+ (1-.6)(1cm+ 2 mm+1cm) = 11 mm

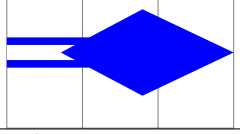
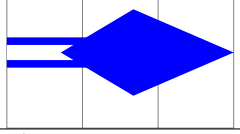
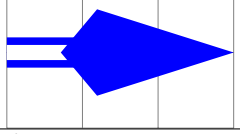
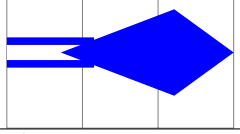
Parameter inset PGFmanual section : 16-3-1

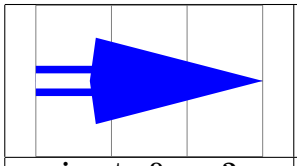
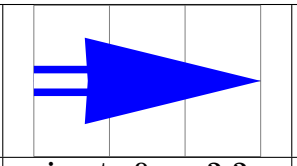
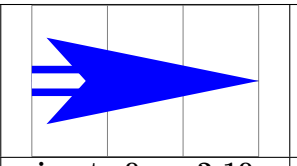
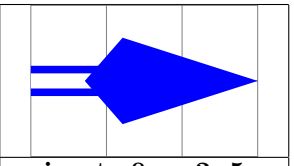
\tikz \draw[-{Tee Barb[inset=0pt]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);		
		
Tee Barb[inset=0pt]	Kite[inset=0pt]	Stealth[inset=0pt]
		
Tee Barb[inset=1cm]	Kite[inset=1cm]	Stealth[inset=.5cm]

\tikz \draw[-{Fast Round[inset=1cm]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);			
			
Fast Round[inset=1cm]	Fast Round[inset=2cm]	Fast Triangle[inset=1cm]	Fast Triangle[inset=2cm]

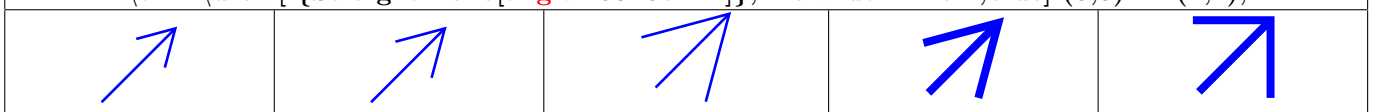
			
inset=1cm 1	inset=1cm 2	inset=1cm 4	inset=1cm .2

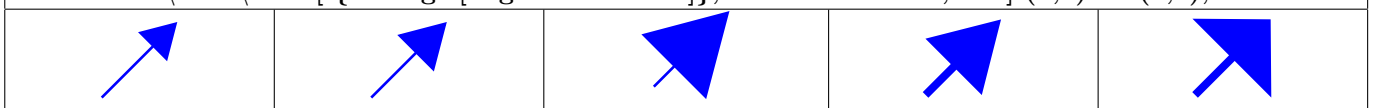
			
inset=0cm 1	inset=0cm 2	inset=0cm 4	inset=0cm .2

			
inset=0cm .2	inset=0cm .2 2	inset=0cm .2 10	inset=0cm 2 .5

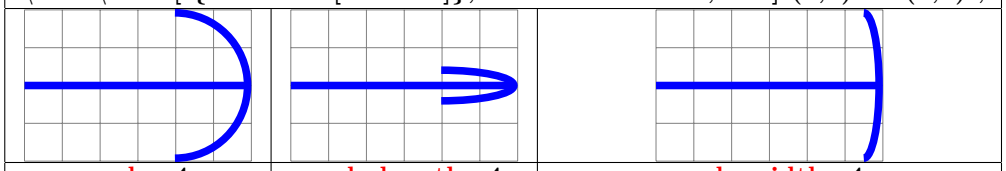
			
inset=0cm .2	inset=0cm .2 2	inset=0cm .2 10	inset=0cm 2 .5

Parameter angle PGFmanual section : 16-3-1

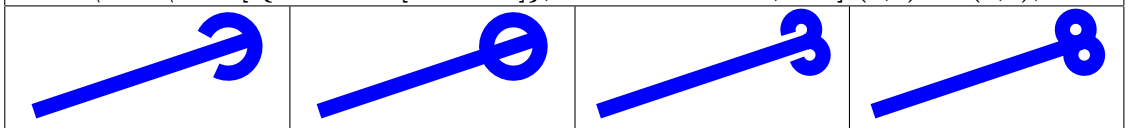
\tikz \draw[-{Straight Barb[angle=60:.5cm 1]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);				
				
[angle=60:.5cm 1]	[angle=60:.5cm 1]	[angle=60:.5cm 20]	[angle=60:.5cm 5]	[angle=90:.5cm 5]

\tikz \draw[-{Triangle[angle=60:.5cm 1]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);				
				
[angle=60:.5cm 1]	[angle=60:.5cm 1]	[angle=60:.5cm 20]	[angle=60:.5cm 5]	[angle=90:.5cm 5]

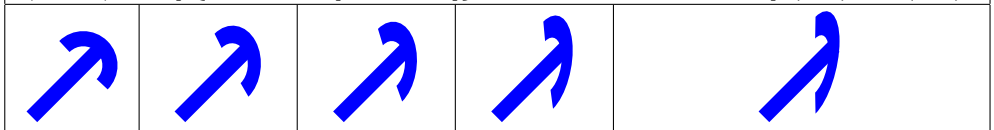
Parameter scale PGFmanual section : 16-3-2

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[scale=4]},li ne width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,0) ;		
		
scale=4	scale length=4	scale width=4

Parameter arc PGFmanual section : 16-3-3

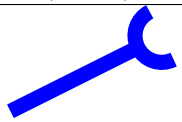
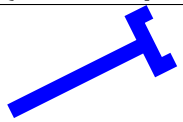
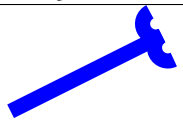
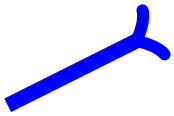
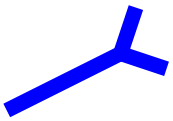
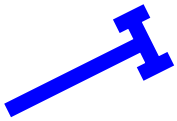
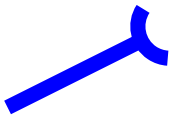
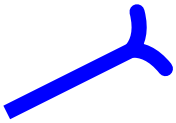
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[arc=270]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);			
			
Arc Barb[arc=270]	Arc Barb[arc=360]	Hooks[arc=270]	Hooks[arc=360]

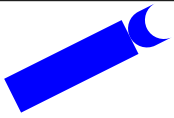
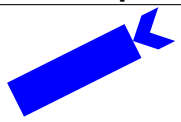
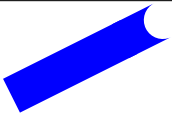
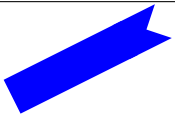
Parameter slant PGFmanual section : 16-3-4

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[slant=.3]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);				
				
slant=0	slant=0.3	slant=0.5	slant=0.8	slant=1

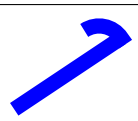
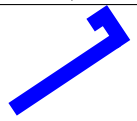
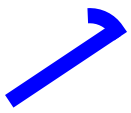
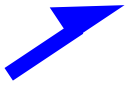
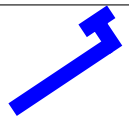
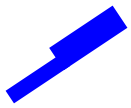
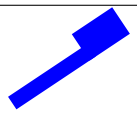
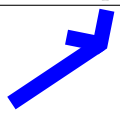
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[slant=.5]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);				
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Circle	Diamond	Ellipse
Kite	Latex	Rectangle	Square	Stealth
Turned Square	Fast Round	Fast Triangle	Round Cap	Triangle Cap

Parameter reversed PGFmanual section : 16-3-5

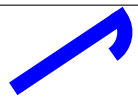
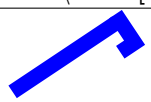
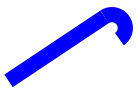
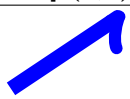
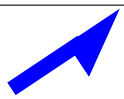
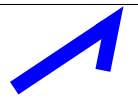
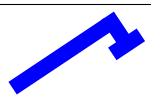
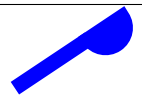
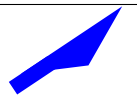
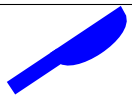
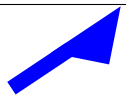
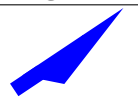
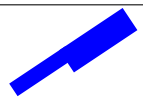
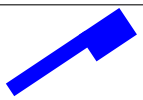
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[reversed},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (2,1) ;			
			
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Classical TikZ Rightarrow
			
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Parenthesis	Computer Modern Rightarrow

\tikz \draw[-{Fast Round[reversed]},line width=.5cm,blue] (0,0) - - (2,1);			
			
Fast Round	Fast Triangle	Round Cap	Triangle Cap

Parameter left PGFmanual section : 16-3-5

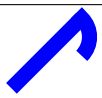
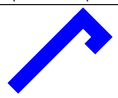
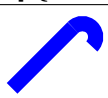
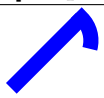
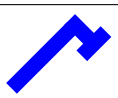
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[left]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1);					
					
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Triangle
					
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Circle	Diamond	Ellipse	Turned Square
					
Kite	Latex	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	Rays

Parameter right PGFmanual section : 16-3-5

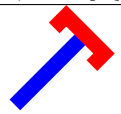
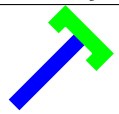
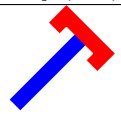
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[right]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1);					
					
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Triangle
					
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Circle	Diamond	Ellipse	Turned Square
					
Kite	Latex	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	Rays

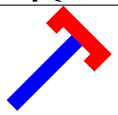
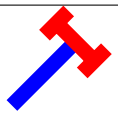
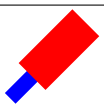
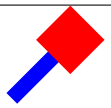
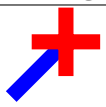
Parameter harpoon PGFmanual section : 16-3-5

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[harpoon]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);						
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Straight Barb	Tee Barb

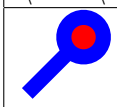
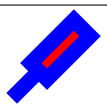
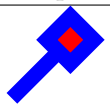
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[harpoon,swap]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);						
						
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Straight Barb	Tee Barb

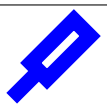
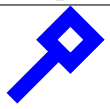
Parameter color PGFmanual section : 16-3-6

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[color=red},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);		
		
Bracket[color=red]	Bracket[color=green]	Bracket[red]

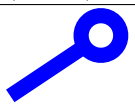
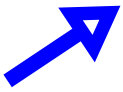
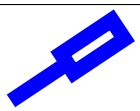
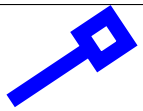
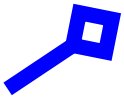
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[red},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);				
				
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow
				
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Circle	Diamond	Ellipse
				
Kite	Latex	Rectangle	Square	Stealth
				
Triangle	Turned Square	Rays		

Parameter fill PGFmanual section : 16-3-6

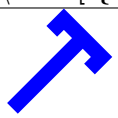
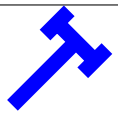
\tikz \draw[-{Circle[fill=red]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);				
				
Circle	Diamond	Ellipse	Kite	Triangle
				
Latex	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	Turned Square

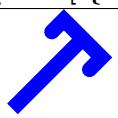
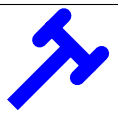
\tikz \draw[-{Circle[fill=none]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);				
Circle	Diamond	Ellipse	Kite	Triangle
				
Latex	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	Turned Square

Parameter open PGFmanual section : 16-3-6

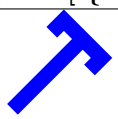
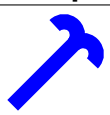
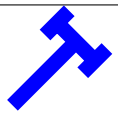
\tikz \draw[-{Circle[open]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1) ;				
				
Circle	Diamond	Ellipse	Kite	Triangle
				
Latex	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	Turned Square

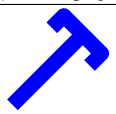
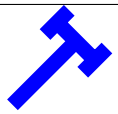
Parameter line cap : round or butt PGFmanual section : 16-3-7

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line cap=butt]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);							
							
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Ellipse	Rectangle	Square	Stealth
							
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Diamond	Kite	Latex	Triangle	Turned Square	Rays

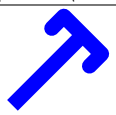
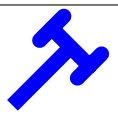
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line cap=round]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);							
							
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Ellipse	Rectangle	Square	Stealth
							
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Diamond	Kite	Latex	Triangle	Turned Square	Rays

Parameter line join : round or miter PGFmanual section : 16-3-7

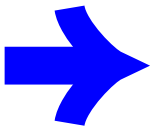
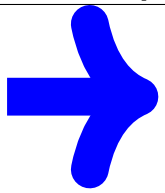
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line join=miter]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);							
							
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Ellipse	Rectangle	Square	Stealth
							
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Diamond	Kite	Latex	Triangle	Turned Square	Rays

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line cap=round]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);							
							
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Ellipse	Rectangle	Square	Stealth
							
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Diamond	Kite	Latex	Triangle	Turned Square	Rays

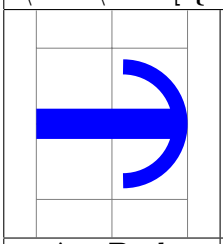
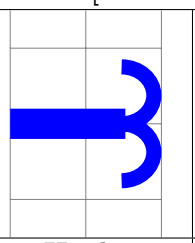
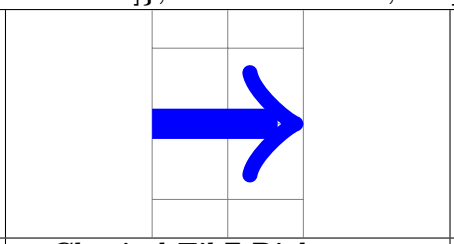
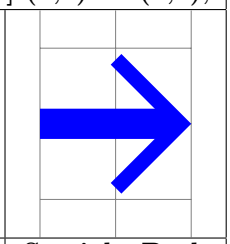
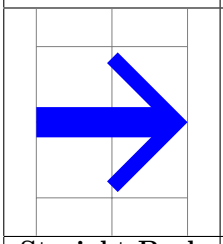
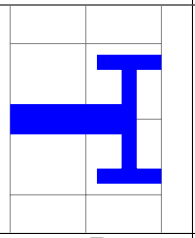
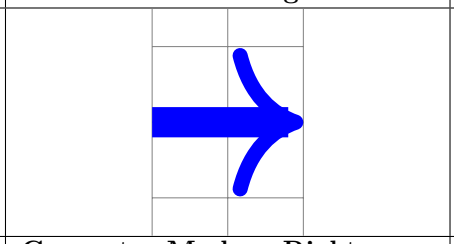
Parameter round PGFmanual section : 16-3-7

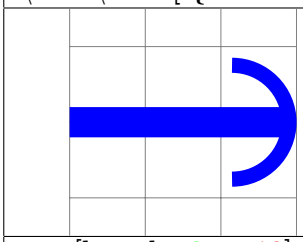
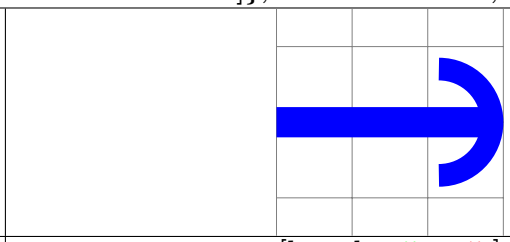
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[round]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);							
							
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Ellipse	Rectangle	Square	Stealth
							
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Diamond	Kite	Latex	Triangle	Turned Square	Rays

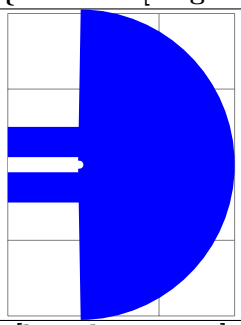
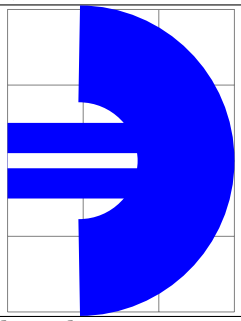
Parameter sharp PGFmanual section : 16-3-7

\tikz \draw[-{Classical TikZ Rightarrow[sharp]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (2,0)) ;			
-{Classical TikZ Rightarrow[sharp]}		-{Computer Modern Rightarrow[sharp]}	
			
sharp	[ ]	sharp	[ ]

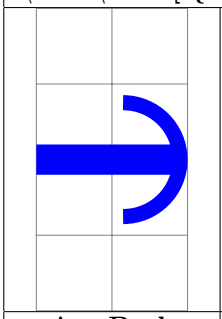
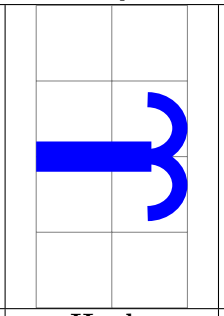
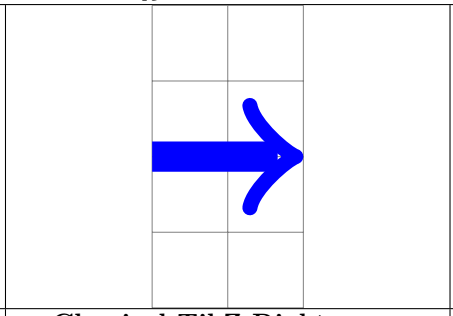
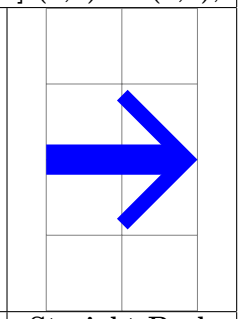
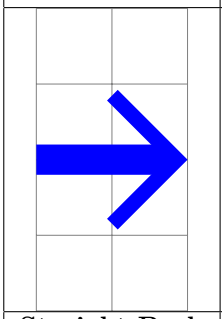
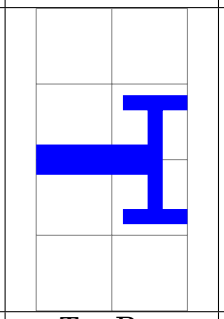
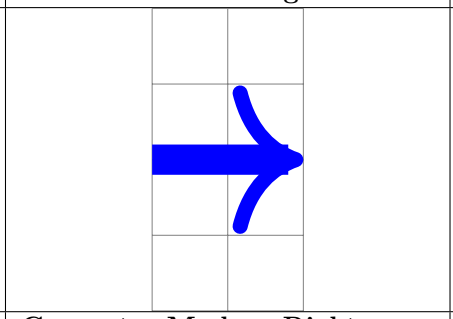
Parameter line width PGFmanual section : 16-3-7

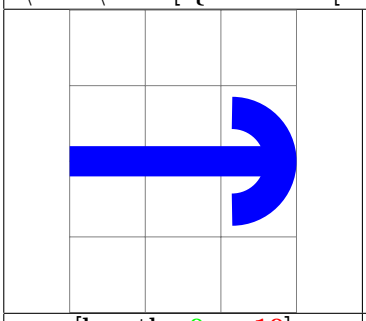
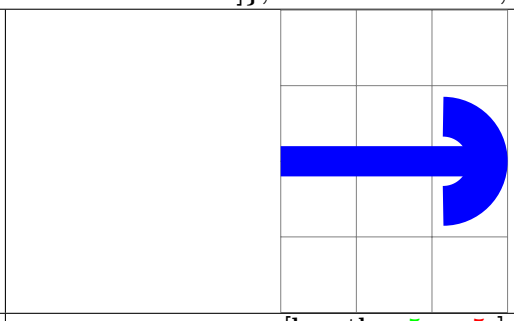
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line width=.2cm]},line width=.4cm,blue] (0,0) - - (2,0);			
			
Arc Barb	Hooks	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Straight Barb
			
Straight Barb	Tee Bar	Computer Modern Rightarrow	

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line width=0cm 10]},line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);	
	
[length=0cm 10]	[length=.5cm 5]
0cm + 10 x .1cm = 1cm	.5cm + 5 x .1cm = 1cm

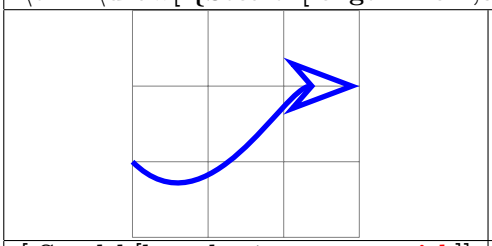
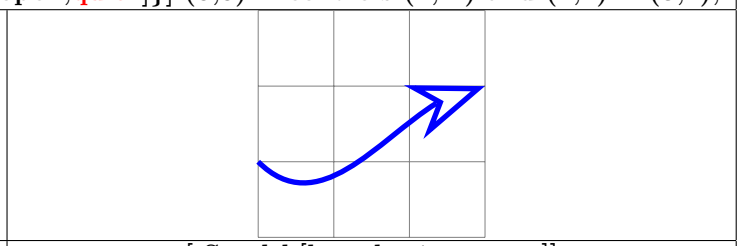
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[length=0cm 5]},line width=.1cm,blue,double,double distance = 2 mm] (0,0) - - (3,1	
	
[length=0cm5]	[length=0cm 5 .6]
0cm + 5 x (.1cm + 2 mm + .1cm) = 2cm	0cm + 5 x (.6 x .1cm+ (1-.6)(.1cm+ 2 mm+.1cm) = 11 mm

Parameter line width' PGFmanual section : 16-3-7

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line width'=.2cm]},line width=.4cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);			
			
Arc Barb	Hooks	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Straight Barb
			
Straight Barb	Tee Bar	Computer Modern Rightarrow	

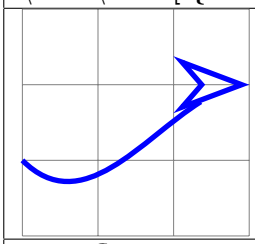
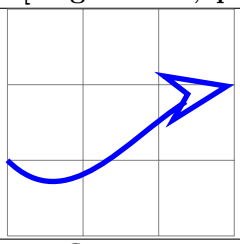
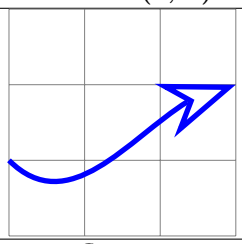
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line width=0cm 10]},line width'=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);	
	
[length=0cm 10]	[length=.5cm 5]
0cm + 10 x .1cm = 1cm	.5cm + 5 x .1cm = 1cm

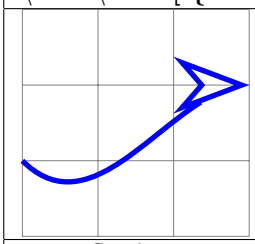
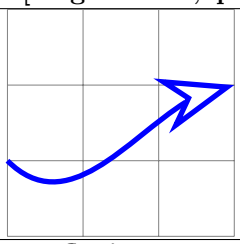
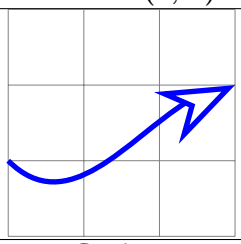
Parameter quick PGFmanual section : 16-3-8

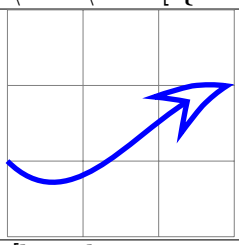
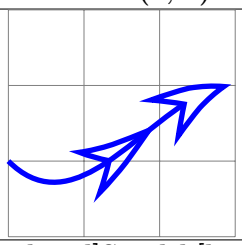
\tikz \draw[-{Stealth[length=1cm,open,quick]}] (0,0) .. controls (1,-1) and (2,1) .. (3,1);	
	
[-Stealth[length=1cm,open,quick]]	[-Stealth[length=1cm,open]]

Parameter bending PGFmanual section : 16-3-8

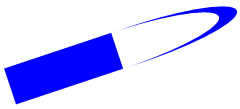
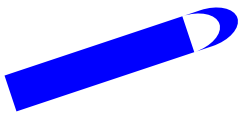
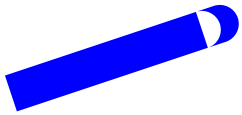
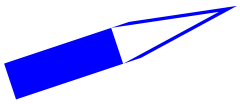
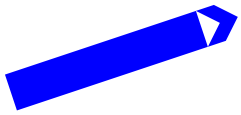
Load package : \usetikzlibrary{bending}

\tikz \draw[-{Stealth[length=1cm,open,flex=0]}] (0,0) .. controls (1,-1) and (2,1) .. (3,1);		
		
flex=0	flex=0.5	flex=1

\tikz \draw[-{Stealth[length=1cm,open,flex'=0]}] (0,0) .. controls (1,-1) and (2,1) .. (3,1);		
		
flex'=0	flex'=0.5	flex'=1

\tikz \draw[-{Stealth[length=1cm,open,bend]}] (0,0) .. controls (1,-1) and (2,1) .. (3,1);	
	
[-{Stealth[length=1cm,open,bend]}]	[-Stealth[length=1cm,open,bend]Stealth[length=1cm,open,bend,sep]]

Parameter cap angle PGFmanual section : 16-5-4

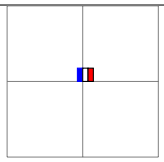
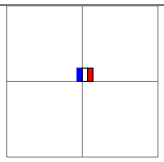
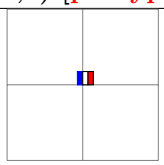
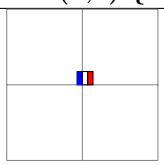
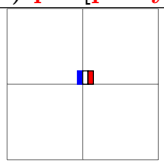
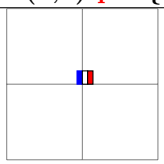
\tikz \draw[-{Fast Round[cap angle=60]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);		
		
Fast Round[cap angle=20]	Fast Round[cap angle=60]	Fast Round[cap angle=90]
		
Fast Triangle[cap angle=20]	Fast Triangle[cap angle=60]	Fast Triangle[cap angle=90]

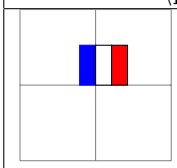
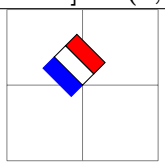
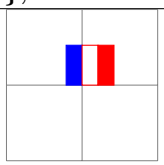
5 Small pictures

5.1 Own small pictures

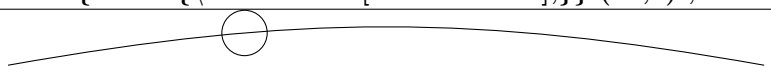
PGFmanual section : 14-19 PGFmanual section : 18

Création	Utilisation
\tikzset{dfr/.pic={\filldraw[blue] (-2pt,0) rectangle (0,5pt) ; \filldraw[fill=white] (0,0) rectangle (2pt,5pt); \filldraw[fill=red] (2pt,0) rectangle (4pt,5pt); }}	\tikz \pic {dfr};

Positioning	
	
\pic at (1,1) [pic type = dfr];	\pic at (1,1) {dfr};
	
\path (1,1) pic [pic type= dfr];	\path (1,1) pic {dfr};
	
\pic [at={(1,1)}] [pic type= dfr];	\pic [at={(1,1)}] {dfr};

\pic[scale=3] at (1,1) {dfr};		
		
[scale=3]	[scale=3,rotate=45]	[scale=3,red]

\tikz [scale=4] \pic at (0,0) {dfr}; \pic at (.5,0) [transform shape] {dfr};	

On a path
\tikz \draw (0,0) to [out=10,in=170] pic [near start] {dfr} pic {dfr} pic [sloped, near end] {dfr} (10,0);
\draw (0,0) to [out=10,in=170] pic [pos=.3] {code={\draw circle [radius=3mm];}} (10,0) ;


Définition : \tikzset{ my pic/.pic = { \path [pic actions] (0,0) circle[radius=3mm]; \draw (-3mm,-3mm) rectangle (3mm,3mm); } }
Utilisation : \pic [red] {my pic}

[red]	[draw]	[draw=red]	[draw, shading=ball]	[fill=red!50]

\tikz \pic foreach \x in {1,1.5,...,10} at (\x,0) {dfr};

\fill [green] (0,0) - - (1,0)pic [behind path,scale=3] {dfr} – (1,1) – (0,1) – cycle ;	
[behind path,scale=3]	[scale=3]

\tikzset{ pics/mon cercle/.style = { background code = { \fill circle [radius=#1]; } } } \tikz [fill=green] \draw[line width=3pt] (0,0) pic {mon cercle=2mm} - - (1,1) pic {mon cercle=5mm};	
\tikzset{ pics/mon cercle/.style = { foreground code = { \fill circle [radius=#1]; } } } \tikz [fill=green] \draw[line width=3pt] (0,0) pic {mon cercle=2mm} - - (1,1) pic {mon cercle=5mm};	

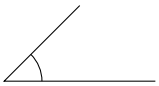
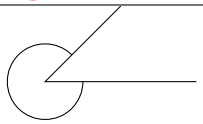
\fill [green](-1,0) - - (1,0) pic [pics/background code={\fill[blue] (0.5,0.5) circle (1cm);} , pics/code=\fill[red] (-1,-.5) rectangle (0.5,0.5);] {} - - (1,2) - - (-1,2) - - cycle ;	
\fill [green] (-1,0) - - (1,0) pic [pics/foreground code=\fill[blue] (0.5,0.5) circle (1cm); ,pics/code={\fill[red] (-1,-.5) rectangle (0.5,0.5);}] {} - - (1,2) - - (-1,2) - - cycle ;	
\fill [green](-1,0) - - (1,0) pic [pics/background code={\fill[blue] (0.5 , 0.5) circle (1cm);} ,pics/code={\fill[red] (-1 , -0.5) rectangle (0.5 , 0.5);},behind path] {} - - (1,2) - - (-1,2) - - cycle ;	
\fill [green] (-1,0) - - (1,0) pic [pics/foreground code={\fill[blue] (0.5 , 0.5) circle (1cm);} , pics/code={\fill[red] (-1,-.5) rectangle (0.5 , 0.5);},behind path] {} - - (1,2) - - (-1,2) - - cycle ;	

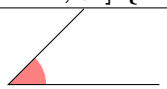
5.2 Drawing angles

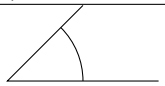
PGFmanual section : 39

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{angles}

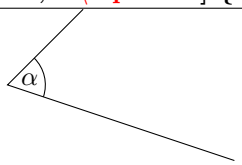
\tikz \draw (2,0) coordinate (A) - - (0,0) coordinate (B) - - (1,1) coordinate (C) pic [draw] {angle};	
pic [draw] {angle}	pic [fill] {angle}

\tikz \draw (2,0) coordinate (X) - - (0,0) coordinate (Y) - - (1,1) coordinate (Z) pic [draw] {angle= X- -Y- -Z};	
	
pic [draw] {angle= X- -Y- -Z}	pic [fill] {angle = Z- -Y- -X}
By default : angle= A- -B- -C	

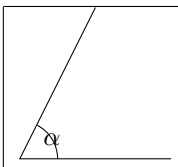
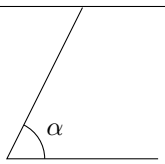
\tikz \draw (2,0) coordinate (A) - - (0,0) coordinate (B) - - (1,1) coordinate (C) pic [draw,->] {angle};	
	
pic [draw,->] {angle}	pic [fill,fill=red!50] {angle}

\tikz \draw (2,0) coordinate (A) - - (0,0) coordinate (B) - - (1,1) coordinate (C) pic [draw,angle radius=1cm] {angle};	
	
pic [draw,angle radius=1cm] {angle}	pic [fill,angle radius=1cm] {angle}
By default : angle radius=5mm	

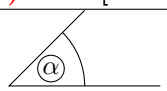
Load package : \usetikzlibrary{quotes}

\tikz \draw (3,0) coordinate (A) - - (0,1) coordinate (B) - - (1,2) coordinate (C) pic [draw,"α "] {angle};


\tikz \draw (2,0) coordinate (A) - - (0,0) coordinate (B) - - (1,2) coordinate (C) pic [draw, " α", angle eccentricity=1]] {angle};

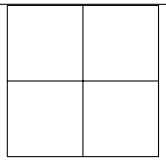
	
angle eccentricity=1	angle eccentricity=1.5
By default : angle eccentricity= 0.6	

```
\tikz { \draw (2,0) coordinate (A) - - (0,0) coordinate (B) - - (1,2) coordinate (C)
pic (xxx) [draw,"$\alpha$",angle radius= 1cm ] {angle};
\draw (xxx)circle [radius=5pt] ; }
```



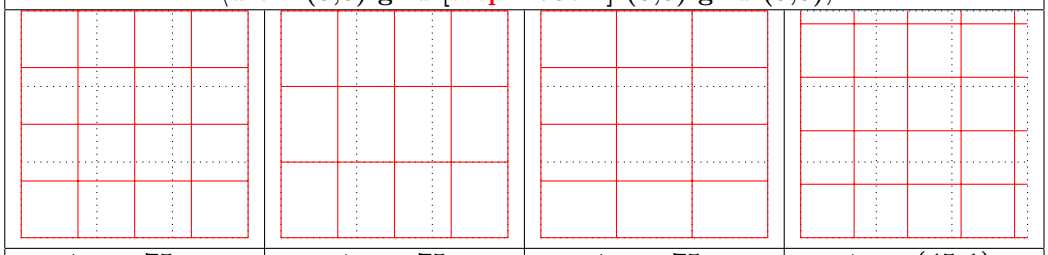
6 Coordinates

6.1 Grid



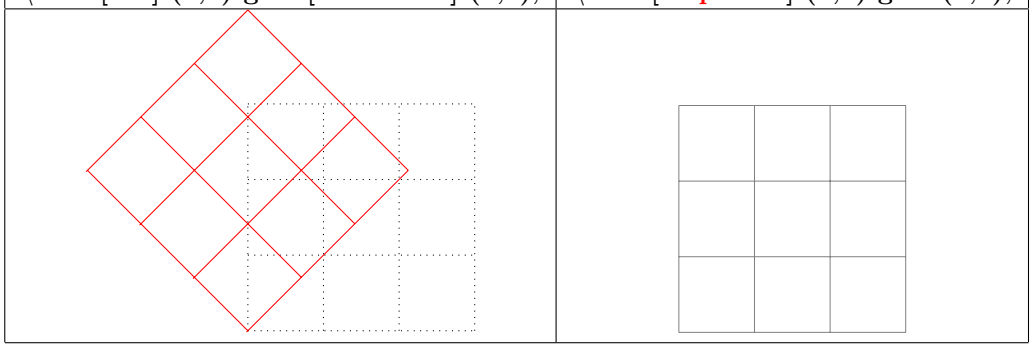
\draw (0,0) grid (2,2); PGFmanual section : 14-8

\draw (0,0) grid [step=.75cm] (0,0) grid (3,3);



step=.75cm	x step=.75cm	ystep=.75cm	step=(45:1)

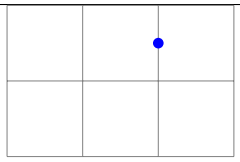
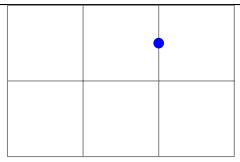
\draw[red] (0,0) grid [rotate=45] (3,3);	\draw[help lines] (0,0) grid (3,3);



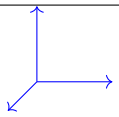
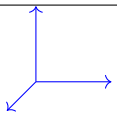
6.2 Coordinates

PGFmanual section : 13-2-1

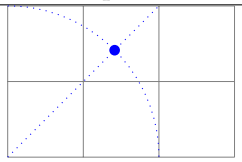
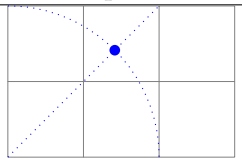
6.2.1 Canvas coordinates

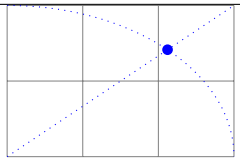
explicit	implicit
	
\fill (canvas cs:x=2cm,y=1.5cm) circle (2pt);	\fill (2cm,1.5cm) circle (2pt);

6.2.2 xyz coordinates

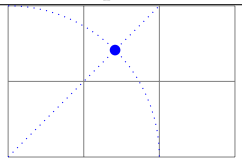
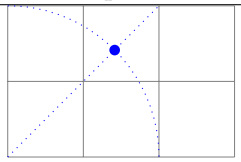
	
\draw (0,0) - - (xyz cs:x=1); \draw (0,0) - - (xyz cs:y=1); \draw (0,0) - - (xyz cs:z=1);	\draw (0,0) - - (1,0,0); \draw (0,0) - - (0,1,0); \draw (0,0) - - (0,0,1);

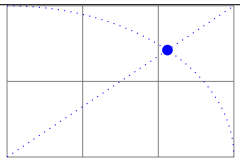
6.2.3 Polar coordinates

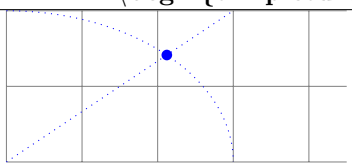
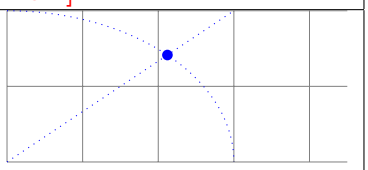
explicit	implicit
	
\fill (canvas polar cs:angle=45,radius=2cm) circle (2pt);	\fill (45:2cm) circle (2pt);

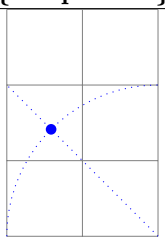
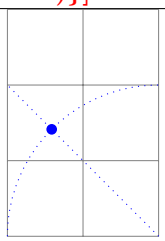

\fill (canvas polar cs:angle=45,x radius=3cm,y radius=2cm) circle (2pt);

6.2.4 Coordinate system xyz polar

explicit	implicit
	
\fill (xyz polar cs:angle=45,radius=2) circle (2pt);	\fill (45:2cm) circle (2pt);

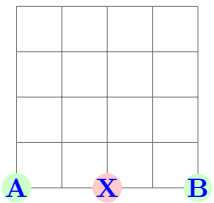
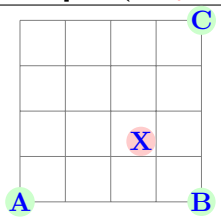
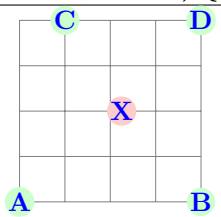
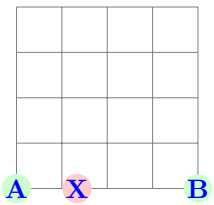
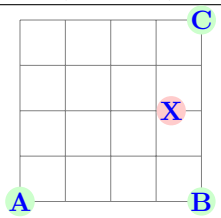
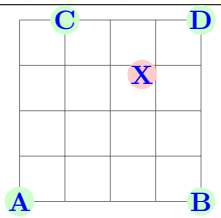

\fill (xyz polar cs:angle=45,x radius=3,y radius=2) circle (2pt);

\begin{tikzpicture}[x=1.5cm,y=1cm]	
	
\fill (xyz polar cs:angle=45,radius=2) circle (2pt);	\fill (45:2cm) circle (2pt);

\begin{tikzpicture}[x={(0cm,1cm)},y={(-1cm,0cm)}]	
	
\fill (xyz polar cs:angle=45,radius=2) circle (2pt);	\fill (45:2cm) circle (2pt);

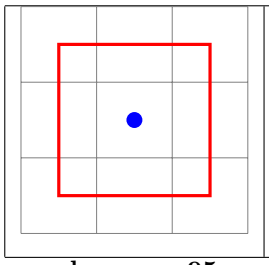
6.2.5 Barycentric coordinates

PGFmanual section : 13-2-2

\node [circle,fill=red!20] at (barycentric cs:A=0.6,B=0.3) {X};		
		
A=0.3,B=0.3	A=0.4,B=0.4 ,C=.4	A=0.5,B=0.5,C=.5,D=.5
		
A=0.6,B=0.3	A=0.2,B=0.4 ,C=.6	A=0.2,B=0.4,C=.6,D=.8

6.2.6 Named coordinates: nodes

PGFmanual section : 13-2-3



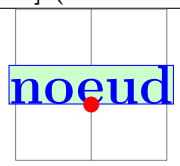
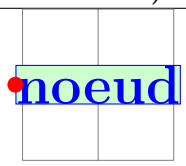
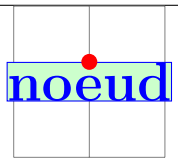
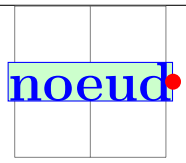
```
\coordinate (centre) at(1.5,1.5) ;
\coordinate (A) at (.5,.5) ;
\coordinate (B) at (2.5,2.5) ;

\fill (centre) circle (3pt);
\draw[red] (A) rectangle (B) ;
```

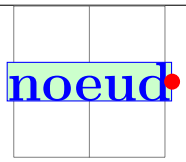
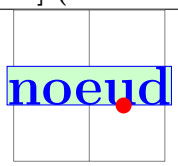
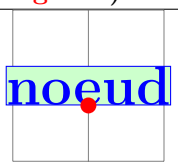
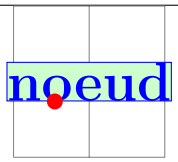
see also page 95

6.2.7 Coordinates relative to a node

```
\node [draw,fill=green!20,] (A) at (1,1) {\huge noeud};
\fill[red] (node cs:name=A,anchor=south) circle (3pt);
```

			
name=A,anchor=south	name=A,anchor=west	name=A,anchor=north	name=A,anchor=east

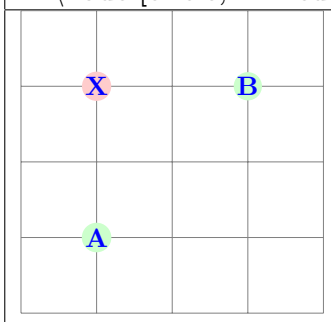
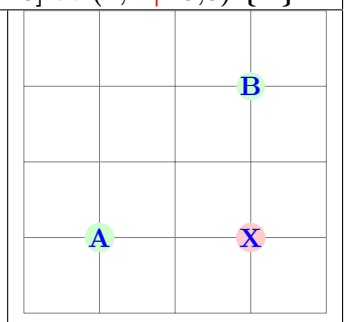
```
\fill[red] (node cs:name=A,angle=0) circle (3pt);
```

			
name=A,angle=0	name=A,angle=-30	nname=A,angle=-90	name=A,angle=-150

6.2.8 Coordinates relative to two points

PGFmanual section : 13-3-1

```
\node [circle,fill=red!20] at (1,1 |- 3,3) {X}
```

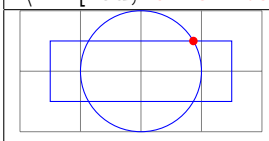
	
at (1,1 |- 3,3)	at (1,1 -| 3,3)

6.2.9 Coordinates relative to an intersection

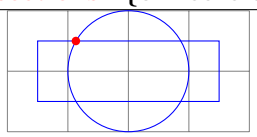
PGFmanual section : 13-3-2

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{intersections}

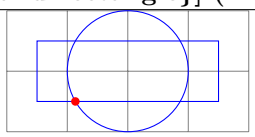
```
\draw [name path=cercle] (2,1) circle (1cm);
\draw [name path=rectangle] (0.5,0.5) rectangle +(3,1);
\fill [red,name intersections={of=cercle and rectangle}] (intersection-1) circle (2pt)
```



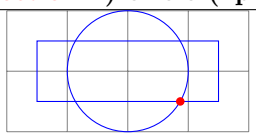
intersection-1



intersection-2

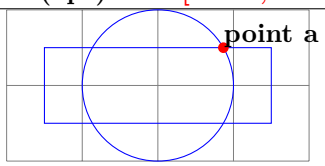


intersection-3

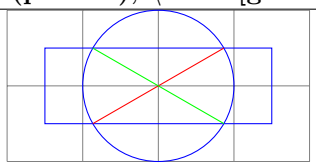


intersection-4

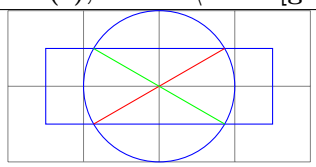
```
\fill [red, name intersections={of=cercle and rectangle}]
(intersection-1) circle (2pt) node[black,above right] {point a} ;
```



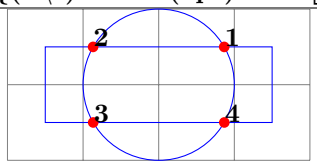

```
\fill [red, name intersections={of=cercle and rectangle, name=point}];
\draw [red] (point-1) - - (point-3); \draw [green] (point-2) - - (point-4);
```



```
\fill [red, name intersections={of=cercle and rectangle, by={a,b,c,d}}];
\draw [red] (a) - - (c);  \draw [green] (b) - - (d);
```



```
\fill [name intersections={of=cercle and rectangle, name=i, total=\t}] [red]
\foreach \s in {1,...,\t} {(i-\s) circle (2pt) node[black,above right] {\s}}
```

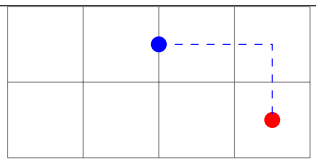


6.3 Calculated positions

6.3.1 Calculated positions with “pgfmath”

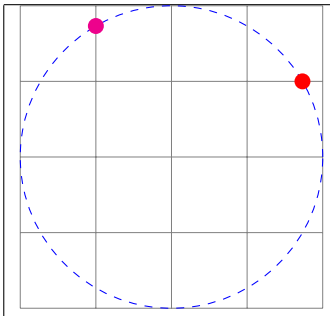
PGFmanual section : 13-2-1

Package automatically loaded with Tikz



explicit : \fill [red] (canvas cs:x=2cm+1.5cm,y=1.5cm-1cm) circle (3pt);

implicit : \fill [red] (2cm+1.5cm,1.5cm-1cm) circle (3pt);

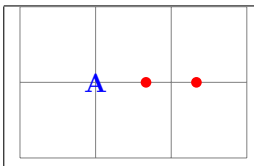


```
\draw[dashed] (2,2) circle (2);
\fill [red](2+ 2*cos 30 , 2+2*sin 30) circle (3pt);
\fill[magenta] (2+2*cos{(120)} , 2+2*sin{(120)}) circle (3pt);
```

6.4 Calculated positions with “calc library calc”

PGFmanual section : 13-5

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{calc}

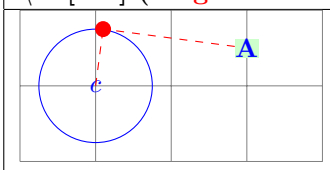



```
\node (a) at (1,1) {A};
\fill [red] ($(a) + 2/3*(1cm,0)$) circle (2pt);
\fill [red] ($(a) + 4/3*(1cm,0)$) circle (2pt);
```

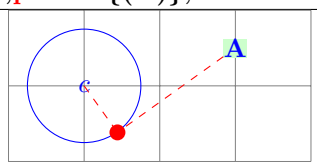
6.5 Tangents with “calc library”

PGFmanual section : 13-2-4

```
\node[fill=green!20] (a) at (3,1.5) {A};
\fill[red] (tangent cs:node=c,point={(A)},solution=1);
```



solution=1

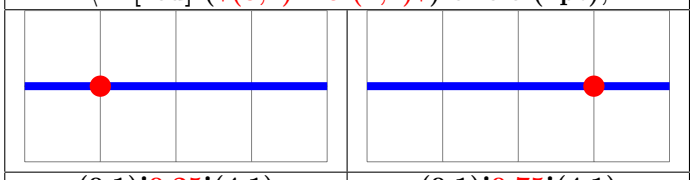


solution=2

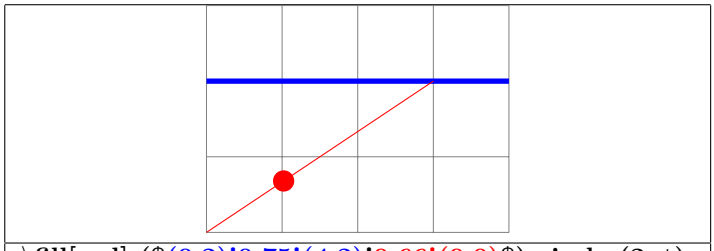
6.5.1 Percentage position

PGFmanual section : 13-5-3

```
\fill[red] ($(0,1)!.25!(4,1)$) circle (4pt);
```



(0,1)!0.25!(4,1)	(0,1)!0.75!(4,1)

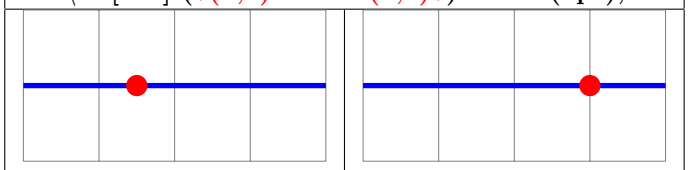


```
\fill[red] ($(0,2)!0.75!(4,2)!0.66!(0,0)$) circle (2pt);
```

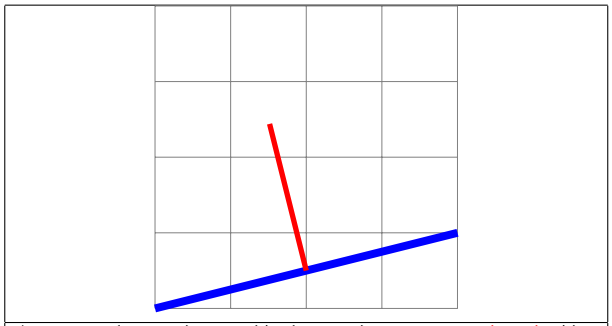
6.5.2 Position at a given distance

PGFmanual section : 13-5-4

```
\fill[red] ($(0,1)!1.5cm!(4,1)$) circle (4pt);
```



(0,1)!1.5cm!(4,1)	(0,1)!3cm!(4,1)

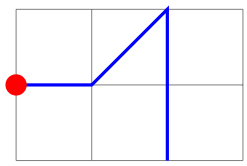
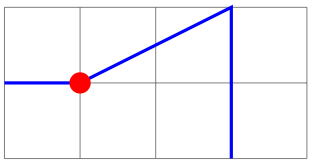
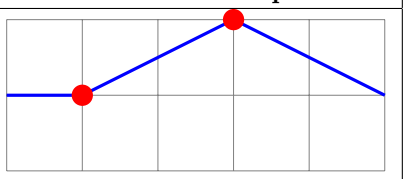


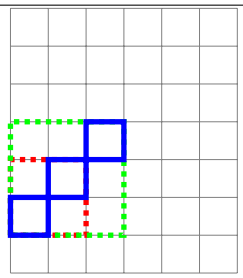
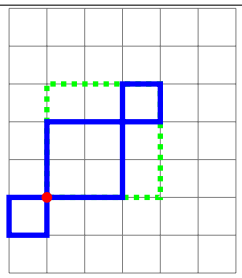
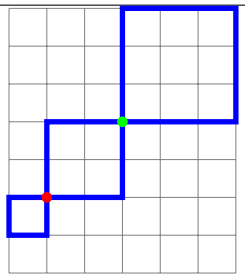
```
\draw (2,.05) - - ($ (2,0.5)!2cm!90:(4,1) $);
```

6.5.3 Relative coordinates

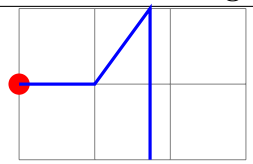
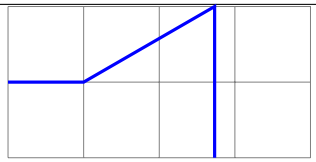
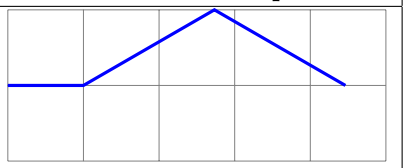
6.5.4 Cartesian coordinates

PGFmanual section : 13-4-1

relative to the origin	relative to a position	relative to the last position
		
(0,0) - - (1,0) - - (2,1) - - (2,-1)	(0,0) - - (1,0) - - +(2,1) - - +(2,-1)	(0,0) - - (1,0) - - ++(2,1) - - ++(2,-1)

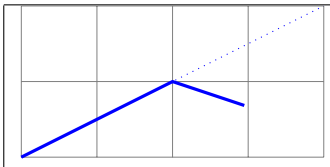
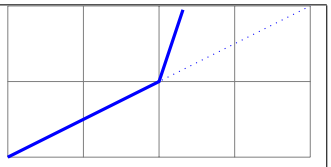
		
\draw (0,0) rectangle (1,1) rectangle (2,2) rectangle (3,3);	\draw (0,0) rectangle (1,1) rectangle +(2,2) rectangle +(3,3);	\draw (0,0) rectangle (1,1) rectangle ++(2,2) rectangle ++(3,3);

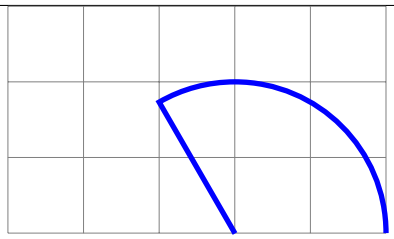
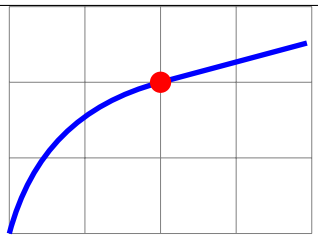
6.5.5 Polar

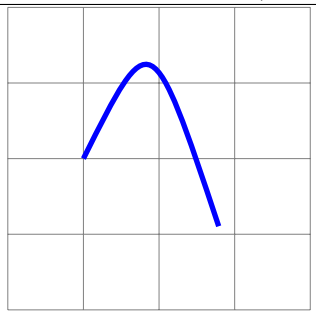
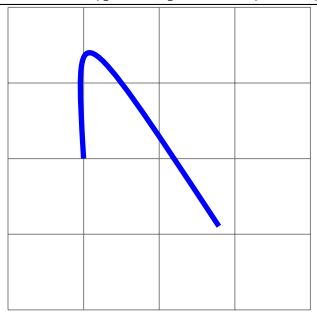
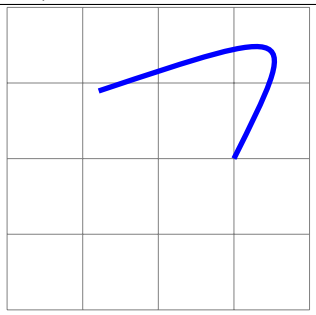
relative to the origin	relative to a position	relative to the last position
		
(0:0) - - (0:1) - - (30:2) - - (-30:2)	(0:0) - - (0:1) - - +(30:2) - - +(-30:2)	(0:0)- - (0:1) - - ++(30:2) - - ++(-30:2)

6.5.6 Relative polar coordinate

PGFmanual section : 13-4-2

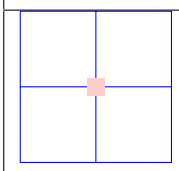
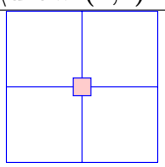
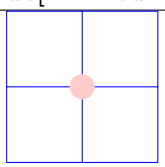
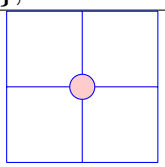
	
([turn]-45:1cm)	([turn]45:1cm)

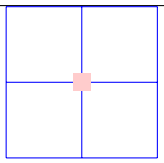
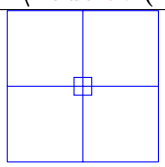
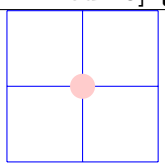
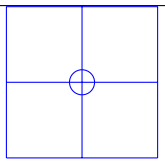
	
\draw (4,0) arc (0 :120 :2) - - ([turn]90:2cm) ;	\draw (0,0) to [bend left] (2,2) - - ([turn]0:2cm);

\draw(1,2) .. controls ([turn]0:2cm) .. ([turn]-90:2cm);		
		
([turn]0:2cm) .. ([turn]-90:2cm)	([turn]30:2cm) .. ([turn]-90:2cm)	([turn]0:2cm) .. ([turn]90:2cm)

7 Nodes

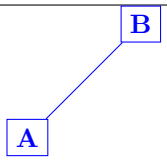
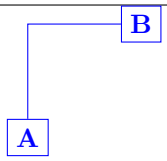
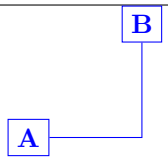
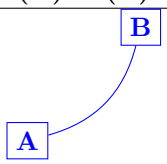
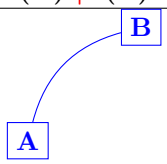
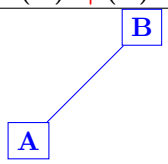
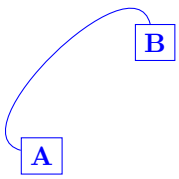
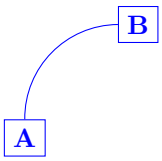
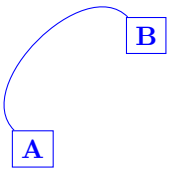
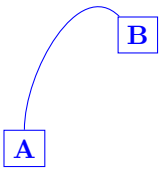
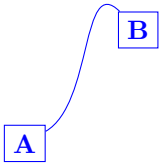
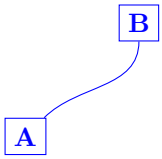
7.1 Creation of nodes

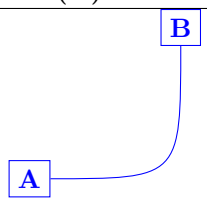
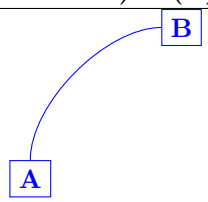
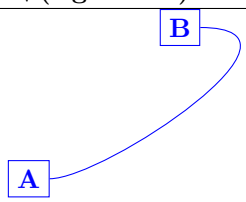
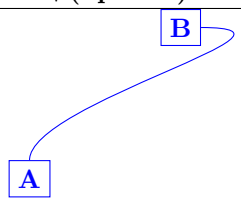
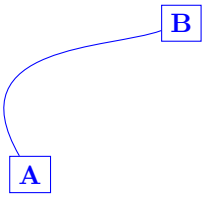
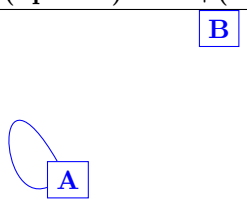
\draw (1,1) node[fill=red!20] {};			
			
By default	node[draw]	node[circle]	node[circle,draw]

\node at (1,1) [fill=red!20] {};			
			
[fill=red!20]	[draw]	[circle,fill=red!20]	[circle,draw]

Other type of nodes see page 80

7.2 Links

		
(A)- - (B)	(A) |- (B)	(A) -| (B)
		
(A) to [bend right] (B)	(A) to [bend left] (B)	(A) to[bend left=0] (B)
		
(A) to[bend left=120] (B)	(A) to[bend left=45] (B)	(A) to[bend left=90] (B)
		
(A) to[out=90] (B)	(A) to[out=30] (B)	(A) to[in=-90] (B)

\draw (A) .. controls +(right:2cm) and +(down:2cm) .. (B);	
	
controls +(right:2cm) and +(down:2cm)	controls +(up:1cm) and +(left:1cm)
	
controls +(right:1cm) and +(right:2cm)	controls +(up:1cm) and +(right:2cm)
	
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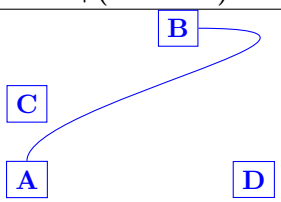
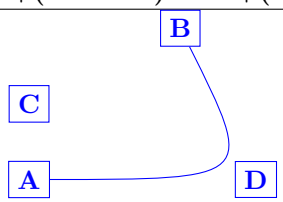
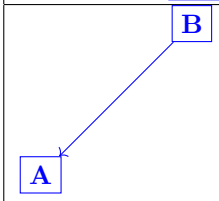
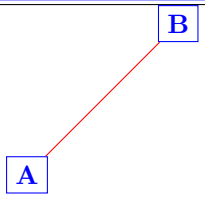
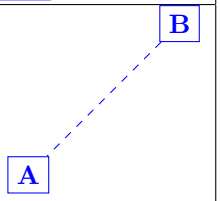
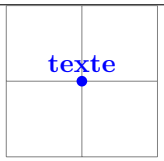
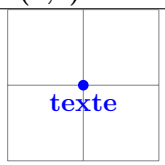
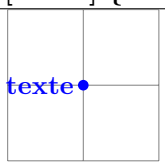
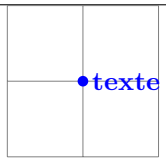
	
controls +(C) and +(D)	controls +(D)

\node[draw] (A) at (0,0) {A} \node[draw] (B) at (2,2) {B} edge [->] (A); PGFmanual section : 17-12-1		
		
[->]	[red]	[dashed]

7.3 Node labels

\fill(0,0) circle (2pt) node[above] {texte} ;			
			
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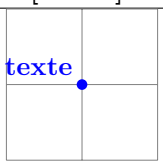
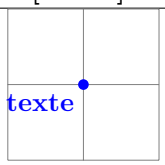
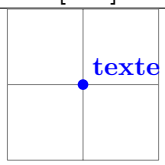
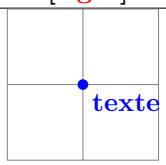
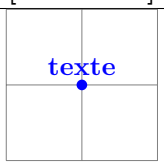
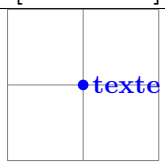
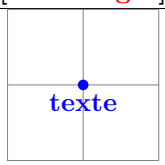
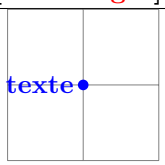
			
[above left]	[below left]	[above right]	[below right]
			
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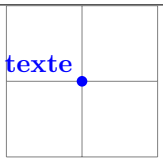	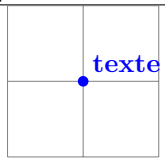	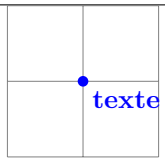	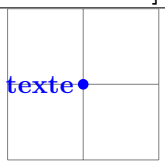
[anchor=south east]	[anchor=south west]	[anchor=north west]	[anchor==north east]

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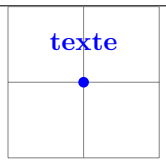	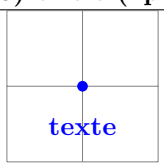	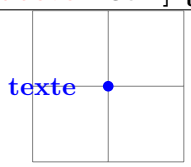	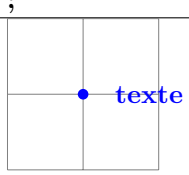
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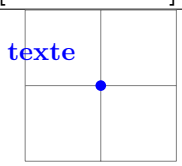	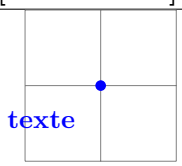	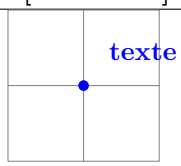	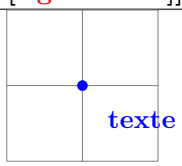
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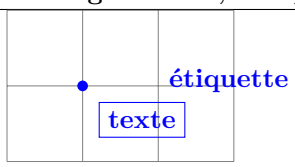
\shorthandoff{:} [1] \node [draw,label=right:texte] {} \shorthandon{:}				
□ texte	texte □	texte □	□ texte	texte □
label=right	label=left	label=above	label=below	label=45

\fill(0,0) circle (2pt) node[below right=.3cm,draw,label=45:étiquette] {texte} ;


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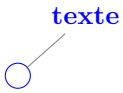
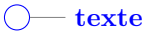
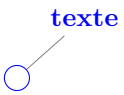
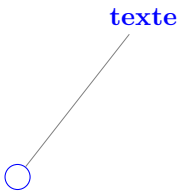
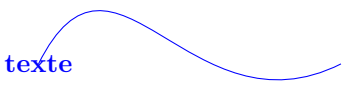
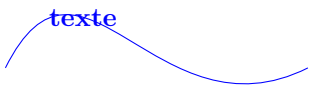
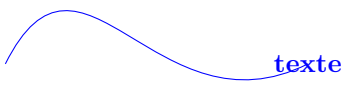
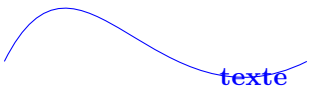
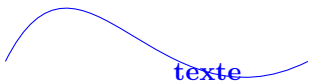
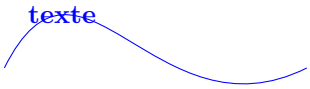
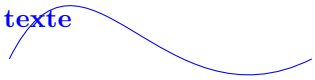
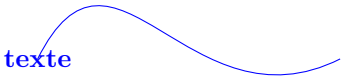
		
[circle,pin=texte]	[circle,pin=60:texte]	[circle,pin=right:texte]

\tikz[pin position=60] \node [circle,pin=texte] {} ;		
		
[pin position=60]	[pin distance=0 cm]	[pin distance=2 cm]
By default : above	By default : 3 ex	

[1] Only useful when the package babel is loaded with the frenchb option

7.4 Nodes on a path

\draw(0,0) .. controls (1,2) and (2,-1) .. (4,0) node[at end] {texte} ;		
		
pos=0	pos=.33	at end (pos=1)
		
very near end (pos=0.875.)	near end (pos=0.75)	midway (pos=0.5)
		
near start (pos=0.25)	very near start (pos=0.125)	at start (pos=0)

\draw(0,0) .. controls (1,2) and (2,1) .. (4,0) node[sloped,midway] {texte} ;		
sloped	above	below

\draw(0,0) .. controls (1,2) and (2,1) .. (5,0) node[sloped,midway,allow upside down] {texte} ;		
sloped	above	below

\draw(A) to [bend right] node [bend right] {texte} (B);		
B texte A	B texte A	B texte A
[bend right]	[auto,bend right]	[auto,swap,bend right]

7.5 Nodes on an edge

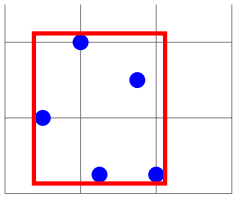
\draw(0,0) edge ["abc", ->] (4,0); PGFmanual section : 17-12-2		
abc	abc	abc
["abc", ->]	["abc", near start]	["abc", style={auto=right}]
abc	abc	abc
[font=\Large,"abc"]	["abc" color=red]	["abc" ']
abc	abc	abc
["abc" draw]	["abc" inner sep=0pt]	["abc" fill ,fill=yellow]

\draw[every edge quotes/.style={fill=yellow}] (0,0) edge ["abc"] (4,0);
abc

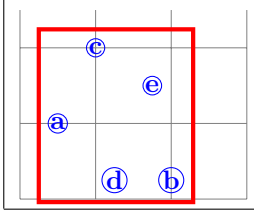
7.6 Fitting nodes

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{fit}

PGFmanual section : 52

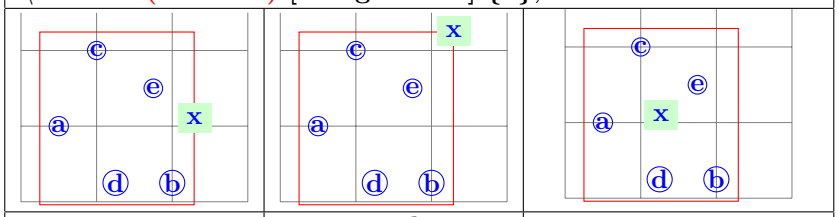


```
\fill (.5,1) circle (3pt);
\fill (2,.25) circle (3pt);
\fill (1,2) circle (3pt);
\fill (1.25,0.25) circle (3pt);
\fill (1.75,1.5) circle (3pt);
\node[draw=red,ultra thick,fit={(.5,1) (2,.25) (1,2)
(1.25,0.25) (1.75,1.5) }] {} ;
```



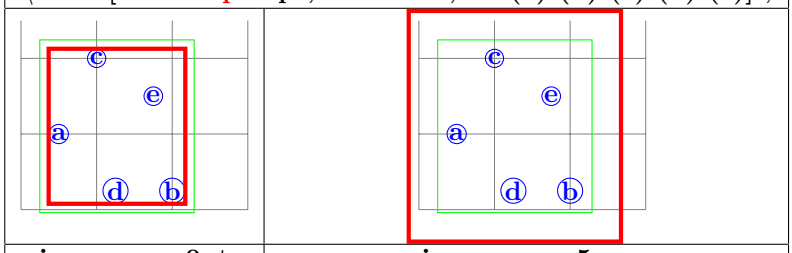

```
[dot/.style={inner sep=0pt,draw,circle,blue}]
\node[dot] (a) at (.5,1) {a};
\node[dot] (b) at (2,.25) {b};
\node[dot] (c) at (1,2) {c};
\node[dot] (d) at (1.25,0.25) {d};
\node[dot] (e) at (1.75,1.5) {e};
\node[draw=red,ultra thick,fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] {}
```

```
\node[draw=red,ultra thick,fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] (xxx) {}
\node at (xxx.east) [fill=green!20] {x};
```



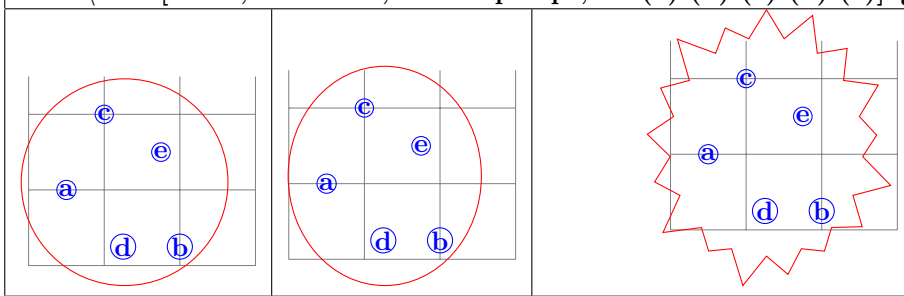
xxx.east	xxx.north east	xxx.center

```
\node [draw=green,fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] ;
\node [inner sep=0pt,draw=red,fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] ;
```



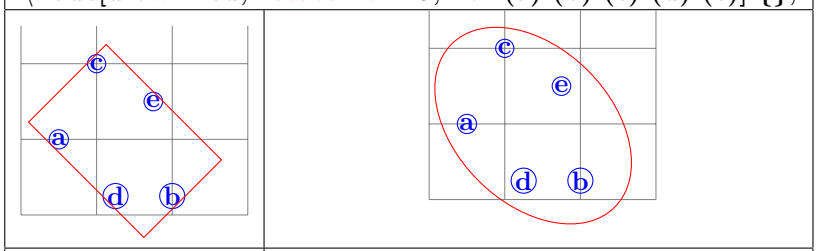
inner sep=0pt	inner sep=.5cm

```
\node[circle,draw=red,inner sep=0pt,fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] {};
```



circle	ellipse	shape=starburst (see section 17)

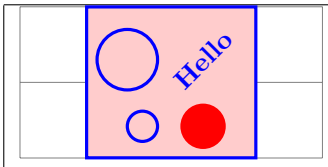
```
\node[draw=red, rotate fit=45, fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] {};
```



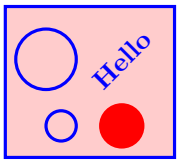
rotate fit=45	ellipse, rotate fit=45

7.7 Matrices and Alignment

PGFmanual section : 20



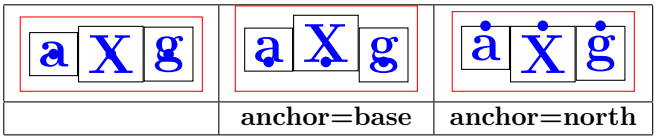

```
\node [matrix,fill=red!10,draw=blue,very thick] at (2,1)
{
\draw (0,0) circle (4mm); & \node [rotate=45] Hello; \\
\draw (0.2,0) circle (2mm); & \fill[red] (0,0) circle
(3mm); \\
};
```

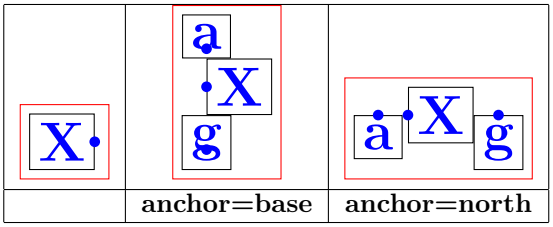


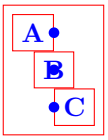

```
\matrix [fill=red!10,draw=blue,very thick]
{
\draw (0,0) circle (4mm); & \node [rotate=45] Hello; \\
\draw (0.2,0) circle (2mm); & \fill[red] (0,0) circle
(3mm); \\
};
```

7.7.1 Cell Pictures

PGFmanual section : 20-3

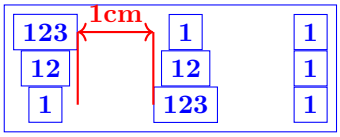




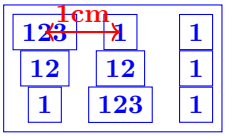



```
\matrix [draw=red,nodes=draw] {
\node[left] A; \fill[blue] (0,0) circle (2pt); \ \
\node B; \fill[blue] (0,0) circle (2pt);\ \
\node[right] C; \fill[blue] (0,0) circle (2pt); \ \
};
```

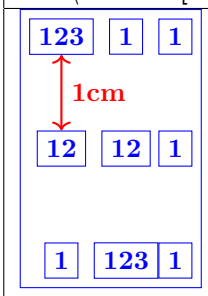
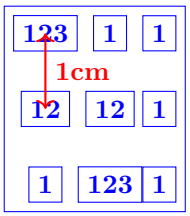
\matrix [draw,column sep=1cm,nodes=draw]

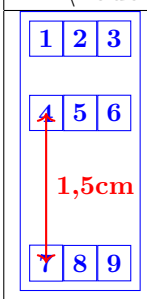
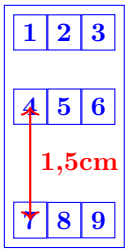


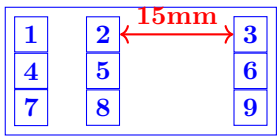
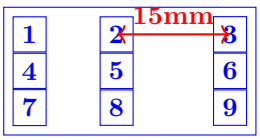
column sep=1cm

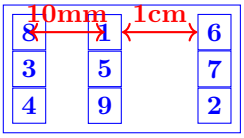


column sep={1cm,between origins }

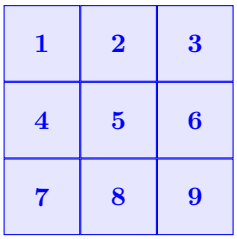
\matrix [draw,row sep=1cm,nodes=draw]	
	
row sep=1cm	row sep={1cm,between origins }

\matrix [row sep=5mm,draw,nodes=draw] { \node {1}; & \node {2}; & \node {3}; \\ \node {4} ; & \node {5}; & \node {6}; \\ [1cm] \node {7}; & \node{8}; & \node{9}; \\ }	
	
[1cm]	[1cm,between origins]

\matrix [column sep=5mm,draw,nodes=draw] { \node {1}; & \node {2}; & \node {3}; \\ \node {4} ; & \node {5}; & [1cm]\node {6}; \\ \node {7}; & \node{8}; & \node{9}; \\ }	
	
[1cm]	[1cm,between origins]



7.7.2 Cell Styles and Options

\matrix [nodes=draw,nodes={fill=blue!10,minimum size=1cm}]


\matrix[row 2/.style={red}]		
8 1 6 3 5 7 4 9 2	8 1 6 3 5 7 4 9 2	8 1 6 3 5 7 4 9 2
row 2/.style={red}	column 2/.style={red}	row 2 column 2/.style={red}

\matrix[column 1/.style={anchor=west}]		
12345 67890 123 67 1 6	12345 67890 123 67 1 6	12345 67890 123 67 1 6
[column 1/.style=anchor=west]	[column 1/.style=anchor=east]	[column 1/.style=anchor=base]

\matrix[matrix of nodes,every odd column/.style=red]			
a b c d e f g h i j k l	a b c d e f g h i j k l	a b c d e f g h i j k l	a b c d e f g h i j k l
every odd column	every even column	every odd row	every even row

\matrix [draw,matrix of nodes,execute at begin cell={(}]
(1 (2 (4 (6 (9

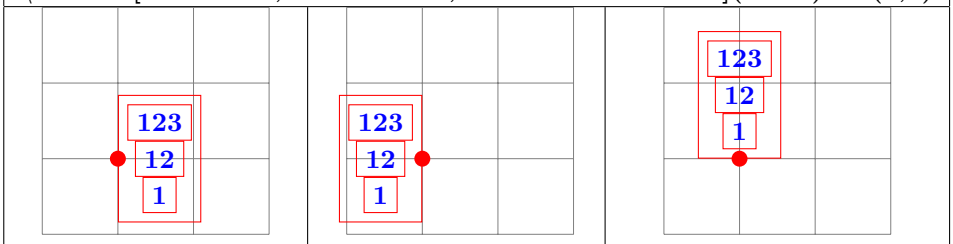
\tikz [matrix of nodes/.style={ execute at begin cell=\node\bgroup , execute at end cell=m^2\egroup; }] \matrix [draw,matrix of nodes]
1 m^2 2 m^2 4 m^2 6 m^2 8 m^2 9 m^2

\matrix [raw,matrix of nodes, execute at empty cell=\node{- -};]
1 2 – 4 – 6 – – 9

7.7.3 Anchoring a Matrix

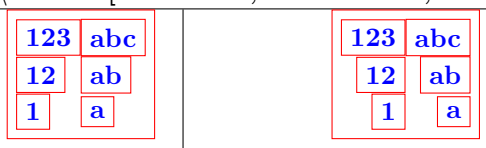
PGFmanual section : 20-4

```
\matrix [draw=red,nodes=draw,matrix anchor=east](XXX) at (1,1)
```

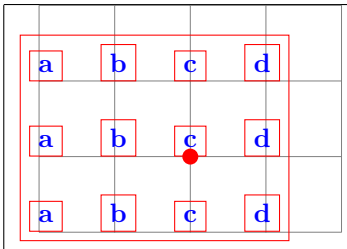


matrix anchor=west	matrix anchor=east	matrix anchor=south

```
\matrix [draw=red,nodes=draw,anchor=west]
```



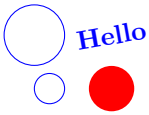
anchor=west	anchor=east




```
\matrix[draw=red,nodes=draw,
matrix anchor=inner node.south, anchor=base,
row sep=5mm,column sep=5mm] at (2,1)
{
\node {a}; & \node {b}; & \node {c}; & \node {d}; \\
\node {a}; & \node {b}; & \node(inner node){c}; & \node
{d}; \\
\node{a}; & \node {b}; & \node{c}; & \node {d}; \\
};
```

7.7.4 Considerations Concerning Active Characters

PGFmanual section : 20-5




```
\tikz \matrix [ampersand replacement=\| ]
{
\draw (0,0) circle (4mm); \|  \node[rotate=10] {Hello}; \\
\draw (0.2,0) circle (2mm); \|  \fill[red] (0,0) circle (3mm); \\
};
```

7.8 Matrix Library

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{matrix}

PGFmanual section : 57-1

1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
	\begin{tikzpicture}
	\matrix [matrix of nodes]
	{
	1 & 2 & 3 \\
	4 & 5 & 6 \\
	7 & 8 & 9 \\
	};
	\end{tikzpicture}

1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
	\begin{tikzpicture}
	\matrix (XXX) [matrix of nodes]
	{
	1 & 2 & 3 \\
	4 & 5 & 6 \\
	7 & 8 & 9 \\
	};
	\draw[thick,red,->] (XXX-1-1) - - (XXX-2-3) ;
	\end{tikzpicture}

8 1 6 3 5 7 4 9 2	1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & |[red]| 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \\

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	1 & [1cm] 2 & [5mm] |[red]| 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \\

A_1 A_2 A_3
a_4 a_5 a_6
a^7 a^8 a^9
	\matrix [matrix of math nodes]
	{
	A_1 & A_2 & A_3 \\
	a_4 & a_5 & a_6 \\
	a^7 & a^8 & a^9 \\
	};

a_1 a_3
a_4 a_6
a_7 a_8
	\matrix [matrix of math nodes,nodes=circle,draw]
	{
	A_1 & & A_3 \\
	a_4 & & a_6 \\
	a_ 7 & a_ 8 & \\
	};

a_1 a_3
a_4 a_6
a_7 a_8
	\matrix [matrix of math nodes,nodes=circle,draw ,nodes in empty cells]
	{
	A_1 & & A_3 \\
	a_4 & & a_6 \\
	a_ 7 & a_ 8 & \\
	};

7.8.1 Characters in Matrices of Nodes

PGFmanual section : 57-2

aaa bbb
ccc
eee fff
	\matrix [matrix of nodes,nodes={text width=2cm,draw}
	]
	{
	aaa & bbb \\
	bbb \\
	eee & fff \\
	};

1 | aaa
bbb
ccc
2 | ddd
	\matrix [matrix of nodes,nodes={text width=16mm,draw}]
	{
	1 & & {aaa \\ bbb \\ ccc } \\
	2 & & ddd \\
	};

7.8.2 Delimiters

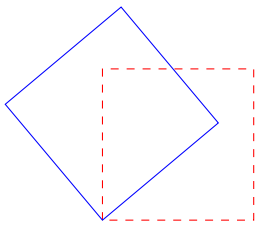
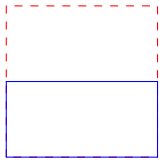
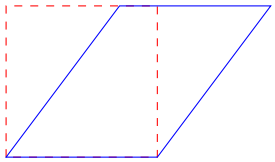
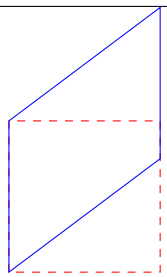
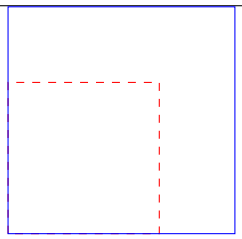
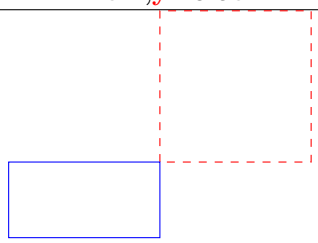
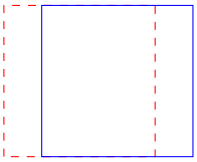
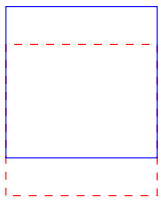
PGFmanual section : 57-3

\matrix [matrix of math nodes,left delimiter=( ]			
$\begin{pmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ a_4 & a_5 & a_6 \\ a_7 & a_8 & a_9 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{Bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ a_4 & a_5 & a_6 \\ a_7 & a_8 & a_9 \end{Bmatrix}$	$\begin{Vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ a_4 & a_5 & a_6 \\ a_7 & a_8 & a_9 \end{Vmatrix}$	$\begin{matrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ a_4 & a_5 & a_6 \\ a_7 & a_8 & a_9 \end{matrix}$
left delimiter=(	right delimiter=\}	above delimiter=\\|	below delimiter=\rmoustache

\tikz \node [fill=red!20,text width=2cm,left delimiter=\{] {Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm.};
Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm.

8 Transformations

PGFmanual section : 25-3

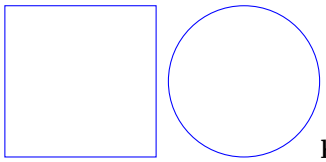
\draw[rotate,blue] (0,0) rectangle (2,2) ;			
			
rotate=40	x=1cm,y=0.5cm	xslant=0.75	yslant=0.75
			
scale=1.5	scale=-1	xshift=0.5cm	yshift=0.5cm

9 Placing the picture

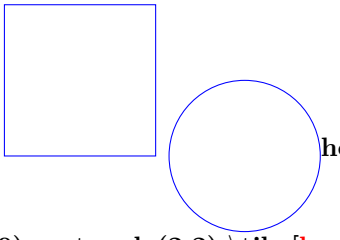
9.1 In the text

9.1.1 Without offset

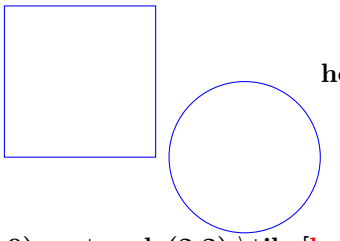
PGFmanual section : 12-2

picture in the text  here is the following code : \tikz \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2);\tikz \draw (0,0) circle (1);

9.1.2 With zero offset

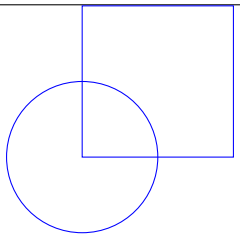
picture in the text  here is the following code : \tikz[baseline=0pt] \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2);\tikz[baseline=0pt] \draw (0,0) circle (1);

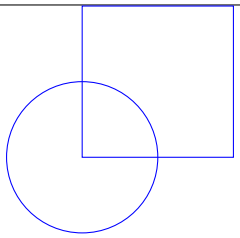
9.1.3 With an offset

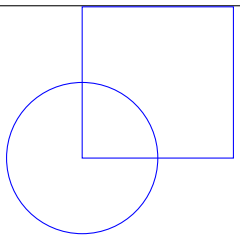
picture in the text  here is the following code : \tikz[baseline=1cm] \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2);\tikz[baseline=1cm] \draw (0,0) circle (1);

9.2 In a tikzpicture environment

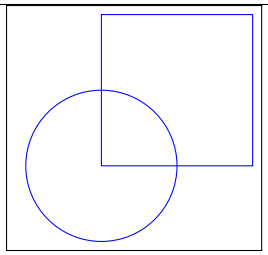
PGFmanual section : 12-1

text before  text after	text before \tikzpicture[blue] \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2); \draw (0,0) circle (1); \end{tikzpicture} text after

text before  text after	text before \begin{tikzpicture}[blue,baseline=0pt] \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2); \draw (0,0) circle (1); \end{tikzpicture} text after

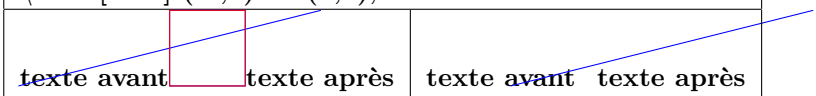
text before  text after	text before \begin{tikzpicture}[blue,baseline=1cm] \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2); \draw (0,0) circle (1); \end{tikzpicture} text after

9.3 In a fbox environment

text before  text after	text before
	\fbox{
	\begin{tikzpicture}[blue,baseline=0pt]
	\draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2);
	\draw (0,0) circle (1);
	\end{tikzpicture}
	}
	text after

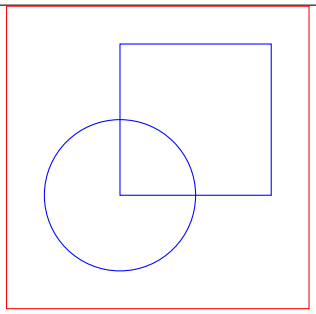
9.4 Bounding box

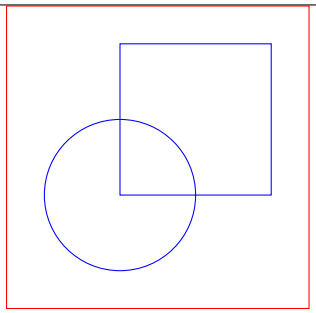
PGFmanual section : 15-8

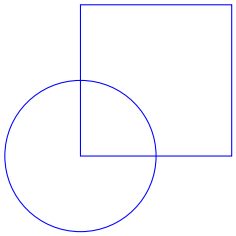
\draw [use as bounding box] (1,0) rectangle (2,1); \draw[blue] (-1,0) - - (3,1);	
texte avant  texte après	texte avant texte après
(1,0) rectangle (2,1)	(0,0) rectangle (0,0)

```
texte avant. \begin{tikzpicture} [trim left=1cm]
\draw[blue] (-1,0) - - (3,1); \draw[red] (0,0) grid (2,1);
\end{tikzpicture}texte après
```

texte avant. texte après	texte avant. texte après
[trim left=1cm]	[trim right= 1cm]

text before  text after	text before \tikzpicture[blue] \draw [red,use as bounding box] (-1.5,-1.5) rectangle (2.5,2.5); \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2); \draw (0,0) circle (1); \end{tikzpicture} text after

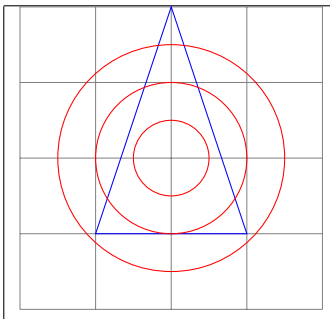
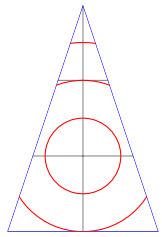
text before  text after	text before \begin{tikzpicture}[blue,baseline=0pt] \draw [red,use as bounding box] (-1.5,-1.5) rectangle (2.5,2.5); \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2); \draw (0,0) circle (1); \end{tikzpicture} text after

text before  text after	text before \begin{tikzpicture}[blue,baseline=0pt] \useasboundingbox (-1.5,-1.5) rectangle (2.5,2.5); \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2); \draw (0,0) circle (1); \end{tikzpicture} text after

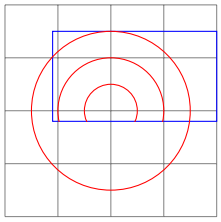
	\begin{tikzpicture}[blue] \fill (0,0) circle (5pt); \fill (2,1) circle (5pt); \draw[red] (current bounding box.south west) rectangle (current bounding box.north east); \end{tikzpicture}

9.5 Clipping the picture

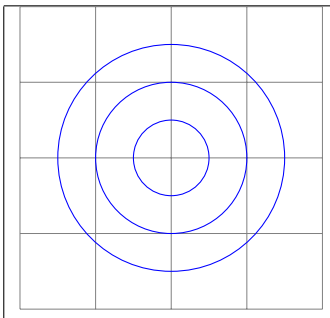
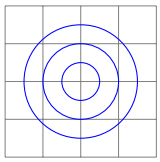
PGFmanual section : 15-9

	
no clipping	\clip (-1,-1) - -(0,2) - - (1,-1) - - cycle;

9.6 Partial clipping

	\tikzpicture[red,scale=.7] \draw[help lines] (-2,-2) grid (2,2); \draw[blue] (-1.1,-0.2) rectangle (2,1.5); \draw (0,0) circle (1.5); \clip (-1.1,-0.2) rectangle (2,1.5); \draw (0,0) circle (.5); \draw (0,0) circle (1); \endtikzpicture

9.6.1 Scaling

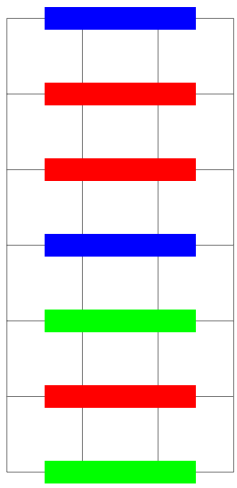
	
Normal size	\tikzpicture[blue,scale=.5]

10 Scope

10.1 Environment Scope

PGFmanual section : 12-3

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[line width = 3mm]

\draw (0.5,6) - - (2.5,6);

\scope[red]
\draw (0.5,5) - - (2.5,5);
\draw (0.5,4) - - (2.5,4);
\end{scope}

\draw (0.5,3) - - (2.5,3);

\scope[green]
\draw (0.5,2) - - (2.5,2);
\draw [red] (0.5,1) - - (2.5,1);
\draw (0.5,0) - - (2.5,0);
\end{scope}

\end{tikzpicture}
```



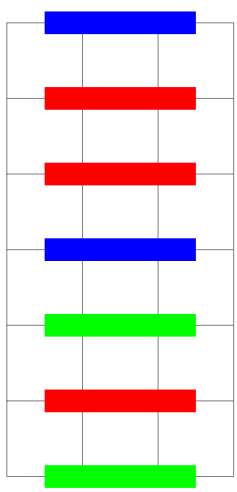
10.2 library scopes

10.2.1 Shorthand for Scope Environments

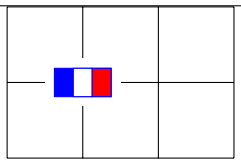
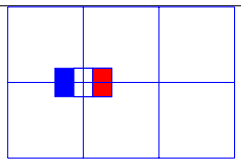
PGFmanual section : 12-3-2

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{scopes}

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[line width = 3mm]

\draw (0.5,6) - - (2.5,6);

{ [red]
\draw (0.5,5) - - (2.5,5);
\draw (0.5,4) - - (2.5,4);
}

\draw (0.5,3) - - (2.5,3);

{ [green]
\draw (0.5,2) - - (2.5,2);
\draw [red] (0.5,1) - - (2.5,1);
\draw (0.5,0) - - (2.5,0);
}

\end{tikzpicture}
```



10.2.2 Single Command Scopes

	
\node [fill=white] at (1,1) {\DFR}; \scoped [on background layer] \draw (0,0) grid (3,2);	**\node [fill=white] at (1,1) {\DFR}; \draw (0,0) grid (3,2);**

rth west north north east

11 Absolute position on a page

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[remember picture,overlay]
\fill(current page.north) circle (5pt) node[below left=4mm] \Huge north ;
\fill(current page.north east) circle (5pt) node[below left=4mm] \Huge north east ;
\fill(current page.north west) circle (5pt) node[below right=4mm] \Huge north west ;
\fill(current page.east) circle (5pt) node[above left=4mm] \Huge east ;
\fill(current page.center) circle (5pt) node[above left=4mm] \Hugecenter ;
\fill(current page.west) circle (5pt) node[above right=4mm] \Huge west ;
\fill(current page.south) circle (5pt) node[above right=4mm] \Huge south ;
\fill(current page.south west) circle (5pt) node[above right=4mm] \Huge south west ;
\fill(current page.south east) circle (5pt) node[above left=4mm] \Huge south east ;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[remember picture,overlay]
\node [opacity=.15] at (current page.center) {\includegraphics[width=8cm]{tiger} };
\end{tikzpicture}
```

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[remember picture,overlay]
\draw[dotted,opacity=.4] (current page.south west) - - (current page.north east)
        node[near start] {\Huge TIKZ} ;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

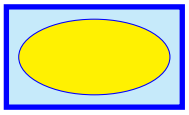
st center east

TIKZ

uth west south south east

12 Background

12.1 Framing



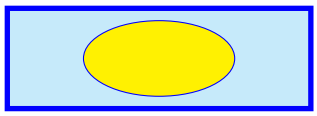
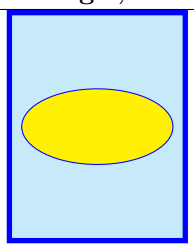
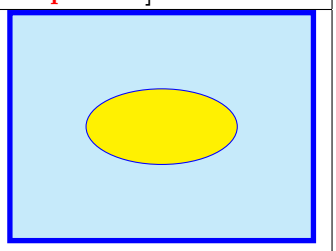
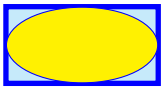
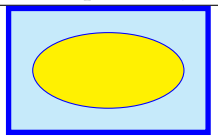
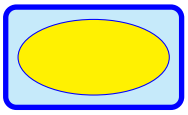
[1]

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[show background rectangle]
\filldraw[fill=yellow] (0,0) ellipse (1 and .5 );
\end{tikzpicture}
```

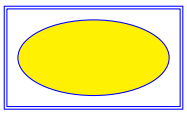
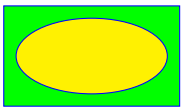
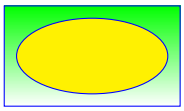
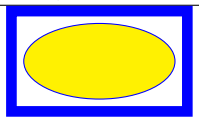
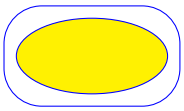
Other syntax :

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[framed]
```

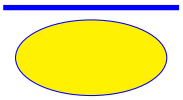
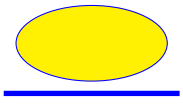
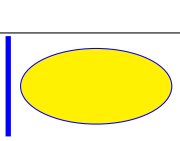
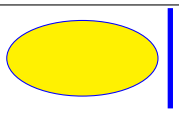
12.1.1 Options

[show background rectangle,inner frame xsep=1cm]		
		
inner frame xsep=1cm	inner frame ysep=1cm	inner frame sep=1cm
By default: inner frame xsep=1ex , inner frame ysep=1ex		
		
tight background	loose background	rounded corners
(inner frame sep = 0pt)	(inner frame sep = 2ex)	

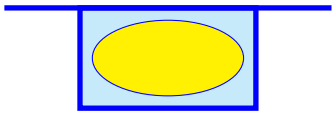
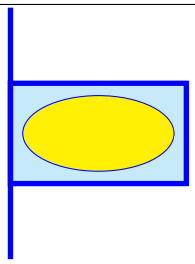
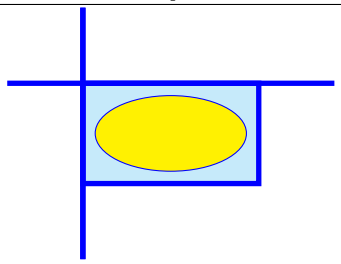
12.1.2 Style

[background rectangle/.style={double,draw=blue},framed]				
				
double	fill=green	top color=green	line width=4pt	rounded corners=0.5cm

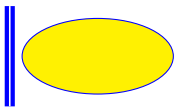
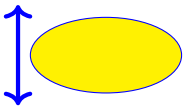
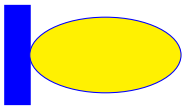
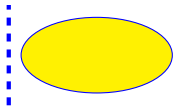
12.2 Partial framing

			
show background top	show background bottom	show background left	show background right

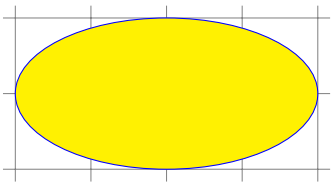
[1] \tikzset{background rectangle/.style={fill=cyan!20,draw=blue,line width=2pt}}

[framed,show background top,outer frame xsep=1cm]		
		
outer frame xsep=1cm	outer frame ysep=1cm	outer frame sep=1cm

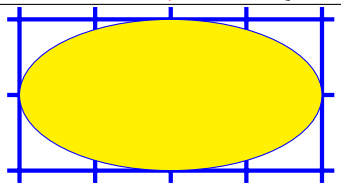
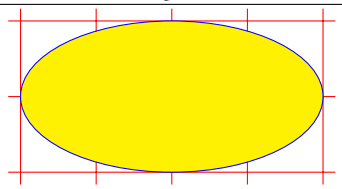
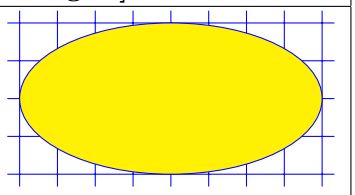
12.2.1 Style

\begin{tikzpicture}[show background left, [background left/.style={double,ultra thick,draw=blue}]			
			
double	<->	line width=10pt	dashed

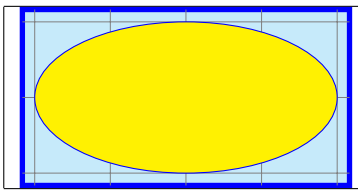
12.2.2 Gridding

	\begin{tikzpicture}[show background grid] \filldraw[fill=yellow] (0,0) ellipse (2 and 1); \end{tikzpicture} *Other syntax* : \begin{tikzpicture}[gridded]

12.2.3 Style

[background grid/.style={ultra thick,draw=blue},show background grid]		
		
ultra thick ,draw=blue,draw=blue	draw=red	step=.5cm,draw=blue

12.2.4 Framing and gridding

	\begin{tikzpicture}[framed , gridded] \filldraw[fill=yellow] (0,0) ellipse (2 and 1); \end{tikzpicture}

13 Defining your own colors

13.1 Basic colors

black	blue	brown	cyan	darkgray
gray	green	lightgray	lime	magenta
olive	orange	pink	purple	red
teal	violet	white	yellow	

[blue!10]	[blue!30]	[blue!50]	[blue!70]	[blue!90]

13.2 Colors mixing

[blue!30!red]	[red!80!blue!20]	[red!80!blue!50]	[red!80!blue!50!black!40]

13.3 Naming a color

PGFmanual section : 15-2

13.3.1 Percentage of red , green and blue

```
\definecolor{macouleur}{rgb}{.75,0.5,0.25}
(75% de rouge 50% de vert 25% de bleu)
\fill [macouleur] (0,0) rectangle (2,1);
```

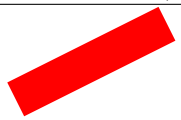
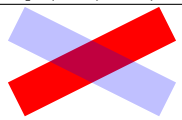
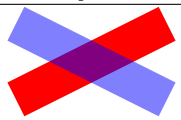
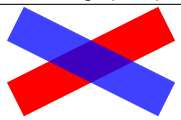
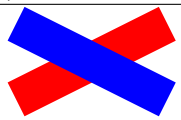
13.3.2 From existing color

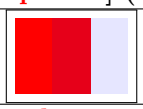
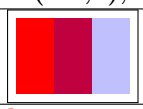
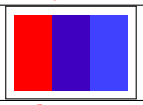
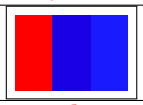
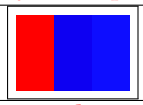
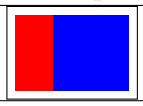
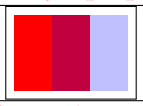
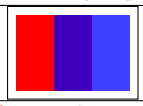
```
\colorlet{monrouge}{red!25}
\fill [monrouge] (0,0) rectangle (2,1);
```

```
\colorlet{monviolet}{red!25!blue}
\fill [monviolet] (0,0) rectangle (2,1);
```

14 Opacity

PGFmanual section : 23-2

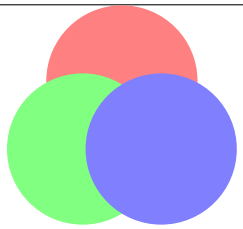
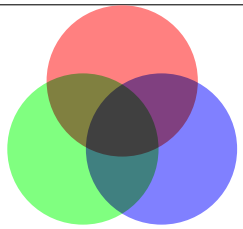
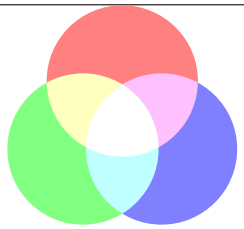
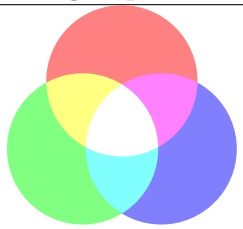
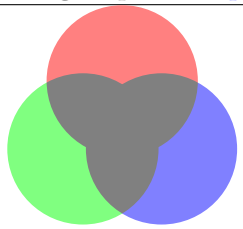
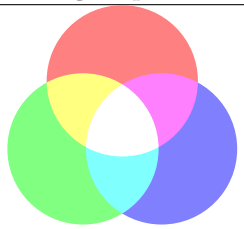
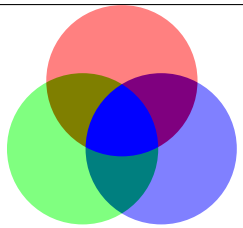
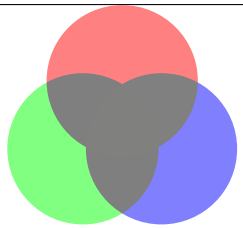
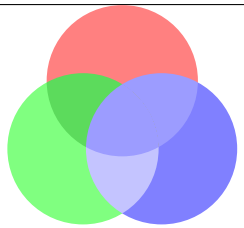
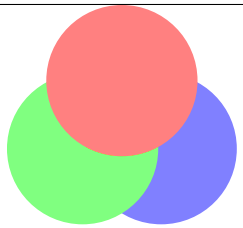
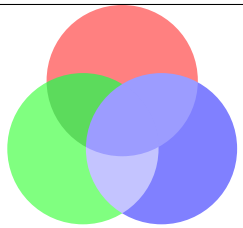
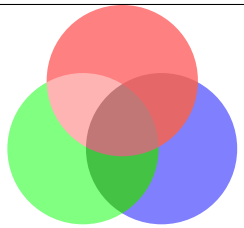
\draw[red] (0,0) – (2,1); \draw [blue,draw opacity=0] (0,1) - - (2,0);				
				
draw opacity=0	draw opacity=0.25	draw opacity=0.5	draw opacity=0.75	draw opacity=1

\fill[red] (0,0) rectangle (1,1); \fill[blue,transparent] (0.5,0) rectangle (1.5,1);			
			
transparent	ultra nearly transparent	very nearly transparent	nearly transparent
			
semitransparent	nearly opaque	very nearly opaque	ultra nearly opaque
			
opaque	fill opacity=.25	fill opacity=.5	fill opacity=.75

\node at (1,1) [text opacity=1] { \Huge texte} ;				
texte	texte	texte	texte	
text opacity=1	text opacity=0.75	text opacity=0.5	opacity=0.25	text opacity=0

14.1 Blend Modes

PGFmanual section : 23-3

		
blend group=normal	blend group=multiply	blend group=screen
		
blend group=overlay	blend group=darken	blend group=lighten
		
blend group=difference	blend group=exclusion	blend group=hue
		
blend group=saturation	blend group=color	blend group=luminosity

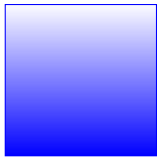
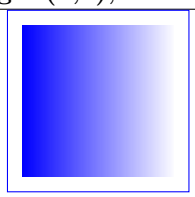
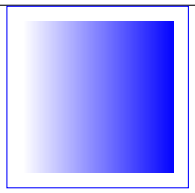
Error message Unknow blend mode !			
blend group=colordodge	blend group=colorburn	blend group=hardlight	blend group=softlight

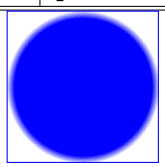
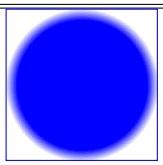
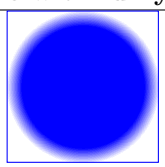
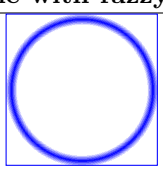
14.2 Fading

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{fadings}

14.2.1 Preset patterns

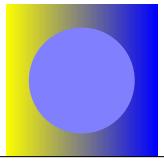
PGFmanual section : 51

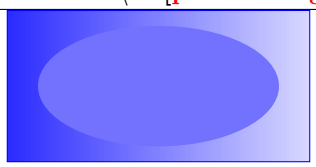
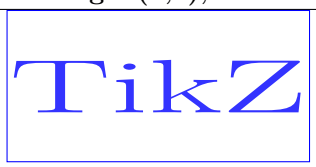
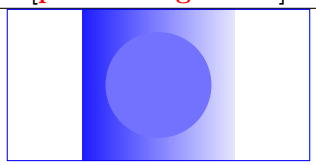
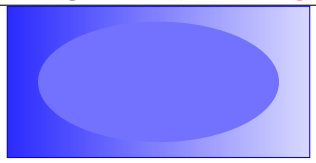
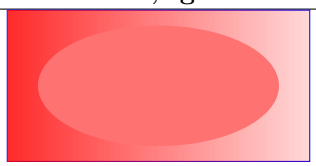
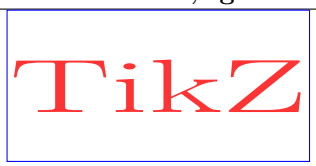
\fill [blue,path fading=north] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1);			
			
path fading=north	path fading=south	path fading=east	path fading=west

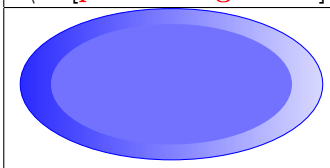
	
path fading=circle with fuzzy edge 10 percent	path fading=circle with fuzzy edge 15 percent
	
path fading=circle with fuzzy edge 20 percent	path fading=fuzzy ring 15 percent

14.2.2 Own patterns of fading with tikzfadingfrompicture

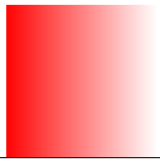
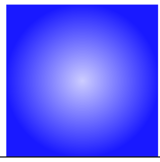
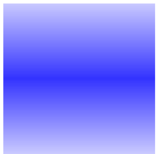
PGFmanual section : 23-4-1

Creation	*Visualization*
\tikzfadingfrompicture[name=filtre] \shade[left color=yellow,right color=blue!100] (0,0) rectangle (2,2); \fill[blue!50] (1,1) circle (0.7); \end{tikzfadingfrompicture}	
\tikzfadingfrompicture[name=tikz] \node [draw,text=transparent!20] {\fontfamily{ptm}\fontsize{25}{25}\bfseries\selectfont TikZ}; \end{tikzfadingfrompicture}	

Use in a frame	
\fill[path fading=filtre] (-2,-1) rectangle (2,1);	
	
[path fading=filtre]	[path fading=tikz]
	
[path fading=filtre ,fit fading=false]	[path fading=tikz,fit fading=false]
	
left color=blue,right color=red	[path left color=blue,right color=red
	
[path fading=filtre ,red]	[path fading=tikz,red]

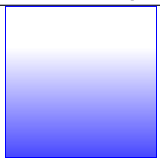
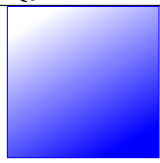
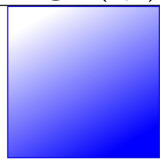
Use in an ellipse	
\fill[path fading=filtre] (-2,-1) ellipse (2 and 1);	
	
[path fading=filtre]	[path fading=tikz]

14.3 Creating fading patterns with tikzfading

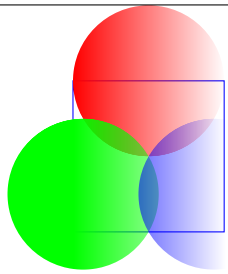
\tikzfading[name=fade right, left color=transparent!0, right color=transparent!100] \tikz \filldraw [red,path fading=fade right] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1);	
\tikzfading[name=fade out, inner color=transparent!0, outer color=transparent!100] \tikz \filldraw [blue,path fading=fade out] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1);	
\tikzfading[name=fade inside, inner color=transparent!80, outer color=transparent!10] \tikz \filldraw [blue,path fading=fade inside] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1);	
\tikzfading[name=middle, top color=transparent!80, bottom color=transparent!80, middle color=transparent!20] \tikz \filldraw [blue,path fading=middle] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1);	

14.3.1 Modification of the fading pattern

PGFmanual section : 23-4-2

\fill [blue,path fading=north,fading transform={yshift=-.5cm}] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1);		
		
fading transform={yshift=-.5cm}	fading transform={yshift=-.5cm}	fading angle=30

PGFmanual section : 23-4-3

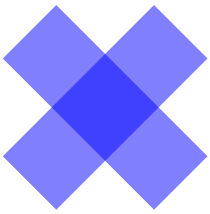
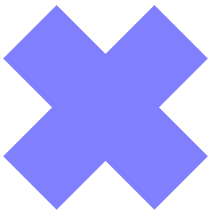
\begin{tikzpicture} \draw (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1); \path [scope fading=east] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1); \fill[red] (90:1) circle (1); \fill[green] (210:1) circle (1); \fill[blue] (330:1) circle (1); \end{tikzpicture}	

\tikz \node [black,scope fading=south,fading angle=45,text width=5cm] { VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ };	VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ

14.4 Transparency Groups

PGFmanual section : 23-5

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[opacity=.5]
\draw [line width=1cm] (0,0) – (2,2);
\draw [line width=1cm] (0,2) – (2,0);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

	
[opacity=.5]	[opacity=.5,transparency group]

Not working !	
\begin{tikzpicture} \shade [left color=red,right color=blue] (-2,-1) rectangle (2,1); \begin{scope}[transparency group=knockout] \fill][white] (-1.9,-.9) rectangle (1.9,.9); \node [opacity=0] TikZ; \end{scope} \end{tikzpicture}	

15 Create command

Load package : Warning: the creation of the command must be placed before \begin{document} !

syntax :\newcommand{\name}[number of variables]{Description}

Example : command with one variable :
Creation

```
\newcommand
{\maboite}[1]{                    % command named "maboite"with one variable
\begin{center}                    % centering the box
\tikzpicture \node[fill=yellow    % a yellow text box
,text centered                    % centering the text in the box
,text width=.5\linewidth]         %  to set the width of the box
#1} ; \end{center}                % #1 will be replaced by the variable
}
```

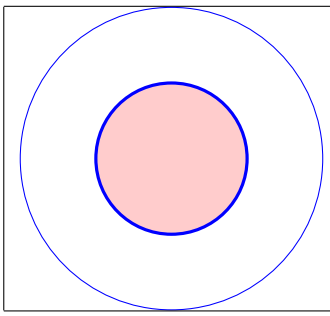
Utilisation **: \maboite{contenu}**

Load package : contenu

Example : command without variable :
creation
\newcommand{\DFR}{ \tikzpicture[scale=.25] \draw [fill=blue](0,0) rectangle (3,1.5); \draw [fill=white](1,0) rectangle (2,1.5); \draw[fill=red](2,0) rectangle (3,1.5);\endtikzpicture }
Utilisation **: \DFR**

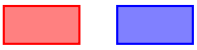
16 Creating styles

16.1 Styles without variable



```
\begin{tikzpicture} [mon style/.style={draw=blue, fill=red!20, very thick}]
\draw (0,0) circle (2cm);
\draw[mon style] (0,0) circle (1cm);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

16.2 Styles with variable



```
\begin{tikzpicture} [mon style/.style={draw=#1, thick, fill=#1!50, scale=.5}]
\filldraw [mon style=red] (0,0) rectangle (2,1);
\filldraw [mon style=blue] (3,0) rectangle (5,1);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

With a default value

```
\begin{tikzpicture} [mon style/.style={draw=#1,fill=#1!20,very thick},
mon style/default=black]
\filldraw [mon style] (0,0) rectangle (2,1);
\filldraw [mon style=blue] (3,0) rectangle (5,1);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

17 Text highlighting

17.1 In a TikZ node

\tikz \draw (0,0) grid (2,2) (1,1) node[fill=red!20,] {texte};			
texte	texte	texte	texte
node[fill=red!20]	node[fill=red!20,draw]	node[fill=red!20,circle]	node[fill=red!20,circle,draw]

17.1.1 Options

\tikz \draw node[draw,double,blue] {texte};							
texte	texte	texte	texte	texte	texte	texte	texte
double	rounded corners	ultra thick	dashed	red	rotate=45	shading=radial	text=red

\tikz \draw node[draw,inner sep=0pt] {texte};			
texte	texte	texte	texte
inner sep=0pt	inner sep=1cm	inner xsep=1cm	inner ysep=1cm
By default : 0.3333em			

\node [fill=red!20,outer sep=1cm] (A) at (1,1) {texte}; \fill (node cs:name=A,anchor=east) circle (3pt); \fill (node cs:name=A,anchor=south) circle (3pt);			
texte	texte	texte	texte
outer sep=1cm	outer sep=0pt	outer xsep=1cm	outer ysep=1cm
By default : 0.5\pgflinewidth			

17.1.2 Minimum size

\draw((0,0) node[fill=blue!20,minimum height=1.5cm,draw] {texte} ;	
texte	texte
minimum height=1.5cm	minimum width=3cm
texte	texte
minimum size=1.5cm,draw	minimum size=1.5cm,circle

17.2 Geometric Shapes nodes

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shapes.geometric}

PGFmanual section : 67-3

17.2.1 Available shapes

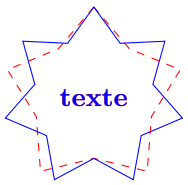
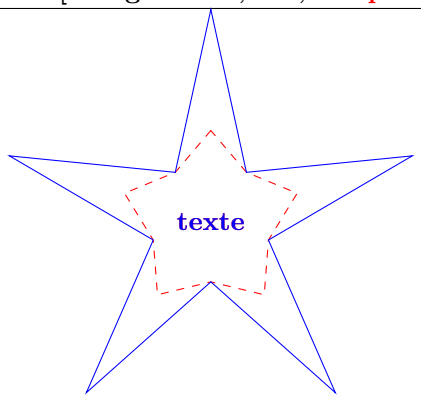
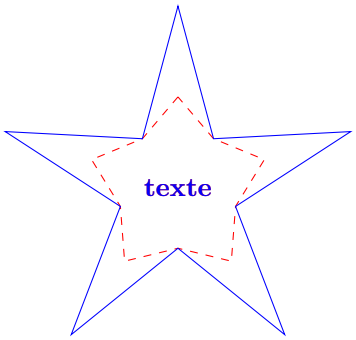
2 syntaxes :
\tikz \node[fill=green!20,shape=diamond,draw,blue] {texte};
\tikz \node[fill=green!20,diamond,draw] {texte};

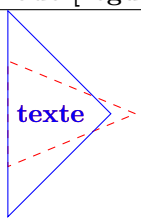
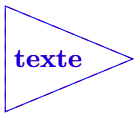
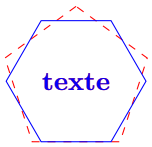
texte	texte	texte	texte
diamond	ellipse	trapezium	semicircle
texte	texte	texte	texte
star	regular polygon	isosceles triangle	kite
texte	texte	texte	
dart	circular sector	cylinder	

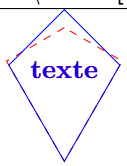
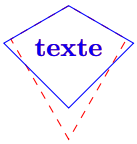
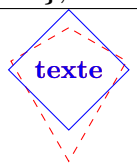
17.2.2 Options

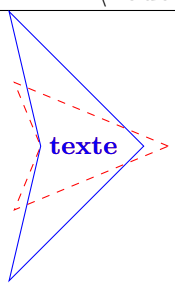
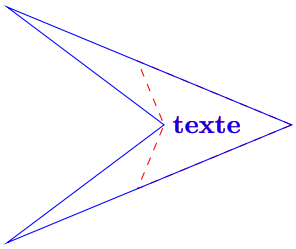
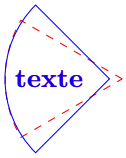
\node [trapezium,draw,trapezium left angle=90,draw,blue] {texte};

texte	texte	texte
trapezium left angle=90	trapezium right angle=90	trapezium angle=120
texte	texte	texte
minimum height=1.5cm trapezium stretches=true	minimum height=1.5cm trapezium stretches=false	minimum width=1.5cm trapezium stretches

\tikz \node [fill=green!20,star,star points=6,draw] {texte};		
		
star points=7	star point height = 2cm	star point ratio = 3
By default5	By default.5cm	By default1.5

\node [isosceles triangle,isosceles triangle apex angle=90,draw,blue] {texte}; \node [regular polygon, regular polygon sides=6,draw,blue] {texte};		
		
isosceles triangle apex angle=90	isosceles triangle stretches	regular polygon sides=6

\node [kite,kite upper vertex angle=90,draw,blue] {texte};		
		
kite upper vertex angle=90	kite lower vertex angle=90	kite vertex angles=90
initially 120	initially 60	

\node [dart,dart tip angle=90,draw,blue] {texte};		
		
dart tip angle=90	dart tail angle=90	circular sector angle=90
initially 45	initially 135	initially 60

\node [cylinder,aspect=2,draw,blue] {texte};	
texte	texte
aspect=2	aspect=4
texte	texte
cylinder uses custom fill, cylinder end fill=yellow	cylinder uses custom fill, cylinder body fill=yellow

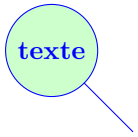
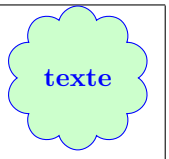
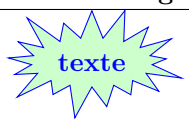
\draw(0,0) node[shape aspect=1,diamond,draw] {texte} ;			
texte	texte	texte	texte
shape aspect=1	shape aspect=2	shape aspect=3	shape aspect=4

17.3 Symbol Shapes nodes

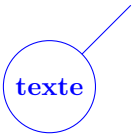
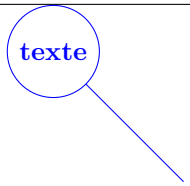
Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shapes.symbols}

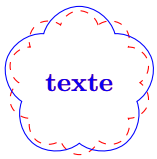
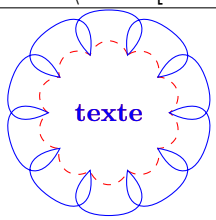
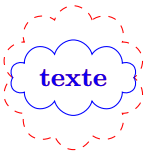
PGFmanual section : 67-4

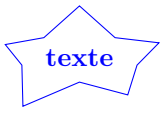
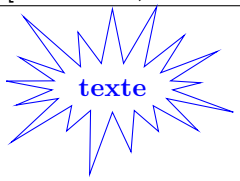
17.3.1 Available shapes

		
forbidden sign	magnifying glass	cloud
		
starburst	signal	tape

17.3.2 Options

\node[magnifying glass,magnifying glass handle angle=45,draw,blue] {texte} ;		
		
magnifying glass handle angle=45	magnifying glass handle aspect=3	line width=1ex
By default : -45	By default : 1.5	

\node [cloud,cloud puffs=5,draw,blue] {texte};			
			
cloud puffs=5	cloud puff arc=270	cloud ignores aspect=false	cloud ignores aspect=true
By default: 10	By default: 135	By default: true	

\node [starburst,starburst points=5,draw,blue] {texte};			
			
starburst points=5	starburst point height=1cm	random starburst=50	random starburst=0

\node [signal,signal pointer angle=45,draw,blue] {texte};		
texte	texte	texte
signal pointer angle=45	signal pointer angle=10	signal pointer angle=300
By default : signal pointer angle= 90		

\node [signal,signal to=above,draw,blue] {texte};			
texte	texte	texte	texte
signal to=above	signal to=below	signal to=right	signal to=above

\tikz [signal to=nowhere] \node [signal,signal from=above=45,draw,blue] {texte};			
texte	texte	texte	texte
signal from=above	signal from=below	signal from=right	signal from=above

texte	texte
signal from=east , signal to=west	signal from=south, signal to=north

\tikz \node [tape, draw,tape bend top=out and in] {texte};		
texte	texte	texte
tape bend top=out and in	tape bend bottom=out and in	tape bend bottom=in and in
texte	texte	texte
tape bend top=none	tape bend bottom=out and in tape bend top=out and in	tape bend bottom=in and out tape bend top=in and out (By default)

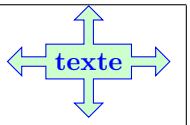
\tikz \node [tape, draw, tape bend height=1cm,blue] {texte};
texte
By default : tape bend height = 5pt

17.4 Arrow Shapes nodes

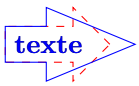
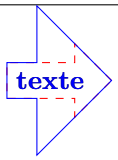
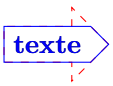
Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shapes.arrows}

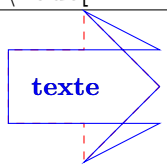
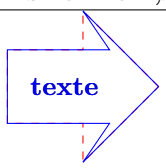
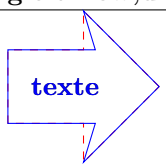
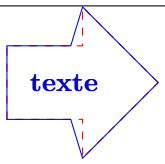
PGFmanual section : 67-5

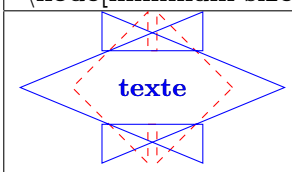
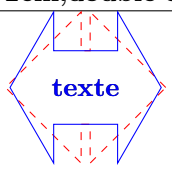
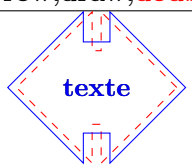
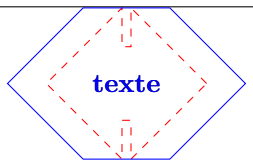
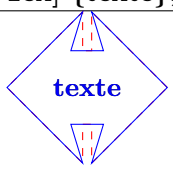
17.4.1 Available shapes

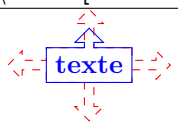
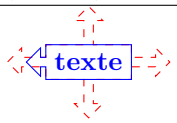
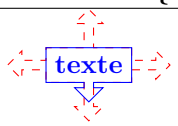
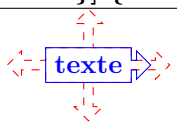
		
single arrow	double arrow	arrow box

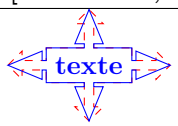
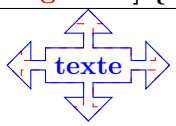
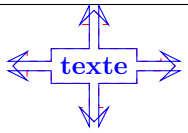
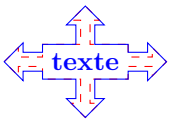
17.4.2 Options

\node[single arrow,draw,single arrow tip angle=45] {texte}; \node[single arrow,draw,single arrow head extend=.75cm] {texte};				
				
angle=45	angle=120	extend=.75cm]	extend=0cm	extend=-1mm
By default: single arrow tip angle= 90		By default: single arrow head extend=0.5cm		

\node[minimum size=2cm,single arrow,draw,single arrow head indent=1cm,blue] {texte};			
			
indent=1cm	indent=10pt	indent=1ex	indent=-1ex

\node[minimum size=2cm,double arrow,draw,double arrow tip angle=45] {texte}; \node[minimum size=2cm,double arrow,draw,double arrow head extend=1ex] {texte}; \node[minimum size=2cm,double arrow,draw,double arrow head indent=1ex] {texte};				
				
angle=45	angle=120	extend=1ex	extend=0	indent=1ex

\node [arrow box, draw, arrow box arrows={north:.25cm}] {texte};			
			
{north:.25cm}	{west:.25cm}	{south:.25cm}	{east:.25cm}
By default : 0.5 cm			

\node [arrow box, draw, arrow box tip angle=45] {texte};	
	
arrow box tip angle=45	arrow box head extend=.25cm
By default: 90	By default: 0.125cm
	
arrow box head indent=.25cm	arrow box shaft width=.25cm
By default : 0cm	By default : 0.125cm

17.5 Callout Shapes nodes

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shapes.callouts}

PGFmanual section : 67-7

17.5.1 Available shapes

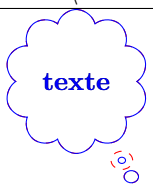
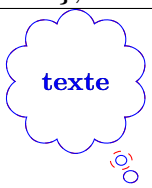
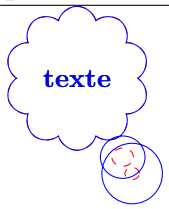
texte	texte	texte
ellipse callout	rectangle callout	cloud callout

17.5.2 Options

\node [rectangle callout,draw,callout absolute pointer=(0,1)] at (2,1) {texte};			
texte	texte	texte	texte
callout relative pointer={(0,1)}		callout absolute pointer={(0,1)}	
texte	texte	texte	texte
callout pointer shorten=.5cm			

\node [ellipse callout,draw,callout pointer arc=1] at (0,1.5) {texte};		
texte	texte	texte
callout pointer arc=1	callout pointer arc=30	callout pointer arc=90
By default : callout pointer arc=15		

\node[draw,cloud callout, aspect=2.5] {texte};		
texte	texte	texte
cloud puffs=5	aspect=2.5	cloud puff arc=120

\node [draw,cloud callout,callout pointer start size=.1] {texte};		
		
callout pointer start size=.1	start size=.8cm	start size=20pt and 1pt
By default : callout pointer start size =.2 of callout		
		
callout pointer end size=.5	callout pointer end size=.8cm	callout pointer segments=3
By default : callout pointer start size = .1 of callout		By default : segments=2

17.6 Miscellaneous Shapes nodes

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shapes.misc}

PGFmanual section : 67-8

17.6.1 Available shapes

texte	texte	texte	texte
cross out	strike out	rounded rectangle	chamfered rectangle

17.6.2 Options

Options for "rounded rectangle" :

\node [draw, rounded rectangle,rounded rectangle arc length=270] {texte};				
texte	texte	texte	texte	texte
270	180	120	90	45

\node [draw, rounded rectangle,rounded rectangle west arc=concave] {texte}; \node [draw, rounded rectangle,rounded rectangle left arc=concave] {texte};			
texte	texte	texte	texte
concave	convex	none	

\node [draw, rounded rectangle,rounded rectangle east arc=concave] {texte}; \node [draw, rounded rectangle,rounded rectangle right arc=concave] {texte};		
texte	texte	texte
concave	convex	none

Options for "chamfered rectangle" :

\node [draw, chamfered rectangle,chamfered rectangle angle=30] {texte};			
texte	texte	texte	texte
10	30	60	80
By default: 45			

\node [draw, chamfered rectangle,chamfered rectangle xsep=10pt] {texte};				
texte	texte	texte	texte	texte
xsep=0pt	xsep=5pt	xsep=10pt	xsep=-10pt	xsep=2cm
By default: 0.666ex				

\node [draw, chamfered rectangle,chamfered rectangle ysep=10pt] {texte};				
texte	texte	texte	texte	texte
ysep=0pt	ysep=5pt	ysep=10pt	ysep=-10pt	ysep=1cm

\node [draw, chamfered rectangle,chamfered rectangle ysep=10pt] {texte};				
texte	texte	texte	texte	texte
sep=0pt	sep=5pt	sep=10pt	sep=-10pt	sep=1cm

\node [draw, chamfered rectangle,chamfered rectangle corners=north west] {texte};		
texte	texte	texte
north west	{north east, south east}	{north east, south west}

17.7 Shapes with Multiple Text Parts

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shapes.multipart}

PGFmanual section : 67-6

```
\node [circle split,draw,fill=green!20]{haut \nodepart{lower} bas };
```

circle split	circle solidus	ellipse split	rectangle split
haut / bas	haut / bas	texte haut / texte bas	haut

```
\node[rectangle split,rectangle split parts=5,
draw]
{texte 1
\nodepart{second} texte 2
\nodepart{four} texte 3};

By default: rectangle split parts=4
```

texte 1
texte 2
texte 3

```
\node [rectangle split,rectangle split parts=3,rectangle split horizontal,draw,blue]
{texte1\nodepart{two}texte2\nodepart{three}texte3};
```

texte 1 | texte 2 | texte 3

```
\node[rectangle split,rectangle split parts=5,
draw]
{texte 1
\nodepart{second} texte 2a \\texte 2b \\
texte 2c
\nodepart{three} texte 3a \\ texte 3b };
```

texte 1
texte 2a
texte 2b
texte 2c
texte 3a
texte 3b

```
\node[rectangle split, draw,blue,minimum size = 2cm,rectangle split draw splits= true]
{texte 1 \nodepart{two} texte 2 \nodepart{three} texte 3 \nodepart{four} texte 4};
```

rectangle split draw splits= true By default	rectangle split draw splits= false
texte 1 / texte 2 / texte 3 / texte 4	texte 1 texte 2 texte 3 texte 4

```
\node [rectangle split,rectangle split parts=3,draw,rectangle split ignore empty parts=false]
{texte 1 \nodepart{second} \nodepart{third}texte 3};
```

rectangle split ignore empty parts=false	rectangle split ignore empty parts=true
texte 1 / texte 3	texte 1 / texte 3

\node [rectangle split,rectangle split parts=3,draw,rectangle split empty part depth=1cm] {texte 1 \nodepart{second} \nodepart{third}texte 3};	
texte 1 texte 3	texte 1 texte 3
rectangle split empty part depth=1cm	text depth=1cm
By default: 0ex	By default: 0ex
texte 1 texte 3	texte 1 texte 3
rectangle split empty part height=1cm	text height=1cm
By default: 1ex	By default: 1ex

\node [rectangle split,rectangle split parts=3,draw,rectangle split empty part width=1cm] {};	
rectangle split empty part width=2cm	By default: 1ex

texte 1 texte 2 texte 3 texte 4	\node[rectangle split, draw,blue,minimum size = 2cm, rectangle split part align={center, left,right}] {texte 1 \nodepart{two} texte 2 \nodepart{three} texte 3 \nodepart{four} texte 4};
texte 1 texte 2 texte 3 texte 4	\node[rectangle split, draw,blue,minimum size = 2cm, rectangle split horizontal, rectangle split part align={center,base, top,bottom}] {texte 1 \nodepart{two} texte 2 \nodepart{three} texte 3 \nodepart{four} texte 4};

	\node[rectangle split, draw,blue, minimum width=1cm, rectangle split part fill={red, green,cyan}]{};

17.8 Text attributes

17.8.1 Position

PGFmanual section : 17-4-3

\tikz \draw (0,0) node[fill=blue!10,text width=2cm,text justified] {Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm};			
Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm.	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .
without option	text justified	text centered	text ragged
Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm.	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .
text badly ragged	text badly centered	align=center	align=flush center
Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .
align=justify	align=flush right	align=right	align=flush left

17.8.2 Colors and Fonts

Texte.	*Texte.*	*Texte.*	Texte.	Texte.	Texte.
[text= red]	[font=\itshape]	[font=\slshape]	[font=\scshape]	[font=\upshape]	[font=\bfseries]

17.8.3 Font Sizes

\tikz \draw (0,0) node[font=\tiny]{Texte.}						
Texte.	Texte.	Texte.	Texte.	Texte.	Texte.	Texte.
\tiny	\footnotesize	\small	\large	\Large	\huge	\Huge

PGFmanual section : 17-4-4

Texte.	Texte.
text height=1cm	text depth=1cm

17.9 Positions on a node

17.9.1 For all types of node

PGFmanual section : 17-5-1

texte	texte	texte	texte
north west	north	north east	text
texte	texte	texte	texte
west	mid west	base west	base
texte	texte	texte	texte
east	mid esat	base east	mid
texte	texte	texte	texte
south east	south	south west	center
texte	texte	texte	
0	120	-60	

17.9.2 Specific to a node

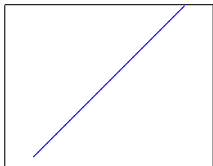
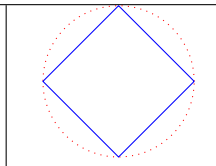
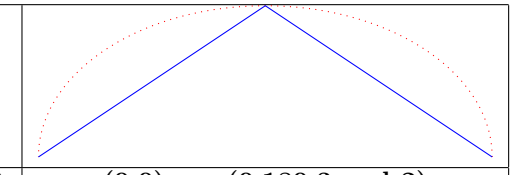
In a future version

18 Decorations

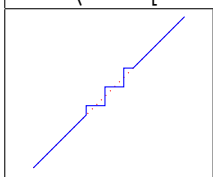
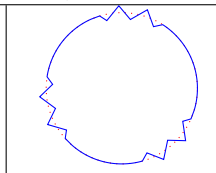
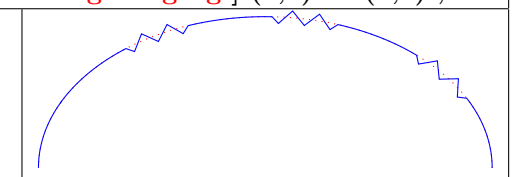
18.1 Library "decorations.pathmorphing"

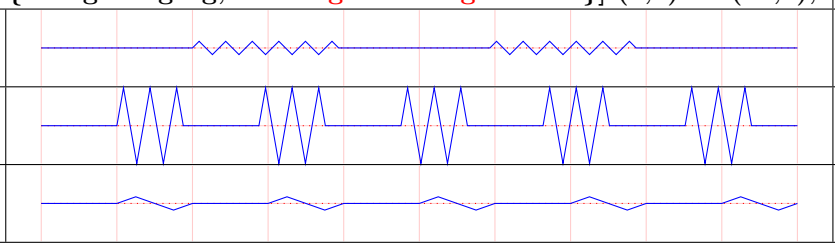
PGFmanual section : 48-2

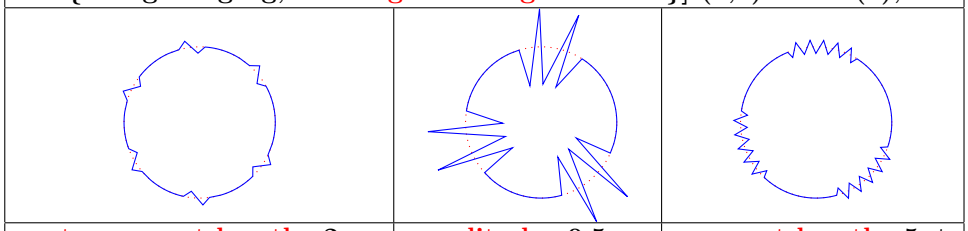
18.1.1 "lineto"

		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

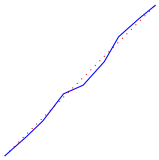
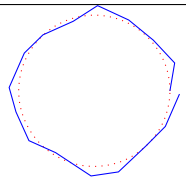
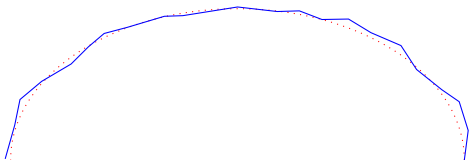
18.1.2 "straight zigzag"

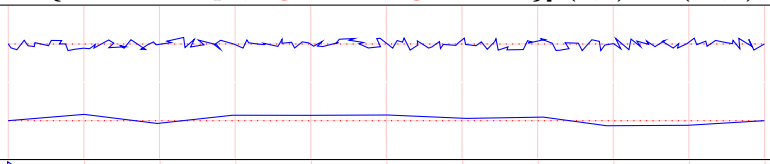
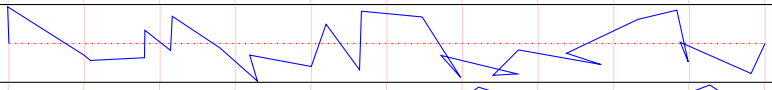
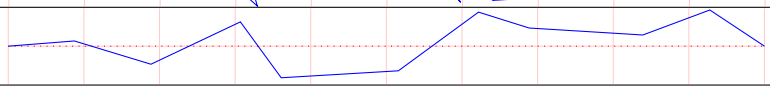
\draw[decorate,decoration=straight zigzag] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2);

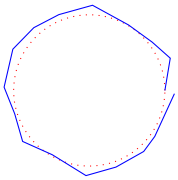
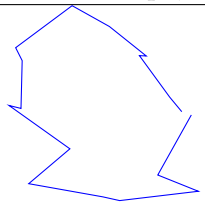
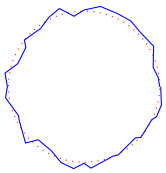
\draw[decorate,decoration={straight zigzag,meta-segment length=2cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
meta-segment length=2cm		1cm
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5pt
segment length=1cm		10pt

\draw[decorate,decoration= {straight zigzag,meta-segment length=0.5cm}] (1,1) circle (1);		
		
meta-segment length=2cm	amplitude=0.5cm	segment length=5pt

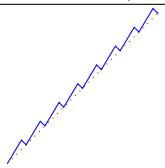
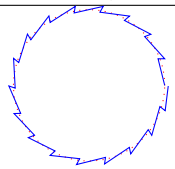
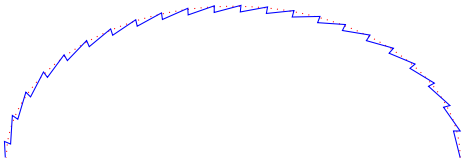
18.1.3 “random steps”

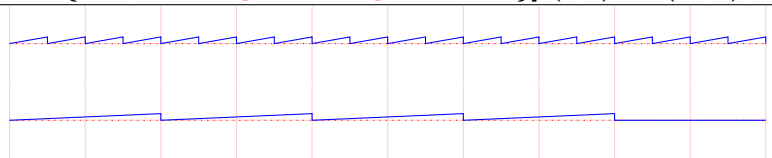
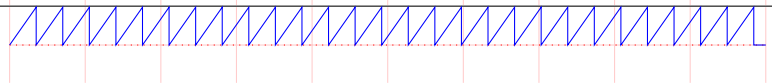
\draw[decorate,decoration=random steps] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
		
(0,0) – (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

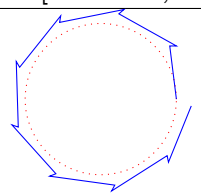
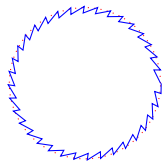
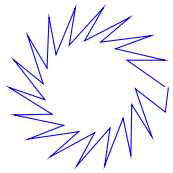
\draw[decorate,decoration={random steps,segment length=2cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
segment length=2pt segment length=1cm		10pt
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5pt
amplitude=0.5cm ,segment length=1cm		

\draw[decorate,decoration= {random steps,segment length=2cm}] (1,1) circle (1);		
		
meta-segment length=2cm	amplitude=0.5cm	segment length=5pt

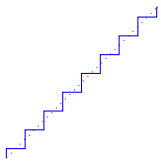
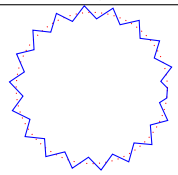
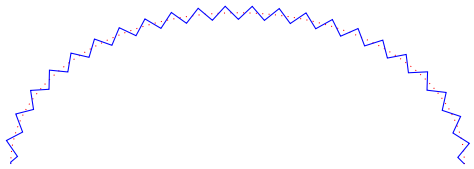
18.1.4 “saw”

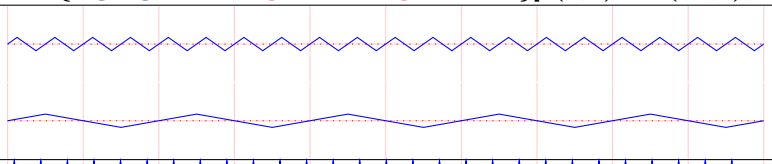
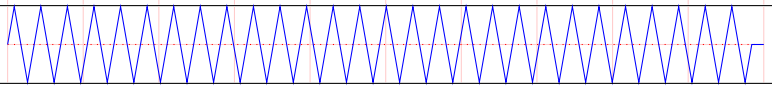
\draw[decorate,decoration=saw] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2);

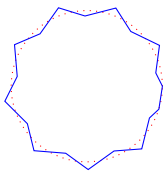
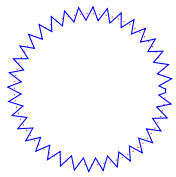
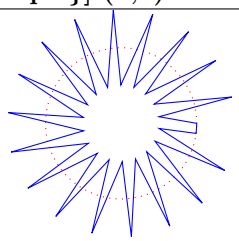
\draw[decorate,decoration={saw,meta-segment length=0.5cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
segment length=0.5cm segment length=2cm		10 pt
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5 pt

\draw[decorate,decoration={saw,segment length=20pt}] (1,1) circle (1);		
		
segment length=20pt	segment length=5pt	amplitude=0.5cm

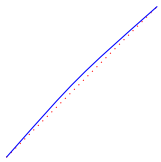
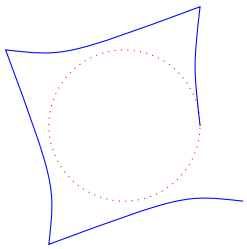
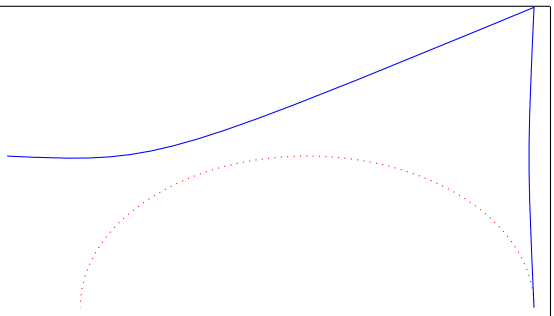
18.1.5 "zigzag"

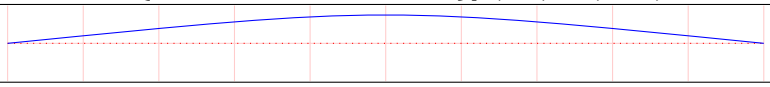
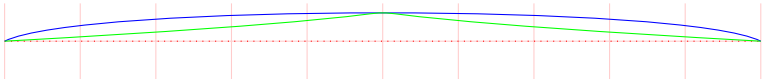
\draw[decorate,decoration=zigzag] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2);

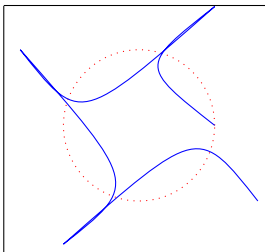
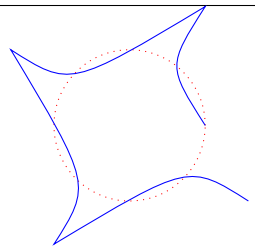
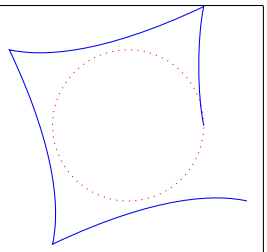
\draw[decorate,decoration={zigzag,meta-segment length=2cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
segment length=0.5cm segment length=2cm		10pt
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5 pt

\draw[decorate,decoration= {saw,segment length=20pt }] (1,1) circle (1);		
		
segment length=20pt	segment length=5pt	amplitude=0.5cm

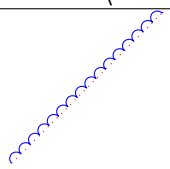
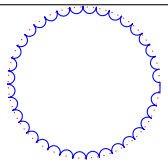
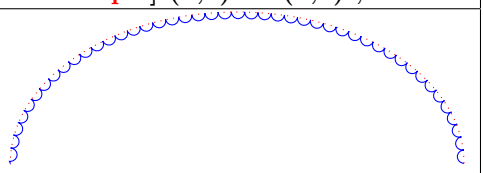
18.1.6 "bent"

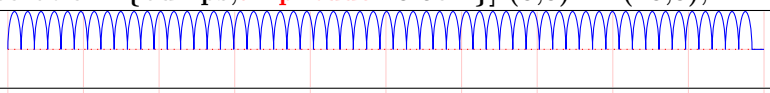
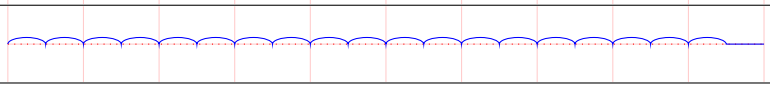
		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2);

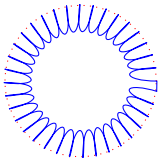
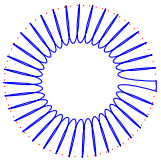
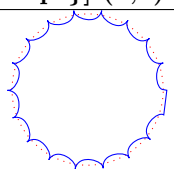
\draw[decorate,decoration={bent,amplitude=0.5cm}] (0,0) – (10,0);		By default
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5 pt
aspect=0.1 (en bleue) aspect=0.9 (en vert) amplitude=0.5cm		0.5

		
amplitude=1cm	amplitude=0.5cm	aspect=0.25

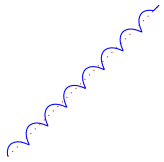
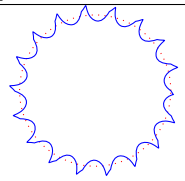
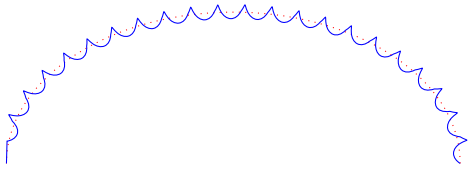
18.1.7 “bumps”

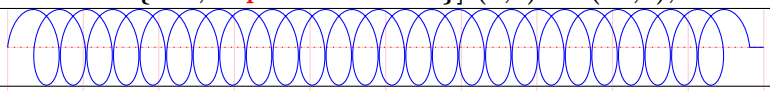
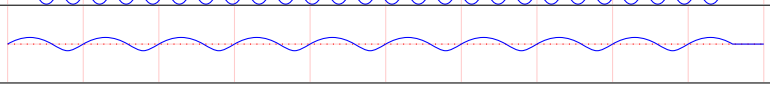
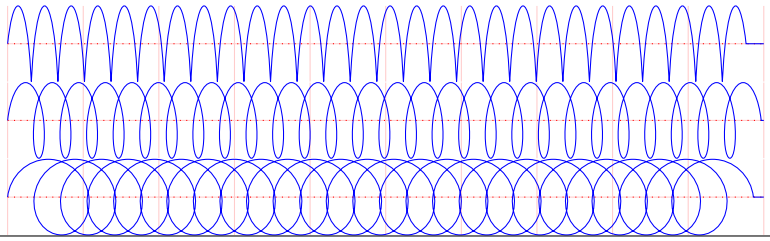
\draw[decorate,decoration=bumps] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

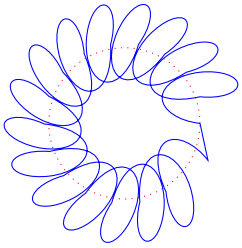
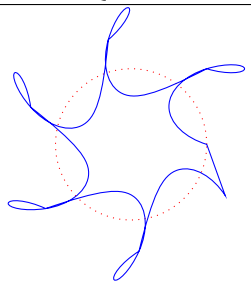
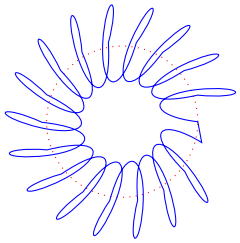
\draw[decorate,decoration={bumps,amplitude=0.5cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5 pt
segment length=1cm		10 pt

\draw[decorate,decoration= {bumps,amplitude=10pt}] (1,1) circle (1);		
		
amplitude=10pt	amplitude=0.5cm	segment length=20pt

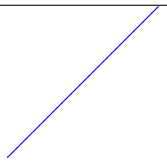
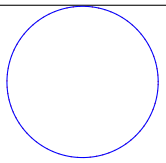
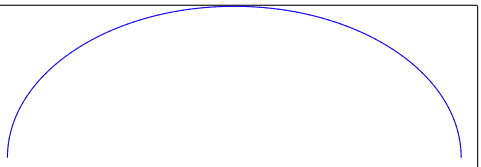
18.1.8 “coil”

\draw[decorate,decoration=coil] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

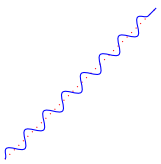
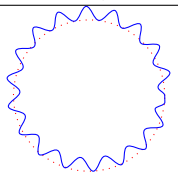
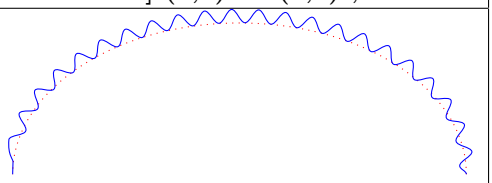
\draw[decorate,decoration={coil,amplitude=0.5cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5 pt
segment length=1cm		10 pt
aspect=0.1 (amplitude=0.5cm) aspect=0.3 aspect=0.9		0.5

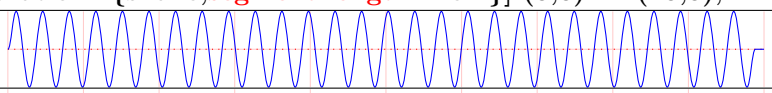
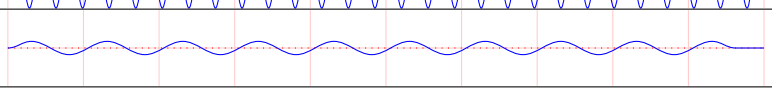
\draw[decorate,decoration= {coil,amplitude=0.5cm}] (1,1) circle (1);		
		
amplitude=0.5 cm	segment length=1cm amplitude=0.5cm	aspect=0.25 amplitude=0.5cm

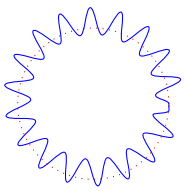
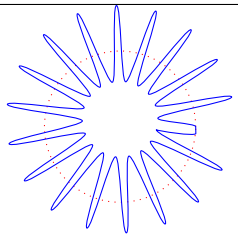
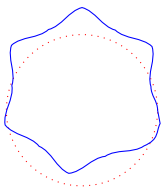
18.1.9 "curveto"

		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

18.1.10 "snake"

\draw[decorate,decoration=snake] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

\draw[decorate,decoration={snake,segment length=2cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5 pt
segment length=1cm		10 pt

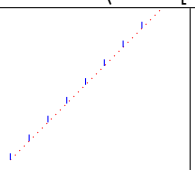
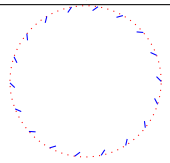
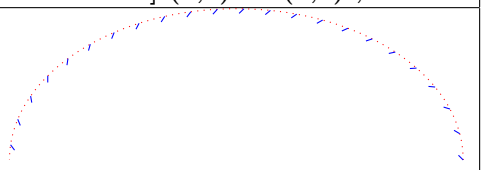
\draw[decorate,decoration= snake, amplitude=5pt] (1,1) circle (1);		
		
amplitude=5pt	**amplitude=0.5cm**	**segment length=5pt**

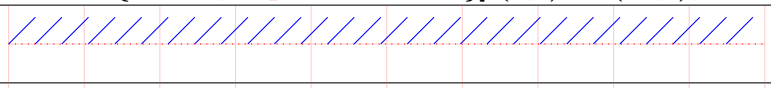
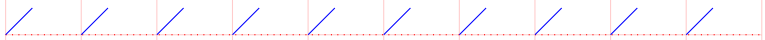
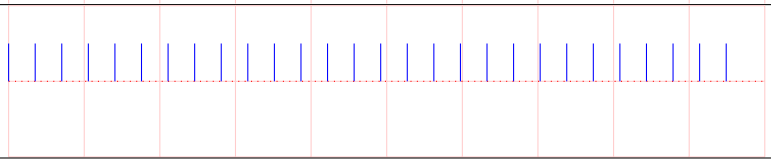
18.2 Library “decorations.pathreplacing”

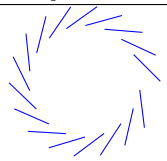
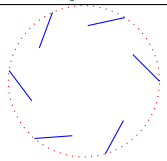
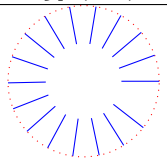
Load package : \usetikzlibrary{decorations.pathreplacing}

PGFmanual section : 48-3

18.2.1 “border”

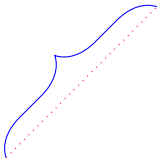
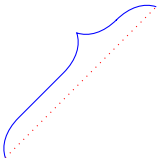
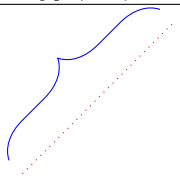
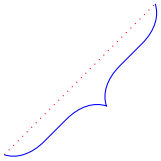
\draw[decorate,decoration=border] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

\draw[decorate,decoration={border,amplitude=0.5cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5 pt
segment length=1cm , amplitude=0.5cm		10 pt
angle=90 , amplitude=0.5cm		45

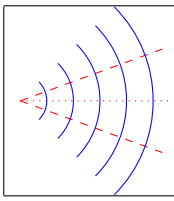
\draw[decorate,decoration= {border,amplitude=0.5cm}] (1,1) circle (1);		
		
amplitude=0.5cm	segment length=1cm ,amplitude=0.5cm	angle=90 ,amplitude=0.5cm

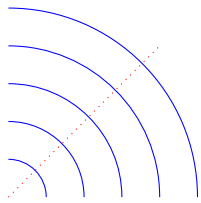
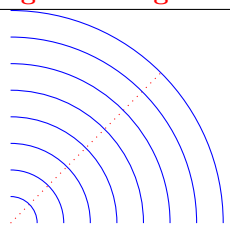
18.2.2 “brace”

	\draw [decorate,decoration=brace] (0,0) - - (3,1);

\draw[decorate,decoration= {brace,amplitude=0.5cm}] (1,1) circle (1); ;			
			
amplitude=0.5cm	aspect=0.65 ,amplitude = 0.5cm	raise= 0.25cm ,amplitude = 0.5cm	mirror ,amplitude = 0.5cm
By default: 2.5	By default: 0.5	By default: 0	

18.2.3 "expanding waves"

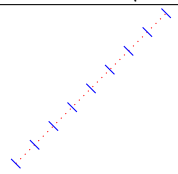
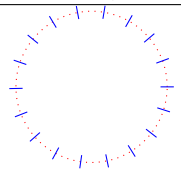
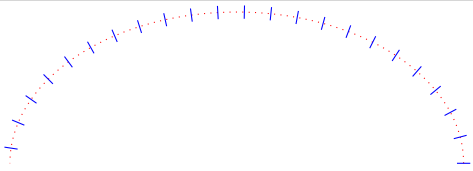
	\draw [dashed,red](0,0) - - (20:2) ; \draw [dashed,red](0,0) - - (-20:2) ; \draw [decorate,decoration={expanding waves}](0,0) - - (2,0) ;

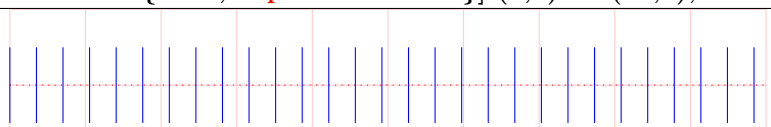
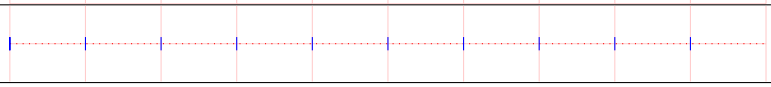
\draw[decorate,decoration= {expanding waves,segment length=0.5cm}] (1,1) circle (1);	
	
segment length=0.5cm	angle=45
By default: 10pt	By default: 20

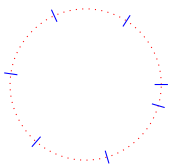
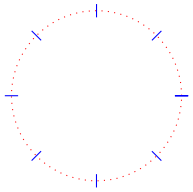
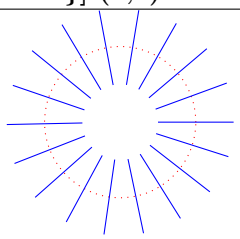
18.2.4 "moveto"

see page 120

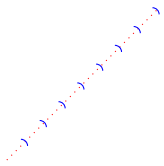
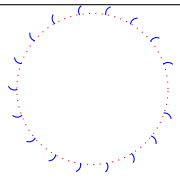
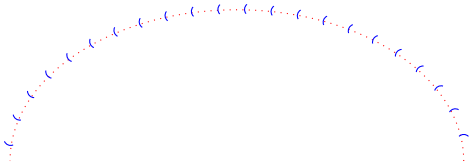
18.2.5 "ticks"

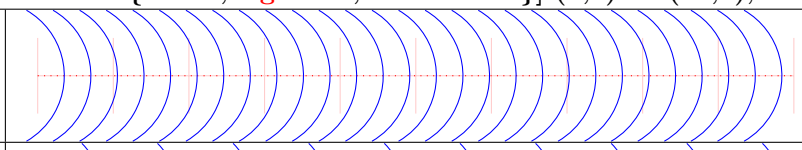
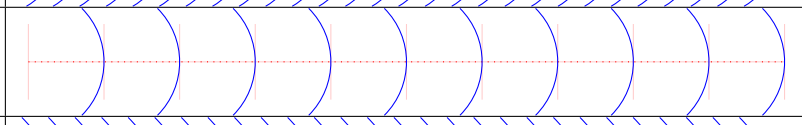
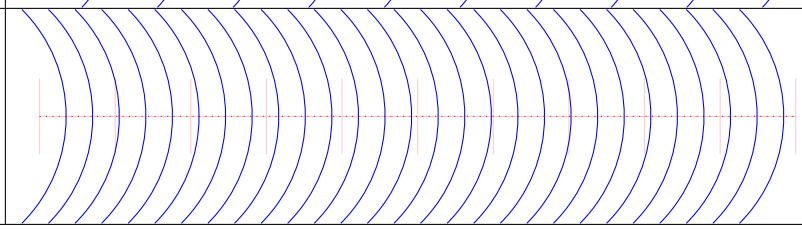
\draw[decorate,decoration=ticks] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

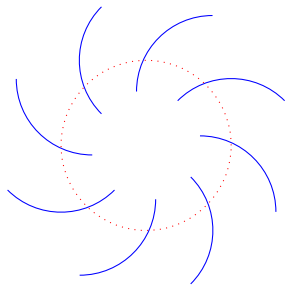
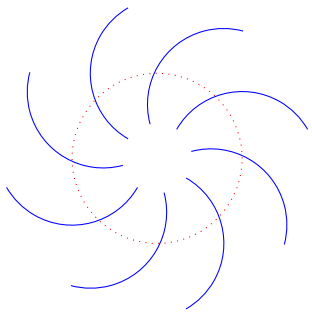
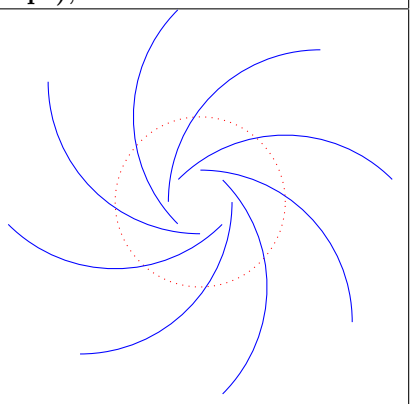
\draw[decorate,decoration={ticks,amplitude=0.5cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5 pt
segment length=1cm		10 pt

\draw[decorate,decoration= {ticks,segment length=1cm}] (1,1) circle (1);		
		
segment length=1cm (1,1) circle (1)	segment length=pi*8 (1,1) circle (32pt)	amplitude=0.5cm (1,1) circle (1)

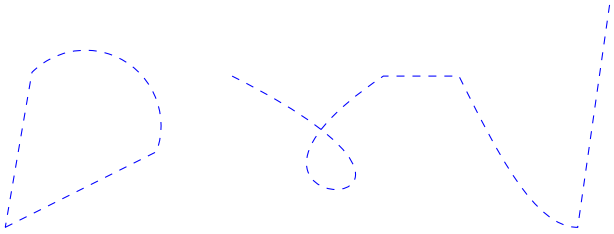
18.2.6 "waves"

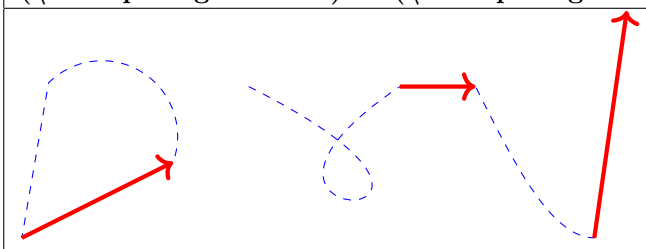
\draw[decorate,decoration=waves] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

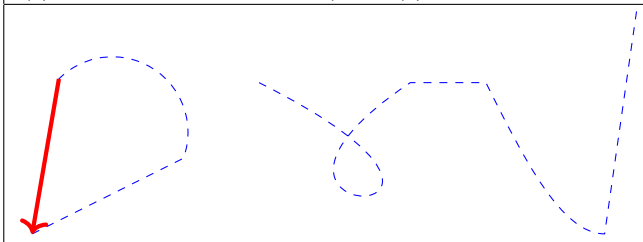
\draw[decorate,decoration={waves,angle=60,radius=1cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
angle=60		45
segment length=1cm		10 pt
radius=2cm		10 pt

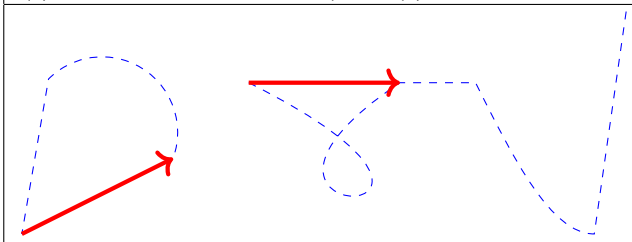
\draw[decorate,decoration= {waves,segment length=pi*8, radius=1cm}] (1,1) circle (32pt);		
		
segment length = pi*8	angle=60 , segment length = pi*8	radius=2cm , segment length = pi*8

18.2.7 “show path construction”

path to decorate
\draw [blue,dashed] (0,0) - - (2,1) arc (-20:135:1) - - cycle (3,2) .. controls (7,0) and (2,0) .. (5,2) - - (6,2) sin (7.57,0) - - (8,3) ;


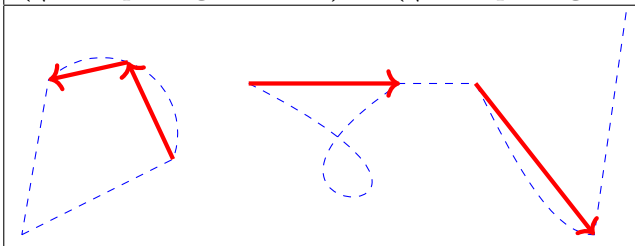
Linear components : “lineto”
decoration={ show path construction, lineto code={ \draw [red,ultra thick,->] (\tikzinputsegmentfirst) - - (\tikzinputsegmentlast); },}


Path terminations : “closepath”
decoration={ show path construction, closepath code={ \draw [red,ultra thick,->] (\tikzinputsegmentfirst) - - (\tikzinputsegmentlast); },}


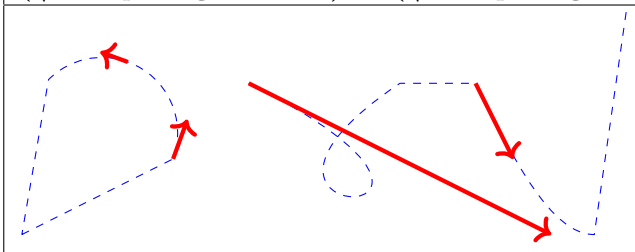
Broken paths : “moveto”
decoration={ show path construction, moveto code={ \draw [red,ultra thick,->] (\tikzinputsegmentfirst) - - (\tikzinputsegmentlast); },}


Curved segments : “curveto”

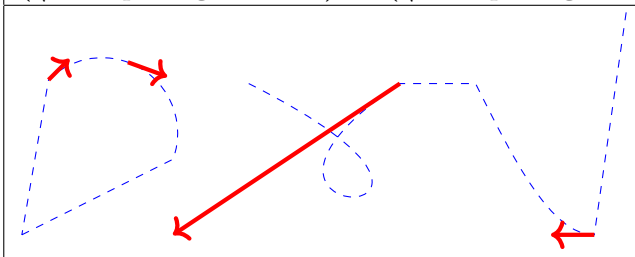
```
decoration={ show path construction,
curveto code={ \draw [red,ultra thick,->]
(\tikzinputsegmentfirst) - - (\tikzinputsegmentlast); },}
```



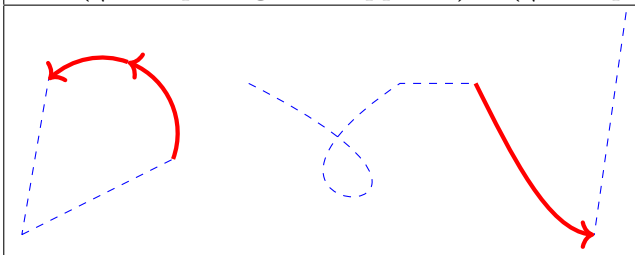
```
decoration={ show path construction,
curveto code={ \draw [red,ultra thick,->]
(\tikzinputsegmentfirst) - - (\tikzinputsegmentsupporta); },}
```



```
decoration={ show path construction,
curveto code={ \draw [red,ultra thick,->]
(\tikzinputsegmentlast) - - (\tikzinputsegmentsupportb); },}
```



```
decoration={ show path construction,
curveto code={ \draw [red,ultra thick,->]
(\tikzinputsegmentfirst) .. controls (\tikzinputsegmentsupporta)
and (\tikzinputsegmentsupportb) .. (\tikzinputsegmentlast) ; },}
```



.. controls (7,0) and (2,0) .. (5,2) don't work !

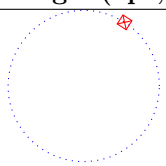
18.3 Library "decorations.markings"

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{decorations.markings}

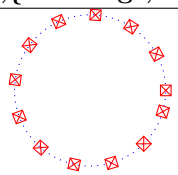
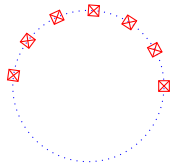
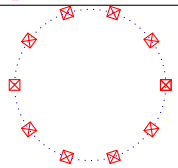
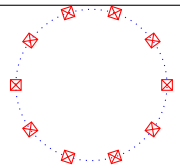
PGFmanual section : 48-4

18.3.1 Personal mark at one position

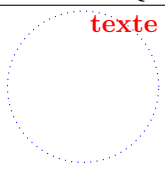
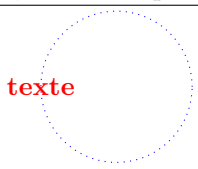
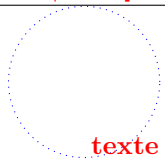
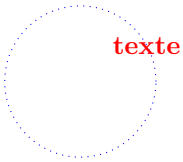
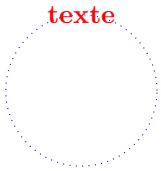
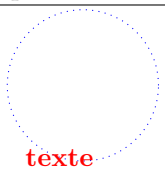
```
\draw [decorate,decoration={markings,mark=at position 1cm
with { \draw[red] (-2pt,-2pt) - - (2pt,2pt); \draw[red](2pt,-2pt) - - (-2pt,2pt);
\draw[red] (-2pt,-2pt) rectangle (2pt,2pt);  }}] (1,1) circle (1);
```



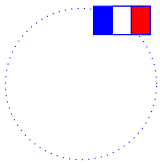
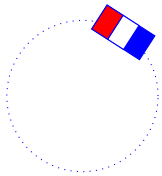
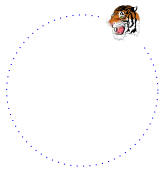
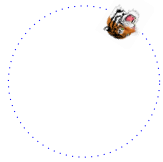
18.3.2 Marks between positions with step size

\draw[decorate,{markings,mark=between positions 0 and 1 step 5mm with ... }] (1,1) circle (1);;	
	
mark=between positions 0 and 1 step 5mm	between positions 0 and 0.5 step 5mm
	
mark= between positions 0 and 1 step 1/10	between positions 0 and 1 step0.1

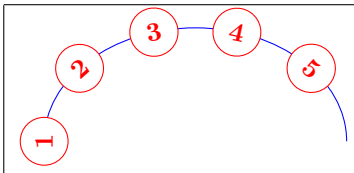
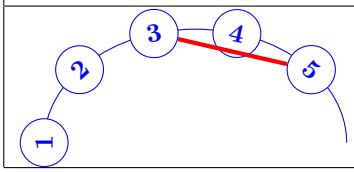
18.3.3 Marks with a text node

decoration={markings,mark=at position 1cm with \node[red]{texte}}		
		
at position 1cm	at position 0.5	at position -1cm
		
at position 1cm/2	at position 0.5/2	at position -0.5/2

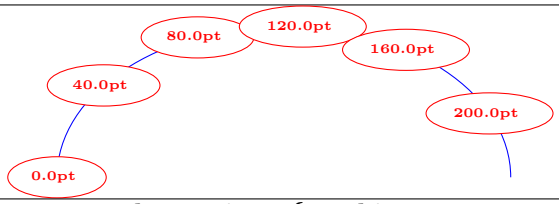
18.3.4 Mark with a picture node

\draw [decorate,decoration={markings,mark=at position 1cm with \node{\DFR}; }] (1,1) circle (1);	
	
\node{\DFR}	\node[transform shape]{\DFR}
	
\node{ \includegraphics[width=0.5cm]{tiger} }	\node[transform shape]{ \includegraphics[width=0.5cm]{tiger} }

18.3.5 Numbered marks

	decoration={markings, mark=between positions 0 and 1 step 0.2 with { \node [draw , circle ,fill=white, name= marque-\pgfkeysvalueof{/pgf/decoration/mark info/sequence number}, transform shape] {\pgfkeysvalueof{/pgf/decoration/mark info/sequence number}};}}
	\draw [red,ultra thick] (marque-3) - - (marque-5);

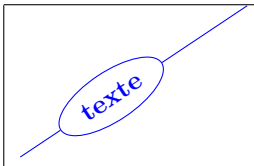
18.3.6 Marks info



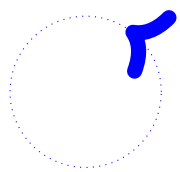
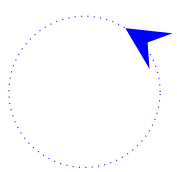
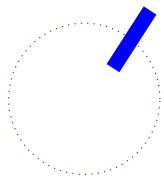
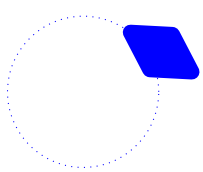
decoration={markings,
mark=between positions 0 and 1 step 40pt with
{ \node [red,draw,ellipse,fill=white,font=\tiny]
{\pgfkeysvalueof{/pgf/decoration/mark info/distance from start} };} }

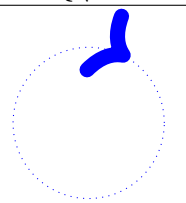
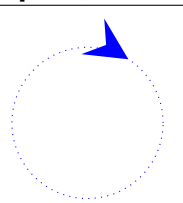
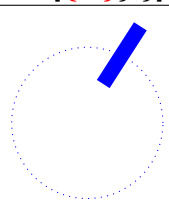
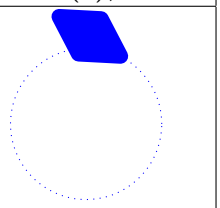
/pgf/decoration/reset marks (no value)
/pgf/decoration/mark connection node=node name (no default, initially empty)

18.3.7 Mark with a connection node

	\draw [decorate,decoration={markings, mark connection node=mon noeud,mark=at position 0.4 with {\node [draw,ellipse,blue,transform shape] (mon noeud) {texte};}}] (0,0) – (3,2) ;

18.3.8 Arrow Tip Markings

\draw[decorate,decoration={ markings,mark=at position 1cm with {\arrow[blue,line width=2mm]{>}};}] (1,1) circle (1);			
			
{>}	{stealth }	{|}	{diamond}
Other possibilities see page 21			

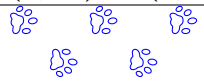
\draw[decorate,decoration={markings,mark=at position 1cm with {\arrowreversed[blue,line width=2mm]{>}};}] (1,1) circle (1);			
			
{>}	{stealth }	{|}	{diamond}

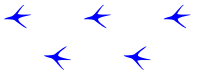
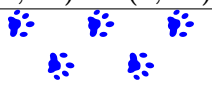
18.4 Library “decorations.footprints”

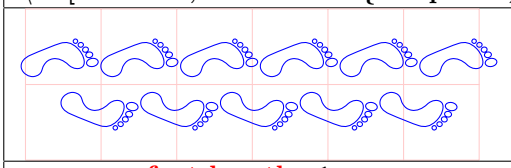
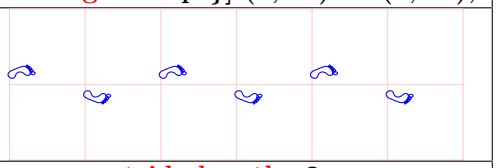
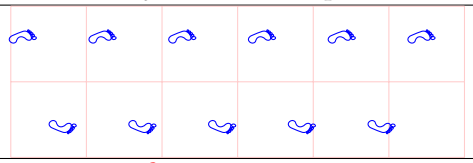
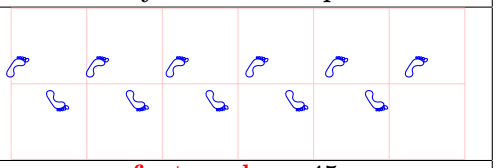
Load package : \usetikzlibrary{decorations.footprints}

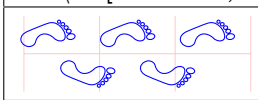
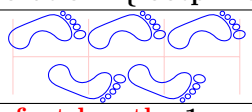
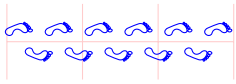
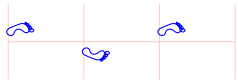
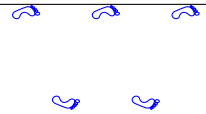
PGFmanual section : 48-5-2

\tikz \draw[decorate,decoration=footprints] (0,0) – (10,0);

\draw[decorate,decoration={footprints,foot of = gnome }] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);			
			
foot of = gnome	foot of = human (By default)	foot of = bird	foot of = felis silvestris

\fill[decorate,decoration={footprints,foot of = gnome}] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);			
			
foot of = gnome	foot of = human	foot of = bird	foot of = felis silvestris

\fill[decorate,decoration={footprints,foot length=20pt}] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);	
	
foot length=1cm	stride length=2cm
By default : 10pt	By default : 30pt
	
foot sep=1cm	foot angle = 45
By default : 4pt	By default : 10

\fill[decorate,decoration={footprints,foot length=20pt}] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);			
			
foot length=20pt	foot length=1cm	stride length=15pt	stride length=2cm
By default : foot length=10pt		By default : stride length=30pt	
			
foot sep=10pt	foot sep=1cm	foot angle = -45	foot angle = 45
By default : foot sep=4pt		By default : foot angle=10	

18.5 Library “decorations.shapes”

18.5.1 Introduction

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{decorations.shapes}

PGFmanual section : 48-5-3

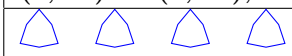
\draw[decorate,decoration=crosses] (0,0) - - (3,0);		
crosses	triangles	shape backgrounds

\draw[decorate,decoration={crosses,segment length=1cm}](0,0) - - (10,0);	
segment length = 1cm	
shape width = 1cm	
shape height = 1cm	
shape size = 1cm	
By default: shape width = shape height = 2.5pt	

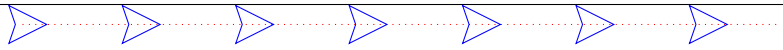
18.5.2 “shape backgrounds”

\draw[decorate with=dart] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);			
dart	diamond	rectangle	circle
star	regular polygon	signal	kite
Other possibilities or parameters see from page 81			

Shapes available	
Syntax	\draw[decorate,decoration={ shape backgrounds,shape=dart, shape size=.5cm,shape sep=1cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);
Other syntax	\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape size=.5cm,shape sep=1cm}] (0,0) – (10,0);
dart	
rectangle	
cloud	
star	
starburst	
tape	
kite	
signal	
By default: shape= circle	
Other possibilities see page 81	

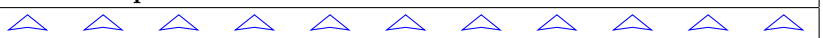
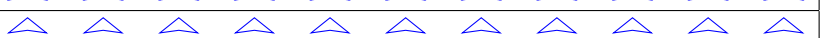
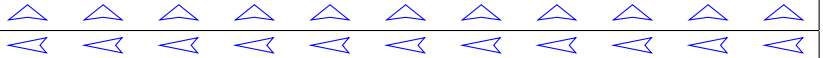
Parameters			
\draw[decorate with=star,star points=3,decoration={shape size=.5cm,shape sep=1cm}] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);			
			
star points=3	star points=4	star points=5	star points=8
\draw[decorate with=star,paint=green,decoration={shape size=.5cm,shape sep=1cm}] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);			
paint=green	double	ultra thick	star point ratio = 3

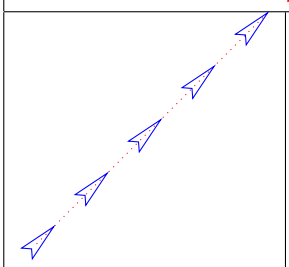
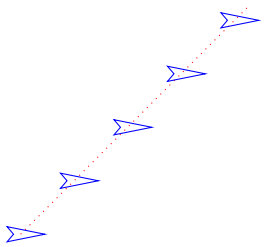
Spacing	
\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape size=.5cm, shape sep=1cm}] (0,2.5) - - (10,2.5);	
shape sep={1cm}	
shape sep={2cm}	
By default: shape sep= 0.25cm	

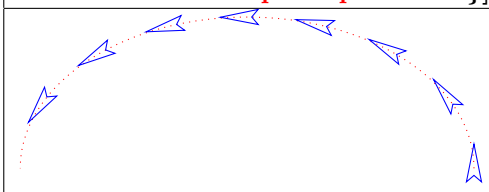
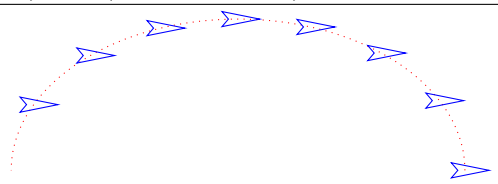
Type of spacing	
\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape size=.5cm, shape sep={1cm,between centers}}] (0,2.5) - - (10,2.5);	
between centers	
between borders	
By default: between centers	

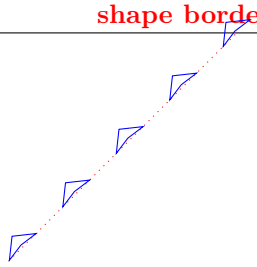
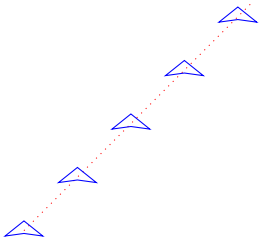
Automatic spacing	
\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape size=.5cm, shape evenly spread=5}] (0,0) - - (10,0);	
shape evenly spread=5	
shape evenly spread=10	

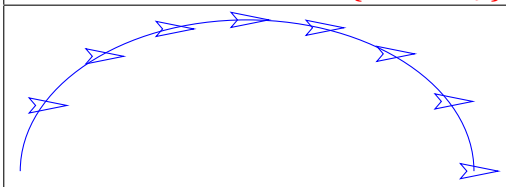
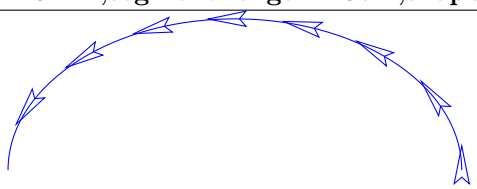
Orientation :

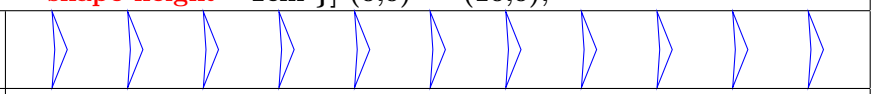
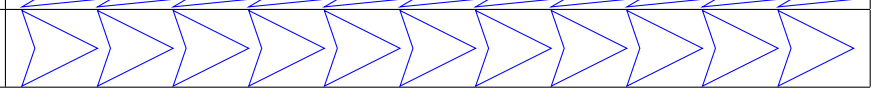
” shape border rotate “	
shape border rotate=90	
shape border rotate=45	
shape border rotate=180	

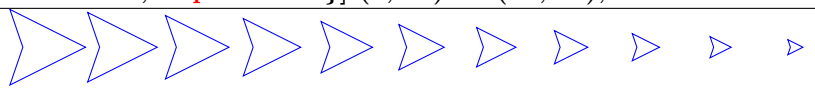
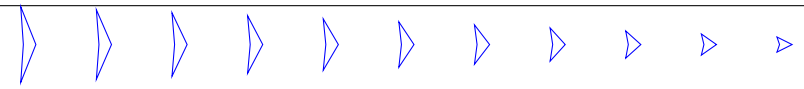
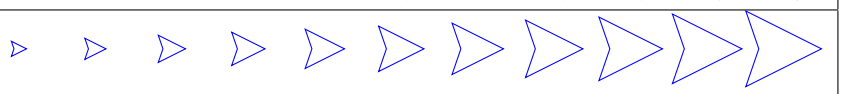
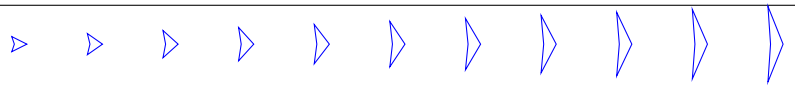
“shape sloped”	
\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape width=.5cm,shape sep=1cm, shape sloped=true }] (0,0) - - (3,3);	
	
shape sloped=true	shape sloped=false
By default: shape sloped=true	

\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape width=.5cm,shape sep=1cm, shape sloped=true}] (0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2);	
	
shape sloped=true	shape sloped=false
By default: shape sloped=true	

\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape width=.5cm,shape sep=1cm, shape border rotate=90,shape sloped=true }] (0,0) - - (3,3);	
	
shape sloped=true	shape sloped=false

"shift only"	
decoration= transform={shift only},shape width=5mm,segment length=.5cm,shape sep=1cm	
	
avec	sans

Dimensions	
\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape size=.5cm, shape height= 1cm }] (0,0) - - (10,0);	
shape height=1cm	
shape width=1cm	
shape size=1cm	

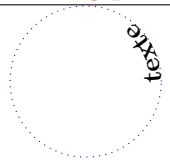
\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape size=.5cm, shape start size=1cm,shape scaled }] (0,2.5) - - (10,2.5);	
shape start size=1cm	
shape start height=1cm	
shape start width=1cm	
shape end size=1cm	
shape end height=1cm	
shape end width=1cm	

18.6 Library “decorations.text”

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{decorations.text}

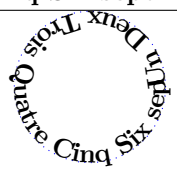
PGFmanual section : 48-6

```
\draw[decorate,decoration={text along path,text={texte}}] (1,1) circle (1);
```



Text too long

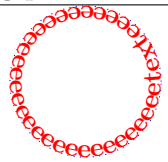
```
\draw[decorate,decoration={text along path,
text={Un Deux Trois Quatre Cinq Six sept Huit Neuf Dix}}] (1,1) circle (1);
```



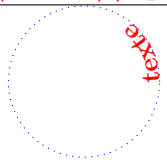
Text format

```
\draw [decorate,decoration={text along path, text=avant |\red | texte | | après }]
```

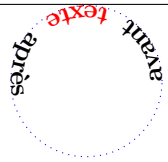
text={avant |\red|texte|| après }



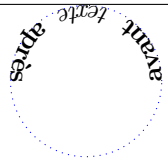
text={ |\red|texte|| }



text={ |\red|texte|| {} }



avant | \red| texte || après

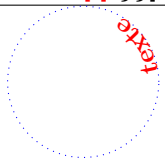


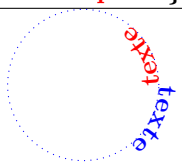
avant | \it| texte || après

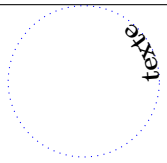
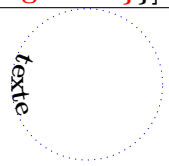
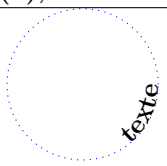
avant | \Huge| texte || après

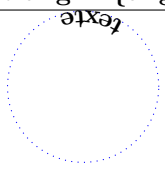
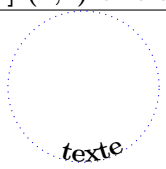
```
\draw [decorate,decoration={text along path,
text={avant |\Large|Visual |+\bf\color{red}|Tikz|| après }}] (1,1) circle (1);
```

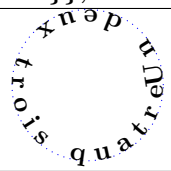
```
\draw [decorate,decoration={text along path,text format delimiters={[}{]},
text={ [ \red ] texte [ ] }}] (1,1) circle (1);
```

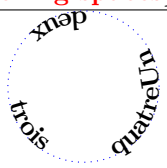


Text orientation
\draw[decorate,decoration={text along path,text={texte}, text color=blue, reverse path }] (1,1) circle (1);


Text position		
\draw[decorate,decoration={ text along path,text={texte}, text align={align=left}}] (1,1) circle (1);		
		
align={align=left }	align={align=center }	align={align=right }

\draw[decorate,decoration={text along path,text={texte}, text align={align=left,left indent=1cm} }] (1,1) circle (1);	
	
align={align=left,left indent=1cm}	align={align=right,right indent=1cm}

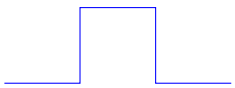
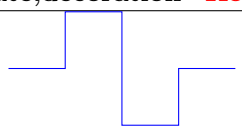
Fit to path
\draw [decoration={text along path, text={Un deux trois quatre }, text align={fit to path}}, decorate] (1,1) circle (1);


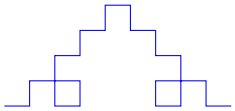
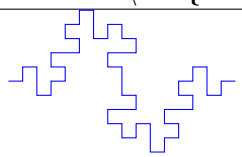
Fit to path stretching spaces
\draw [decoration={text along path, text={Un deux trois quatre }, text align={fit to path stretching spaces}}, decorate] (1,1) circle (1);


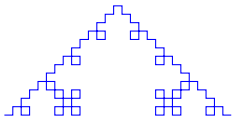
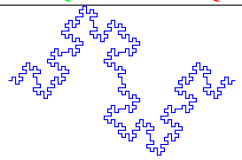
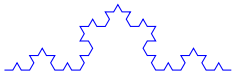
18.7 Library “decorations.fractals”

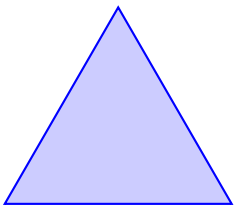
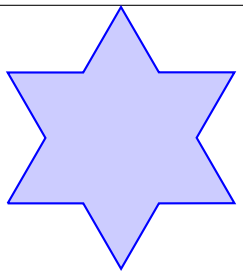
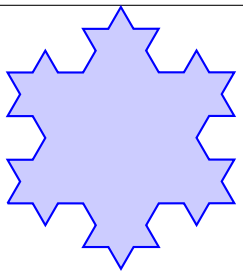
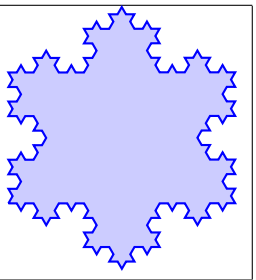
Load package : \usetikzlibrary{decorations.fractals}

PGFmanual section : 48-7

\draw[decorate,decoration=Koch curve type 1] (0,0) - - (3,0);			
			
Koch curve type 1	Koch curve type 2	Koch snowflake	Cantor set

\begin{tikzpicture}[decoration=Koch curve type 1] \draw decorate { decorate { (0,0) – (3,0) }}; \end{tikzpicture}			
			
Koch curve type 1	Koch curve type 2	Koch snowflake	Cantor set

\draw decorate { decorate { decorate { (0,0) - - (3,0) } } };			
			
Koch curve type 1	Koch curve type 2	Koch snowflake	Cantor set

			
sans	1 decorate	2 decorate	3 decorate

18.8 Applications

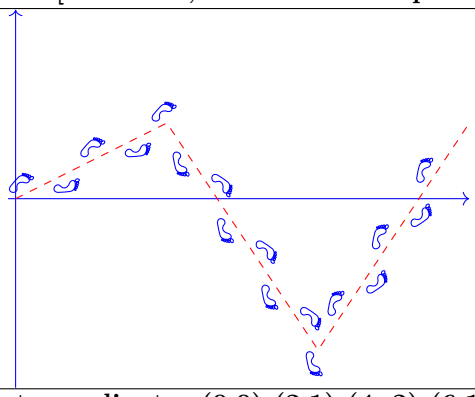
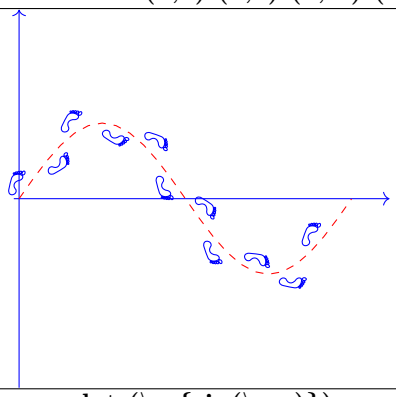
18.8.1 Node decoration

\node [draw,decorate,decoration={bumps, minimum height=2cm, minimum width=3cm}] {texte};	
texte	texte
decoration=bumps	decoration=footprints
texte	Texte
decoration={random steps , amplitude = 1pt }	starburst,decoration={random steps, segment length=3pt , amplitude=2pt}
Texte	texte Un Deux Trois Quatre Cinq Six Sept Huit
ellipse,decoration=zigzag	decoration= {text along path,text= {Un Deux Trois Quatre Cinq Six Sept Huit Neuf} }

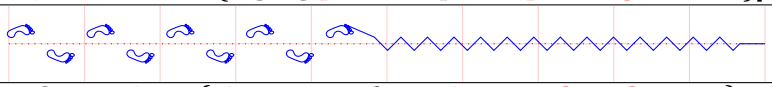
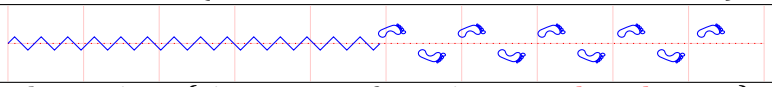
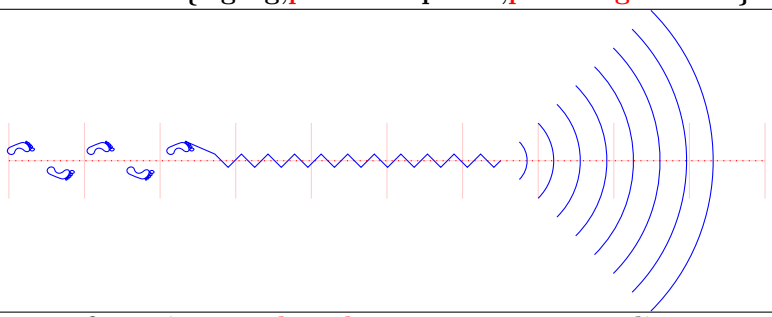
18.8.2 Node link decoration

\draw [decorate,decoration=snake](A) – (B);		
B A	B A	B A
decoration=snake (A)- - (B)	decoration=coil (A) |- (B)	decoration=footprints (A) -| (B)
B A	B A	B A
decoration=coil (A) to [bend right] (B)	decoration=zigzag (A) to[bend left=120] (B)	decoration=ticks (A) to[out=30] (B)

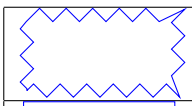
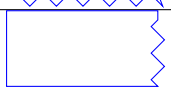
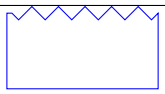
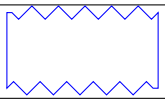
18.8.3 Graph decoration

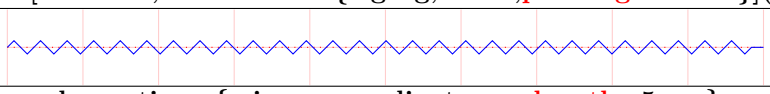
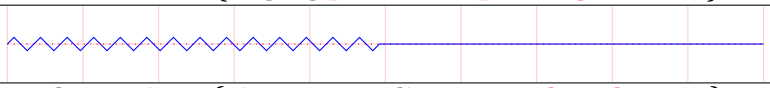
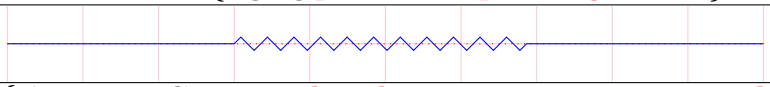
\draw[decorate,decoration=footprints] plot coordinates (0,0) (2,1) (4,-2) (6,1) ;	
	
plot coordinates (0,0) (2,1) (4,-2) (6,1)	plot (\x,{sin(\x r)})

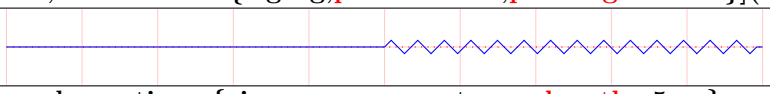
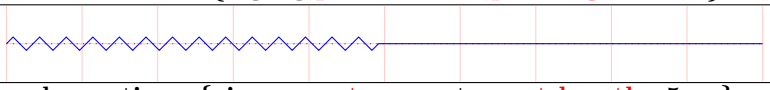
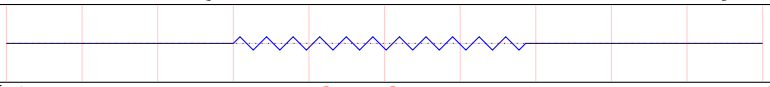
18.8.4 Various decoration

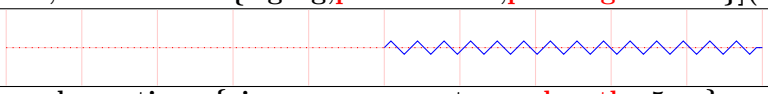
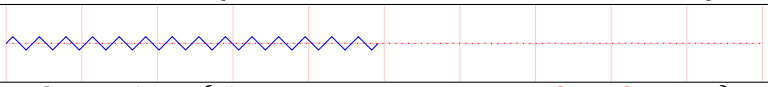
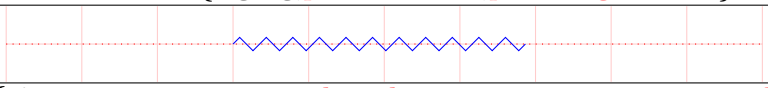
\draw [decorate, decoration={zigzag,pre=footprints,pre length=5cm}](0,0) – (10,0);

decoration={zigzag,pre=footprints,pre length=5cm}

decoration={zigzag,post=footprints,post length=5cm}

decoration={zigzag,pre=footprints,pre length=3cm, ,post=expanding waves,post length=3cm}

18.8.5 Partial decoration

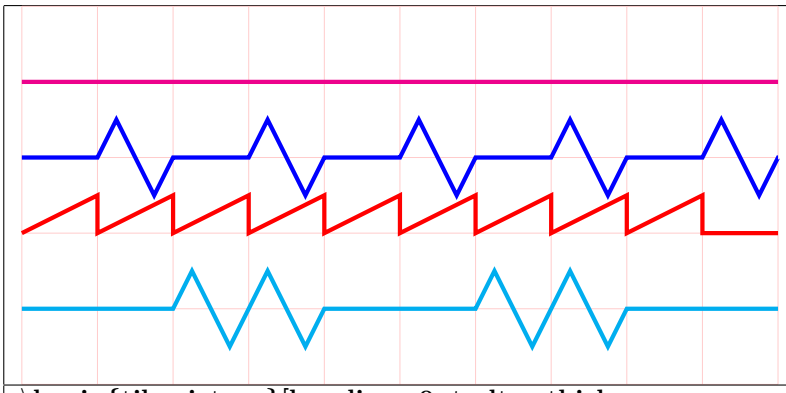
	\draw [decorate,decoration=zigzag] (0,0) – (2,0) – (2,1) – (0,1)– cycle;
	\draw [decoration=zigzag] (0,0) – (2,0) decorate{– (2,1)} – (0,1)– cycle;
	\draw [decorate,decoration=zigzag] (0,0) – (2,0) – (2,1) – decorate{(0,1)}– cycle;
	\draw [decorate,decoration=zigzag] (0,0) decorate{– (2,0)} – (2,1) – decorate{(0,1)}– cycle;

“lineto” \draw [decorate, decoration={zigzag,lineto,pre length=5cm}](0,0) – (10,0);

decoration={ zigzag,pre=lineto,pre length=5cm }

decoration={zigzag,post=lineto,post length=5cm}

decoration={zigzag,pre=lineto,pre length=3cm, ,post=curveto,post length=3cm}

“curveto”
\draw [decorate, decoration={zigzag,pre=curveto,pre length=5cm}](0,0) – (10,0);

decoration={zigzag,pre=curveto,pre length=5cm}

decoration={zigzag,post=curveto,post length=5cm}

decoration={zigzag,pre=curveto,pre length=3cm, ,post=curveto,post length=3cm}

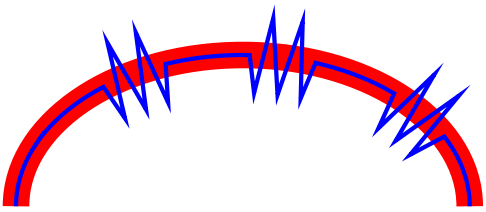
“moveto”
\draw [decorate, decoration={zigzag,pre=moveto,pre length=5cm}](0,0) – (10,0);

decoration={zigzag,pre=moveto,pre length=5cm}

decoration={zigzag,post=moveto,post length=5cm}

decoration={zigzag,pre=moveto,pre length=3cm, ,post=moveto,post length=3cm}

18.8.6 Global and partial parameters



```
\begin{tikzpicture}[baseline=0pt,ultra thick,
decoration={straight zigzag,amplitude=0.5cm,segment length=1cm}]
\draw[red!20,ultra thin] (0,-2) grid (10,3);
\draw[magenta] (0,2) – (10,2);
\draw[blue,decorate] (0,1) – (10,1);
\draw[red,{decorate,decoration=saw}] (0,0) – (10,0);
\draw[cyan,decorate,decoration=meta-segment length=2cm] (0,-1) – (10,-1);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

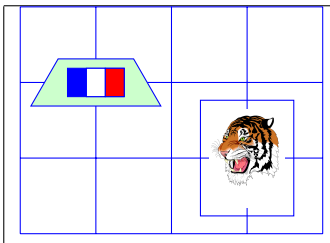
18.8.7 Path and its decoration "Postaction"



```
\draw [postaction={decorate,blue,draw,ultra thick,
decoration={straight zigzag,amplitude=0.5cm}}]

[red,line width = 10pt ] (0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2);
```

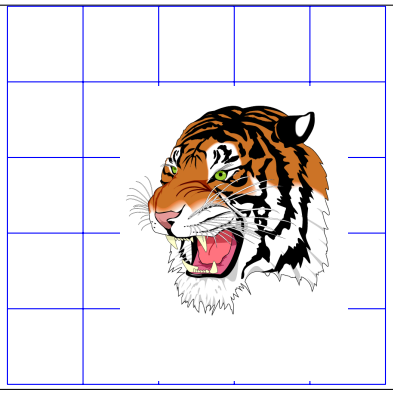
19 Pictures in a TikZ picture

19.0.1 In a node



```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\draw (0,0) grid (5,3);
\node [fill=green!20,trapezium,draw] at (1,2) {\DFR };
78
\node [draw] at (3,1) {\includegraphics[width=1cm]{tiger} };
\end{tikzpicture}
```

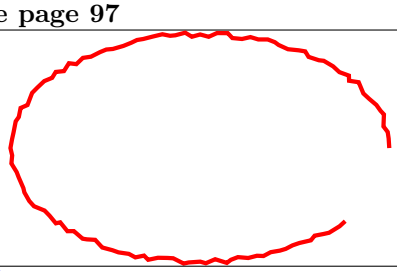
19.0.2 With pgfdeclareimage



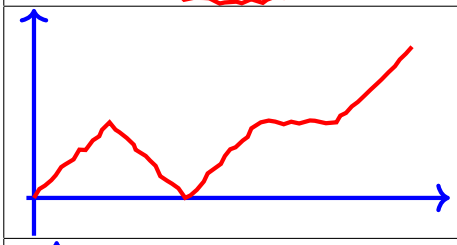
```
\pgfdeclareimage[width=3cm]{ttt}{tiger}

\begin{tikzpicture}
\draw (0,0) grid (5,5);
\draw (3,2) node {\pgfuseimage{ttt}} ;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

20 Freehand drawing

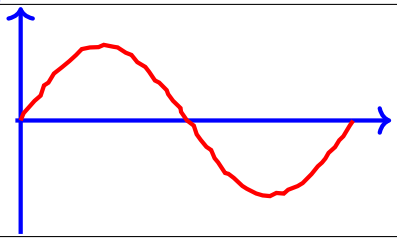
see page 97



```
\draw[decorate,decoration={random steps, amplitude=1pt,segment length=3pt}] (0,0) arc (0:320:2.5 and 1.5);
```



```
\draw[decorate,decoration={random steps, amplitude=1pt,segment length=3pt}] plot coordinates (0,0) (1,1) (2,0) (3,1) (4,1) (5,2);
```



```
\draw[decorate, decoration={random steps, amplitude=1pt,segment length=3pt}] plot (\x,sin(\x r));
```

21 Special effect

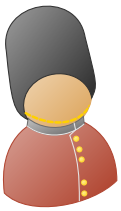
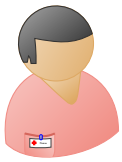
21.1 Tikzpeople

Load package : \usepackage{tikzpeople} [4] [a]

[a] conflit \usetikzlibrary{patterns} page 17 : placer cette commande en premier

\tikz \node[alice] at (0,0) ;	

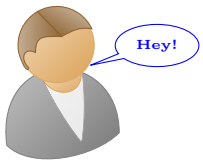
21.1.1 available characters

\tikz \node[alice,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;						
alice	bob	bride	builder	businessman	charlie	chef
						
conductor	cowboy	criminal	dave	graduate	groom	guard
						
jester	judge	mexican	nun	nurse	physician	pilot
police	priest	sailor	santa	surgeon		

21.1.2 Options

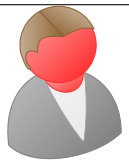
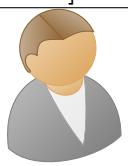
\tikz \node[businessman,evil,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
evil	female	good	mirrored	monitor

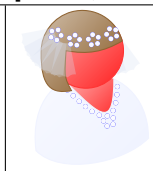
21.1.3 Anchor specific

	\begin{tikzpicture}[blue] \node[name=a,shape=bob,minimum size=1.5cm] {}; \node at (1.25,.5) [ellipse callout, draw, callout absolute pointer{(a.mouth)}, font=\tiny] Hey!; \end{tikzpicture}

21.1.4 Colors

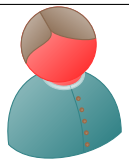
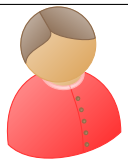
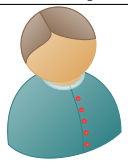
\tikz \node[alice,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;			
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	details=red

\tikz \node[bob,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;			
			
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	details=red

\tikz \node[bride,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
				
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	pearls=red	veil=red

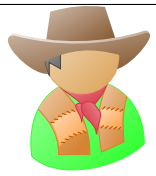
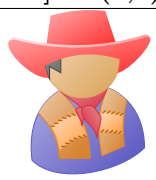
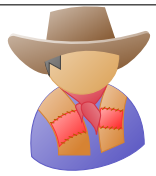
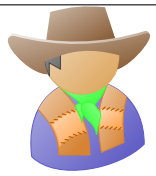
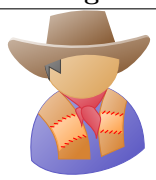
\tikz \node[builder,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	trousers=red	hat=red

\tikz \node[businessman,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	tie=red	undershirt=red	monogram=red

\tikz \node[charlie,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;			
			
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	buttons=red

\tikz \node[chef,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=red	details=red

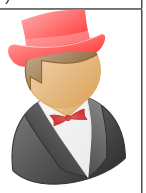
\tikz \node[conductor,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=red	hatshield=red
undershirt=red	shirt=red	hatbadge=red	badge=red	

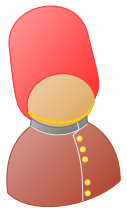
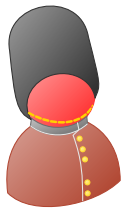
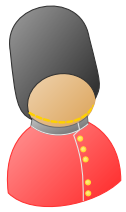
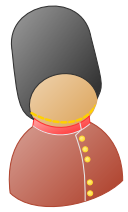
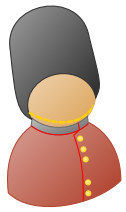
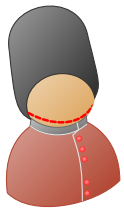
\tikz \node[cowboy,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;			
			
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=green	hat=red
			
patches=red	tie=green	stitching=red	vest=red

\tikz \node[criminal,hat=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;			
hat=red	skin=red	shirt=red	details=red

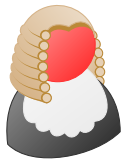
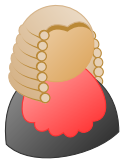
\tikz \node[dave,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	undershirt=green	tie=green

\tikz \node[graduate,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	undershirt=red	stripes=red	hat=red

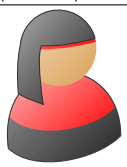
\tikz \node[groom,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
					
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	undershirt=green	tie=green	hat=red

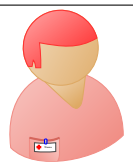
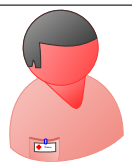
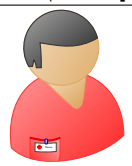
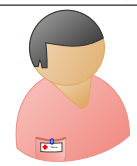
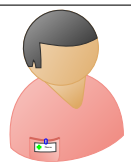
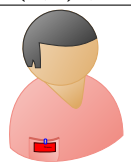
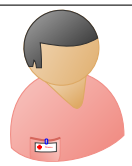
\tikz \node[guard,hat=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
					
hat=red	skin=red	shirt=red	collar=red	lining=red	details=red

\tikz \node[jester,hat=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=yellow	hat=red	pattern=yellow [2]	details=blue

\tikz \node[judge,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
				
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	undershirt=red	hairshadow=red

\tikz \node[mexican,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;						
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=green	ringtop=red	ringmid=red	ringbot=yellow

\tikz \node[nun,plaid=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;		
		
plaid=red	skin=red	shirt=red

\tikz \node[nurse,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;						
						
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	badgeclip=green	redcross=green	badge=red	badgename=red

\tikz \node[physician,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=red	stethoscope=red	tube=red

\tikz \node[pilot,hat=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;						
hat=red	skin=red	shirt=red	undershirt=red	visor=red	straps=red	decoration=red

\tikz \node[police,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;			
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=red
badge=red	hatbadge=red	hatshield=red	undershirt=red

\tikz \node[priest,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=red	collar=red	cross=red

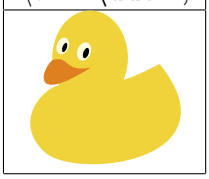
\tikz \node[sailor,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;						
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=red	undershirt=red	stripes=red	details=red

\tikz \node[santa,hat=green,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
hat=green	skin=green	shirt=green	beard=green	details=green

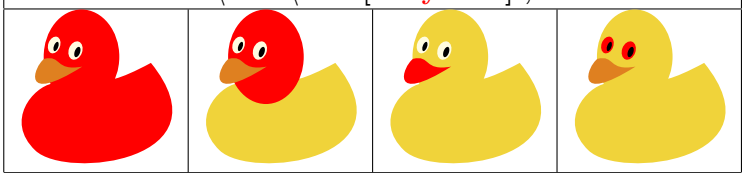
\tikz \node[surgeon,hat=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
hat=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hair=red	mask=red

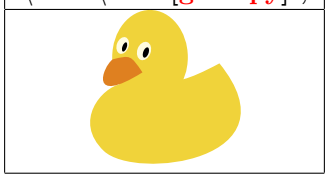
21.2 Ducks

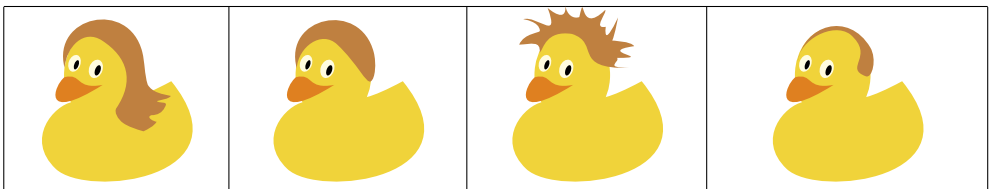
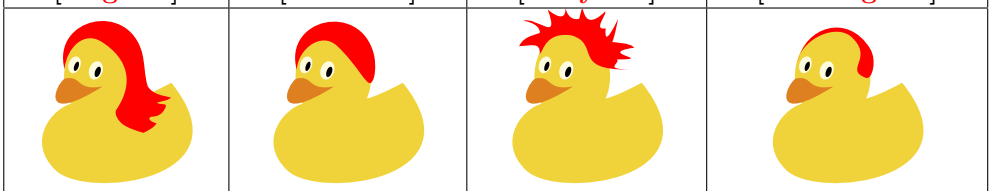
Load package : \usepackage{tikzducks} [5]

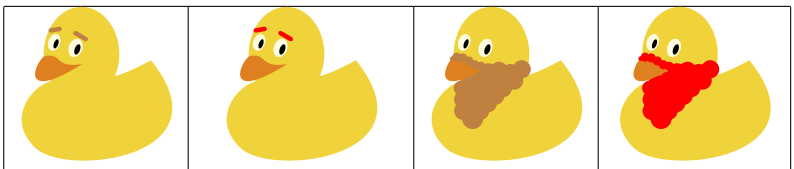
\tikz \duck ;


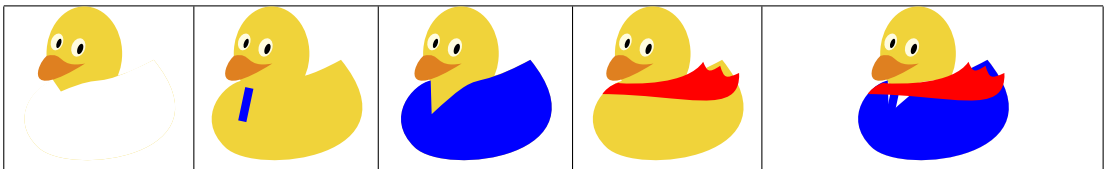
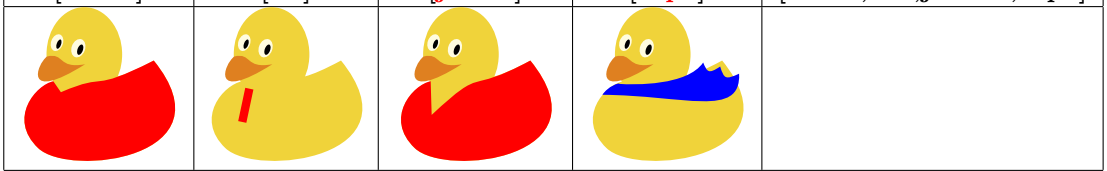
21.2.1 Options

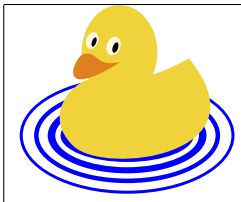
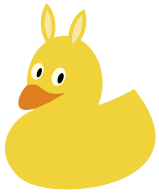
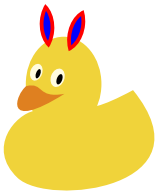
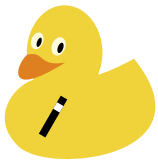
\tikz \duck[body=red] ;			
			
[body=red]	[head=red]	[bill=red]	[eye=red]

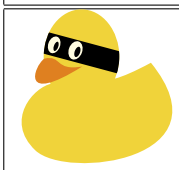
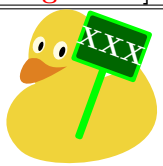
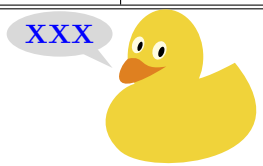
\tikz \duck[grumpy] ;


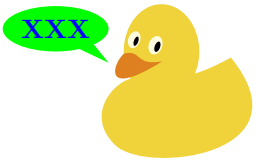
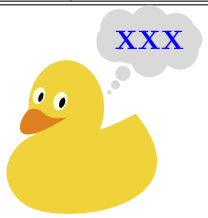
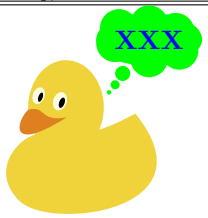
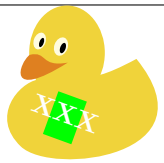
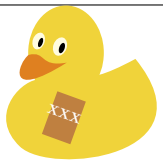
			
[longhair]	[shorthair]	[crazyhair]	[recedinghair]
			
[longhair=red]	[shorthair=red]	[crazyhair=red]	[recedinghair=red]

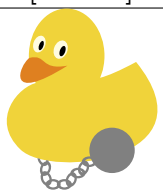
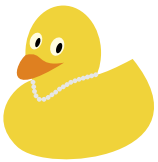
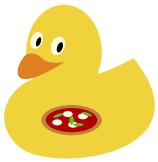
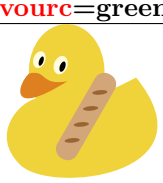
			
[eyebrow]	[eyebrow=red]	[beard]	[beard=red]

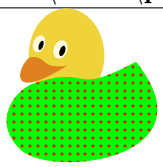
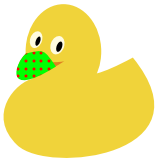
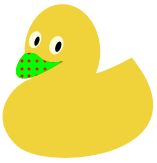
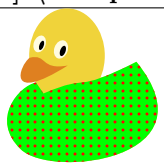
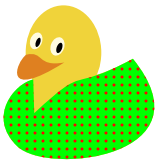
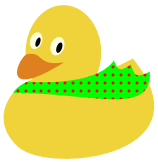
				
[tshirt]	[tie]	[jacket]	[cape]	[tshirt,tie ,jacket ,cape]
				
[tshirt=red]	[tie=red]	[jacket=red]	[cape=blue]	

				
[water]	[alien]	[hat]	[tophat]	[cap]
[santa]	[graduate]	[graduate,tassel]	[beret]	[peakedcap]
				
[crown]	[unicorn]	[bunny]	[bunny=red,inear=blue]	[witch]
				
[magicwand]	[magichat]	[magichat, magicstars]	[glasses]	[sunglasses]

				
[mask]	[signpost=42]	[signpost=XXX, signcolour=green]	[signpost=XXX, signback=green]	[speech={XXX}]

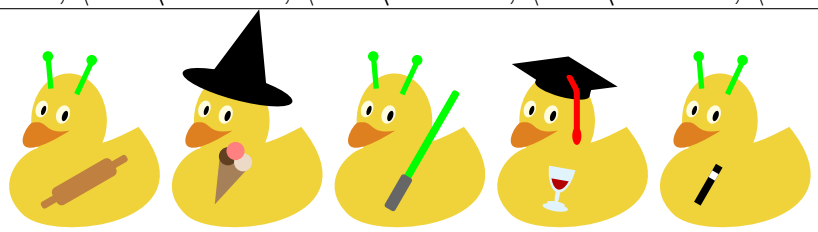
			
[speech=XXX, bubblecolour=green]	[think={XXX}]	[think=XXX, bubblecolour=green]	[book={XXX}]
			
[book=XXX, bookcolour=green]	\tikz \duck[book= \scalebox{0.5}{XXX}]	\tikz \duck[signpost=\scalebox{0.4}{ \parbox{2cm} \centering XXX ; XXXXX}]	

[cricket]	[hockey]	[football]	[lightsaber]	[torch]
				
[prison]	[necklace]	[icecream]	[icecream, flavoura=green]	[icecream, flavourb=green]
				
[icecream, flavourc=green]	[chef]	[rollingpin]	[cake]	[pizza]
				
[baguette]	[milkshake]	[wine]		

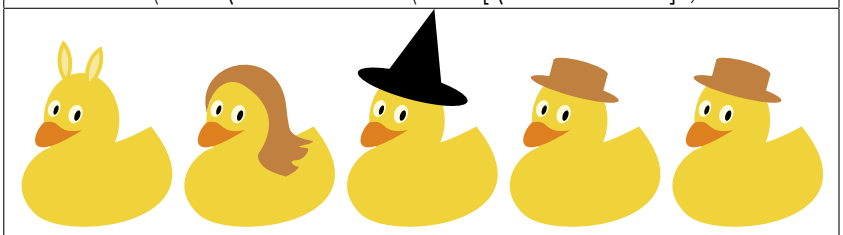
\tikz \duck \path[preaction={fill,green},pattern=dots, pattern color=red] \duckpathbody ;			
			
\duckpathbody	\duckpathgrumpybill	\duckpathbill	\duckpathtshirt
			
\duckpathjacket	\duckpathcape	\duckpathshorthair	\duckpathlonghair
\duckpathcrazyhair	\duckpathrecedinghair	\duckpathcrown	

21.2.2 Random ducks

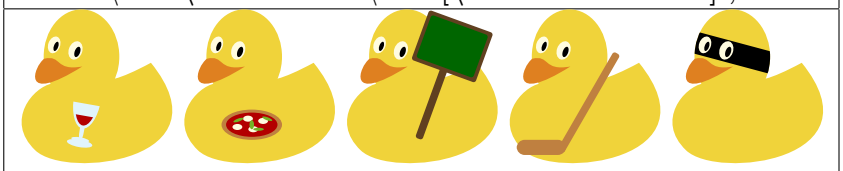
```
\tikz \randuck ; \tikz \randuck ; \tikz \randuck ; \tikz \randuck ; \tikz \randuck ;
```



```
\tikz \shuffleducks \duck[\randomhead] ;
```

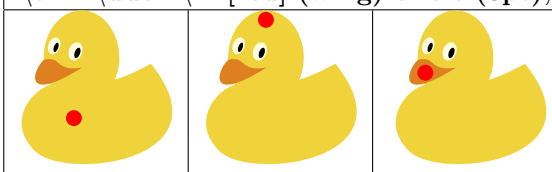


```
\tikz \shuffleducks \duck[\randomaccessories] ;
```



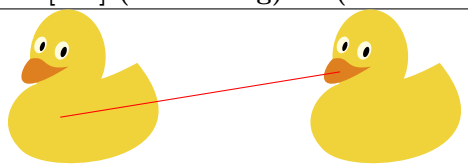
21.2.3 Coordinates

```
\tikz \duck \fill[red] (wing) circle (3pt);
```



wing	head	bill

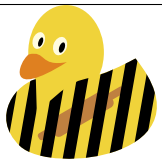
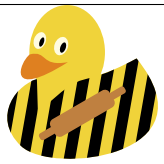
```
\tikz \duck[name=XXX]
\begin{scope} [xshift=4cm] \duck[name=YYY] \end{scope}
\draw[red] (XXX-wing) - - (YYY-bill) ;
```

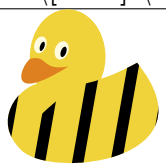
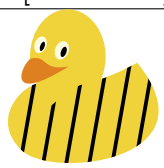
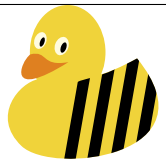
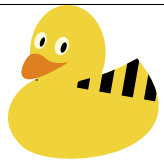


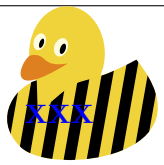
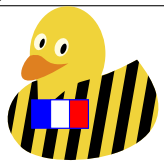
21.2.4 Stripes

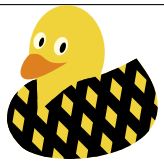
```
\tikz \duck \stripes ;
```

```
\tikz \duck[stripes] ;
```

	
\tikz \duck[rollingpin] \stripes ;	\tikz \duck[rollingpin,stripes] ;

\tikz \[duck] \stripes[color=red];			
			
[color=red]	[distance=.5]	[width=.05]	[height=1]
By defaultblack	By default0.3	By default0.15	By default2.7
			
[rotate=45]	[initialx=1]	[initialy=1]	
By default-10	By default0.1	By default-0.3	

\tikz \[duck] \stripes[emblem=XXX];		
		
[emblem=XXX]	[emblem={\includegraphics [width=6mm]{LogoIUT} }]	[emblem={\DFR}]
		\DFR : see page 78

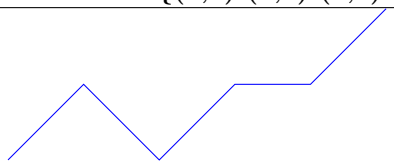

\tikz \duck[stripes={ \stripes \stripes[rotate=45] }] ;

22 Creating Graphs

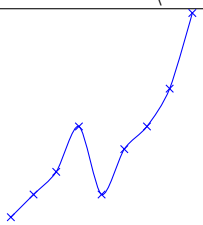
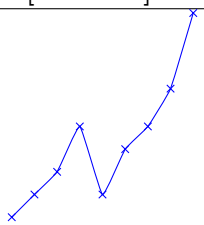
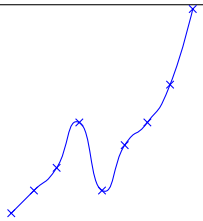
22.1 Graph with TikZ

22.1.1 From a list of points

PGFmanual section : 22-2

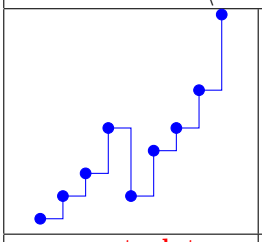
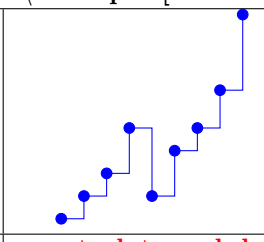
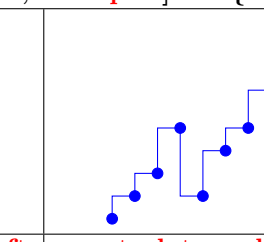
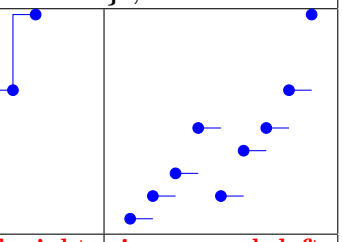
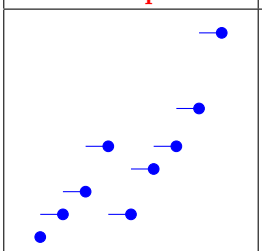
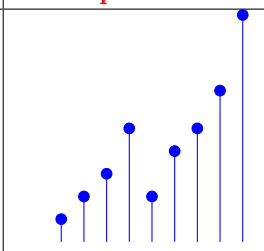
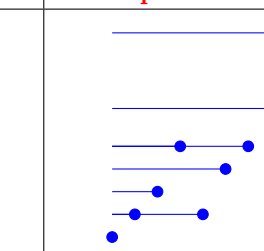
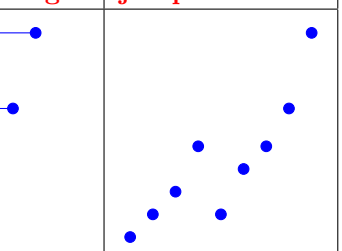
\tikz \draw plot coordinates {(0,0) (1,1) (2,0) (3,1) (4,1) (5,2)};


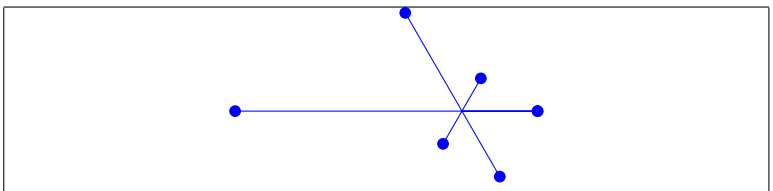
22.1.2 From a data file

\tikz \draw plot[mark=x] file {table.dat} ;			
			
[mark=x]	[mark=x,smooth]	[mark=x,smooth,tension=.2]	[mark=x,smooth,tension=1]
By default: tension= 0:55			

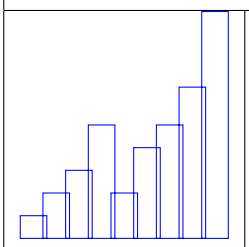
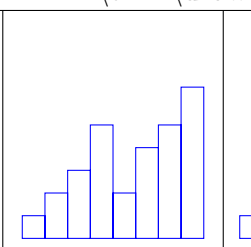
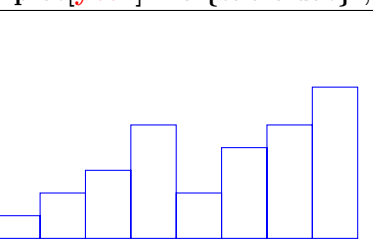
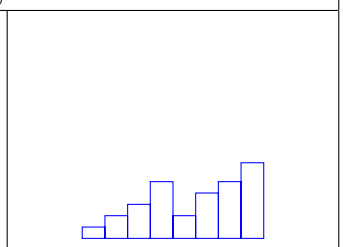
content of the file table.dat	
0.0	0.3
0.3	0.6
0.6	0.9
0.9	1.5
1.2	0.6
1.5	1.2
1.8	1.5
2.1	2.0
2.4	3.0

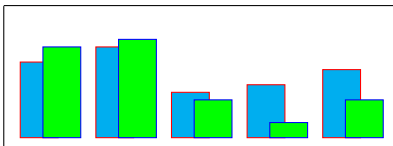
22.1.3 Graph types

\tikz \draw plot[mark=*,const plot] file {table.dat} ;			
			
const plot	const plot mark left	const plot mark right	jump mark left
			
jump mark right	ycomb	xcomb	only marks

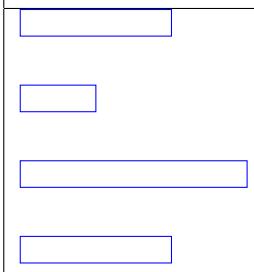
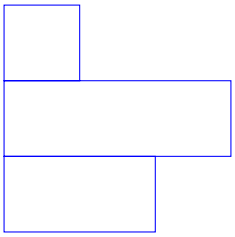
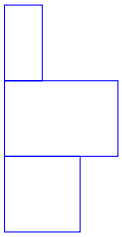
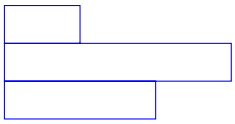


\tikz \draw plot[polar comb,mark=*]coordinates {(0:1) (60:0.5) (120:1.5) (180:3) (240:.5) (300:1) (0:1)};

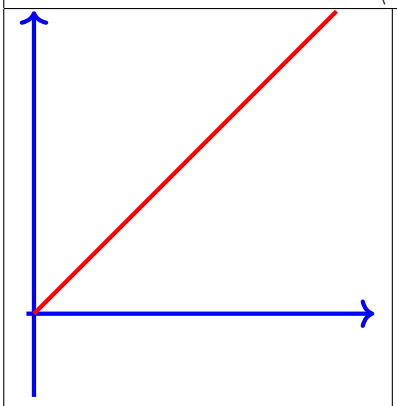
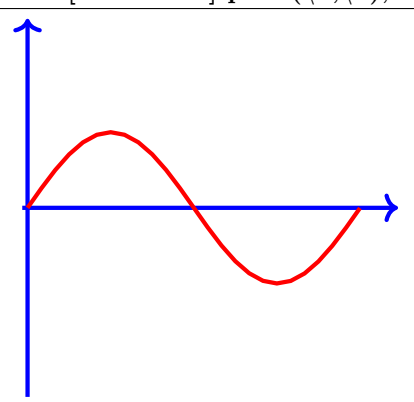
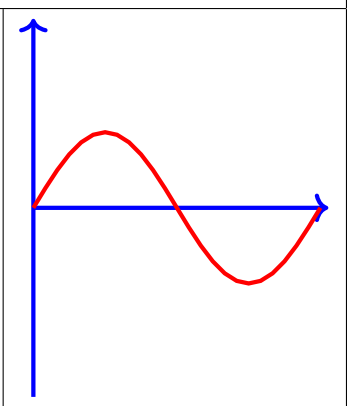
\tikz \draw plot[ybar] file {table.dat} ;			
			
[ybar]	[ybar interval]	[ybar interval,x=2cm]	[ybar interval,y=.5cm]



```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\draw[red,fill=cyan,ybar,bar width=.5cm]
        plot coordinates {(0,1) (1,1.2) (2,.6) (3,.7) (4,.9)};
\draw[blue,fill=green,ybar,bar width=.5cm,bar shift=.3cm]
        plot coordinates {(0,1.2) (1,1.3) (2,.5) (3,.2) (4,.5)};
\end{tikzpicture}
```

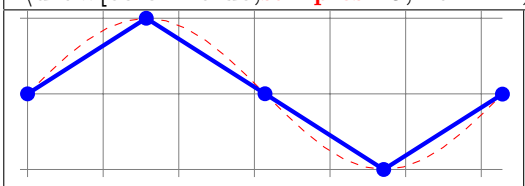
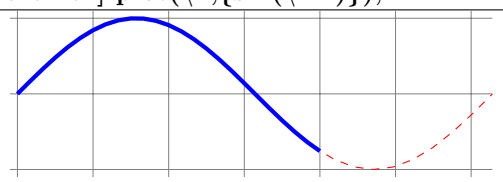
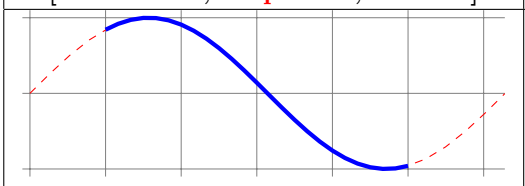
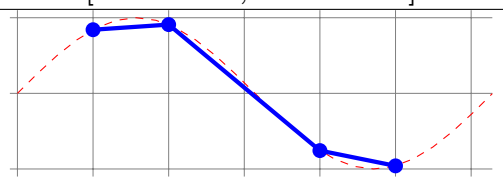
\tikz \draw plot[xbar interval] file {table.dat} ;			
			
[xbar]	[xbar interval]	[xbar interval,x=.5cm]	[xbar interval,y=.5cm]

22.1.4 Graph of a function

\draw [color=red] plot (\x,\x);		
		
(\x,\x)	(\x,{sin(\x r)}) x en radian	(\x,{sin(\x)}) x en degré

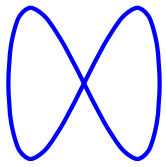
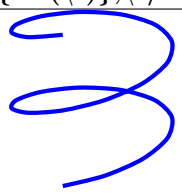
Options

```
\draw[color=red,dashed] plot(\x,{sin(\x r)});
\draw[color=blue,samples=5,mark=*,ultra thick] plot(\x,{sin(\x r)});
```

	
[color=blue,samples=5,mark=*]	[color=blue,domain=0:4]
	
[color=blue,domain=1:5]	[color=blue,samples at={1,2,4,5},mark=*]

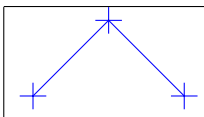
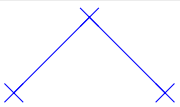
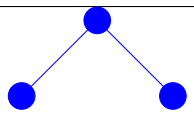
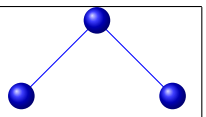
22.1.5 Parametric function

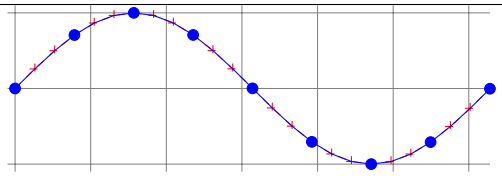
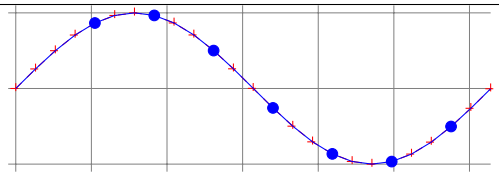
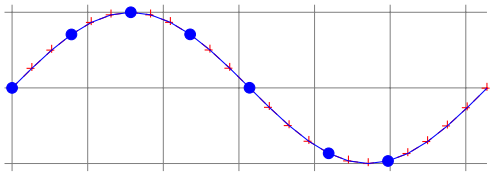
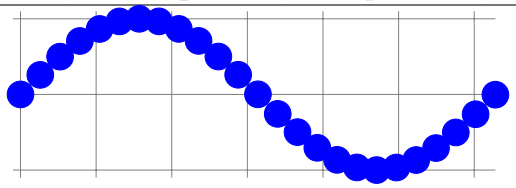
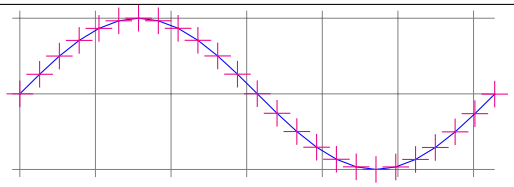
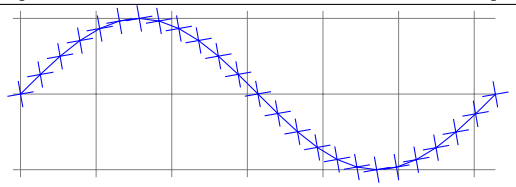
```
\draw[domain=-3.141:3.141,smooth,variable=\t]plot ({sin(\t r)},{sin(2 *\t r)});
\draw[domain=0:720,smooth,variable=\t]plot ({sin(\t)},\t/360,{cos(\t)});
```

	
({sin(\t r)},{sin(2 *\t r)})	({sin(\t)},\t/360,{cos(\t)})

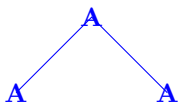
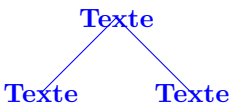
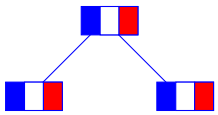
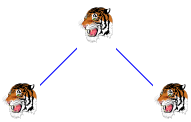
22.2 Marks

22.2.1 Marks with TikZ

			
mark=+	mark=x	mark=*	mark=ball

	
[color=blue,mark repeat=3,mark=*]	[color=blue,mark repeat=3,mark phase=5,mark=*]
	
[color=blue,mark indices=1,4,...,15,17,20,mark=*]	[color=blue,mark size=5pt,mark=*]
	
mark options={color=magenta},mark=+	mark options={rotate=10},mark=+

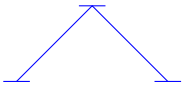
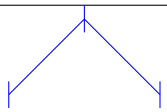
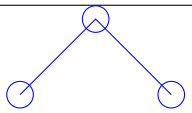
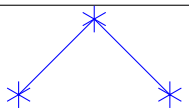
22.2.2 Marks with text mark

\draw[mark=text ,text mark=A,mark size=5pt] coordinates {(0,0) (1,1) (2,0)};		
		
text mark=A	text mark=Texte	text mark=\DFR 78
		
text mark={\includegraphics[width=.5cm]{tiger}}		

22.2.3 Marks with plotmarks library

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{plotmarks}

PGFmanual section : 63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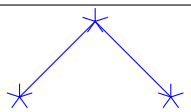
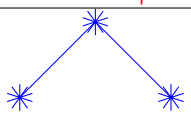
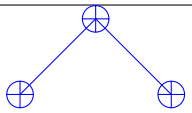
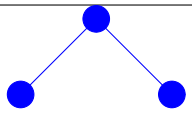
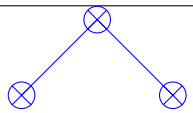
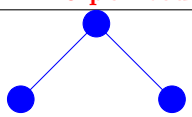
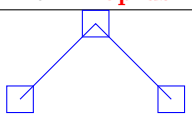
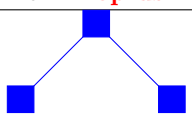
			
mark==star	mark==10-pointed star	mark=oplus	mark=oplus*
			
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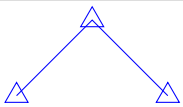
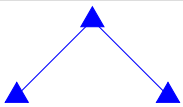
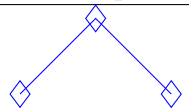
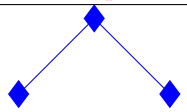
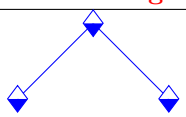
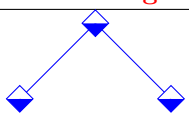
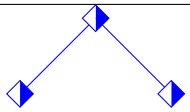
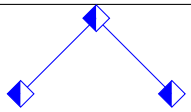
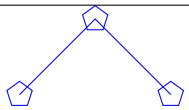
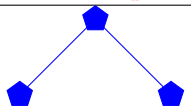
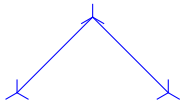
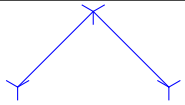
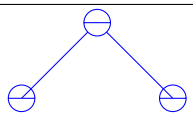
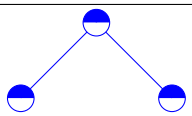
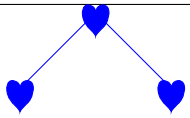
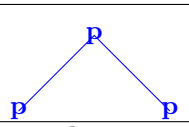
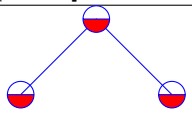
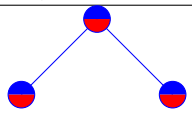
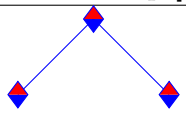
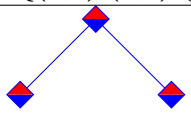
			
mark=triangle	mark=triangle*	mark=diamond	mark=diamond*
			
mark=halfdiamond*	mark=halfsquare*	mark=halfsquare right*	mark=halfsquare left*
			
mark=pentagon	mark=pentagon*	mark=Mercedes star	mark=Mercedes star flipped
			
mark=halfcircle	mark=halfcircle*	mark=heart	mark=text

```
\draw[mark=halfcircle,mark color=red,mark size=5pt] coordinates {(0,0) (1,1) (2,0)};
```

			
mark=halfcircle	mark=halfcircle*	mark=halfdiamond*	mark=halfsquare*

22.3 Graph with Gnuplot

```
\draw[color=red] plot[id=sin] function{sin(x)} ;
```

==> plot[id=sin] create the file “sin.gnuplot”
==> Open the file “sin.gnuplot”with the program gnuplot : creation of the file “sin.table”
==> Use the datafile “sin.table”

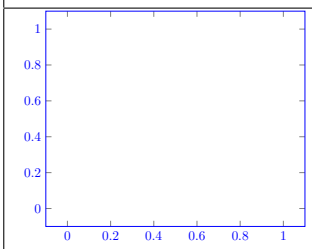
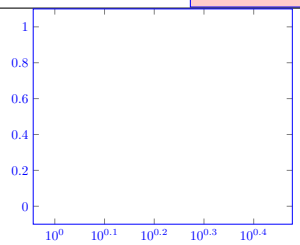
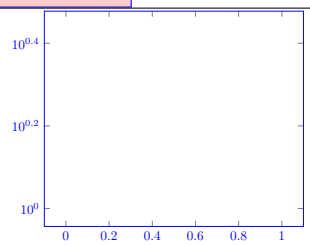
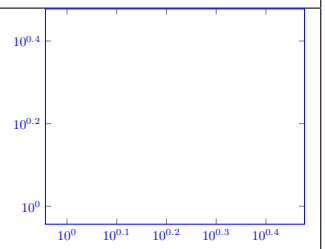
23 Creation of a graph with pgfplots

Load package : \usepackage{pgfplots} [2]

23.1 2D Graph

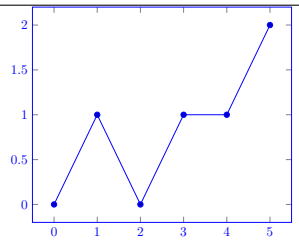
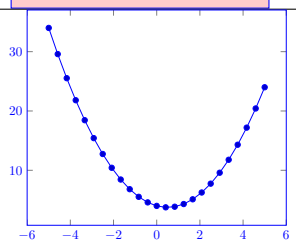
23.1.1 Axes

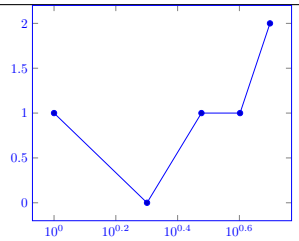
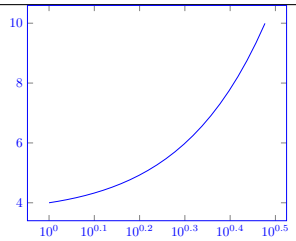
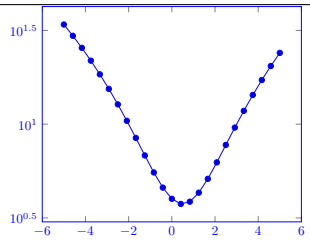
pgfplots section : 4-1

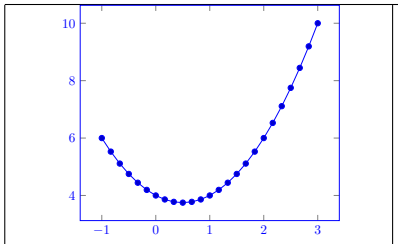
			
\axis \end{axis}	\semilogxaxis \end{semilogxaxis}	\semilogyaxis \end{semilogyaxis}	\loglogaxis \end{loglogaxis}

23.2 Drawing of the graph

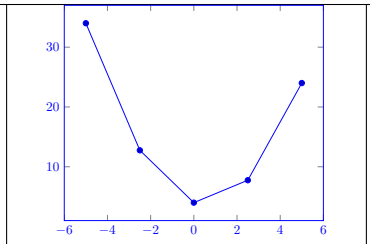
pgfplots section : 4-2

		
\addplot coordinates {(0,0) (1,1) (2,0) (3,1) (4,1) (5,2)};	\addplot {x^2 - x +4};	\addplot gnuplot[id=sin]{sin(x)};

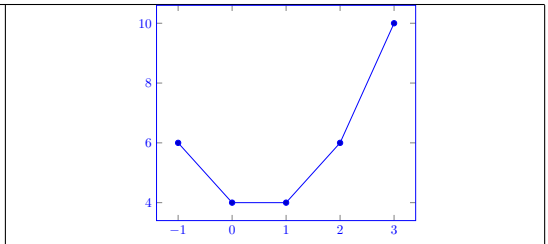
		
axes : semilogxaxis	axes : semilogxaxis	axes : semilogyaxis
\addplot coordinates {(0,0) (1,1) (2,0) (3,1) (4,1) (5,2)};	\addplot {x^2 - x +4};	\addplot {x^2 - x +4};



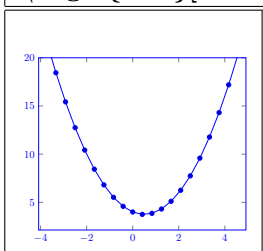
\begin{axis}[domain=-1:3]



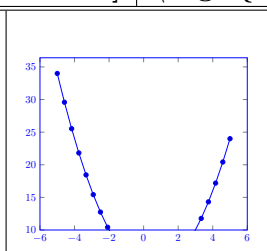
\begin{axis}[samples=5]



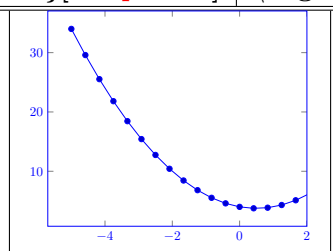
\begin{axis}[domain=-1:3,samples=5]



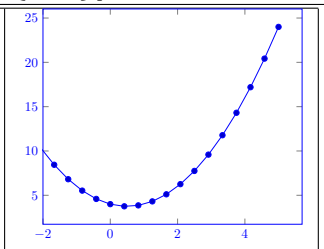
ymax=20



ymin=10

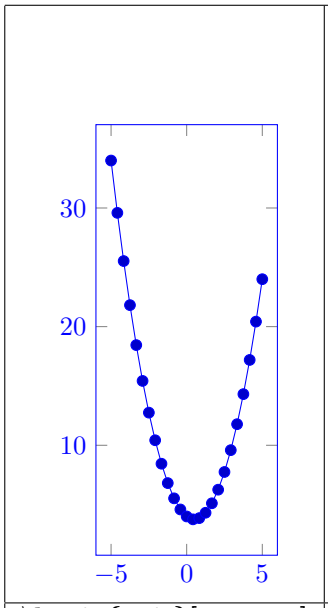


xmax=2

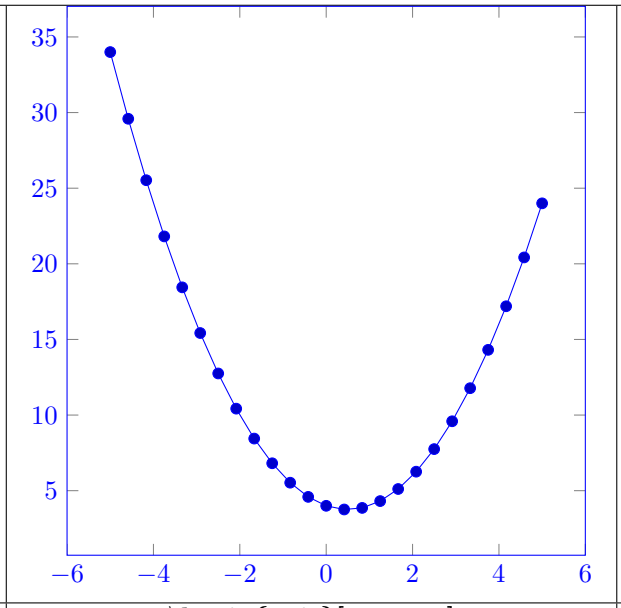


xmin=-2

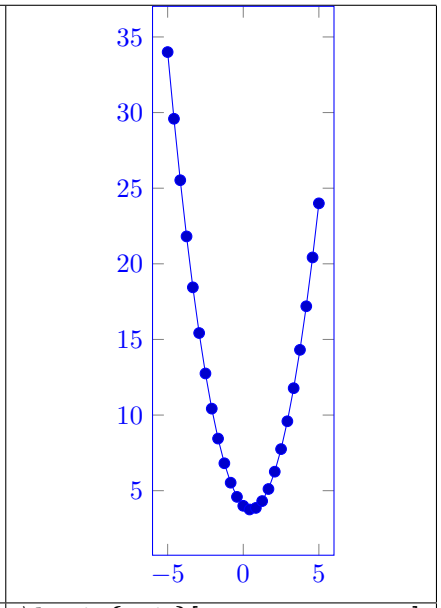
23.2.1 Xunit and Yunit



\begin{axis}[x=.2cm]

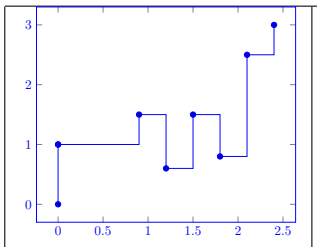


\begin{axis}[y=.2cm]

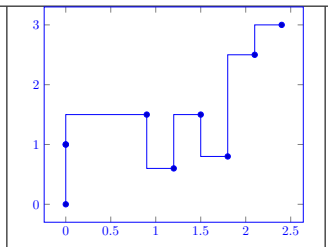


\begin{axis}[x=.2cm,y=.2cm]

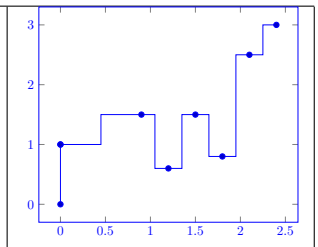
23.2.2 Graph type



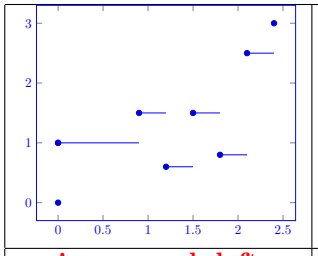
const plot



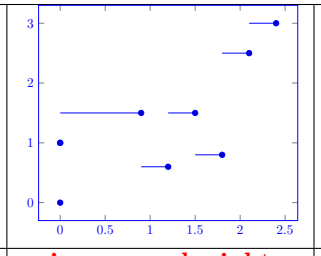
const plot mark right



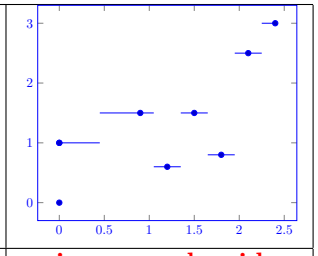
const plot mark mid



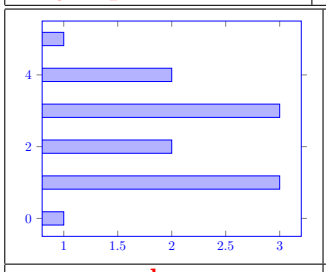
jump mark left



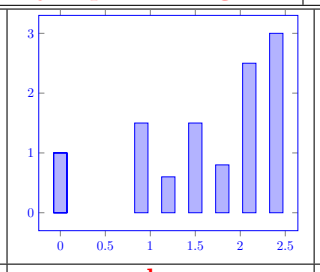
jump mark right



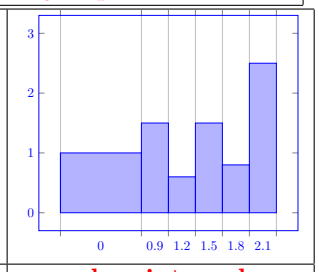
jump mark mid



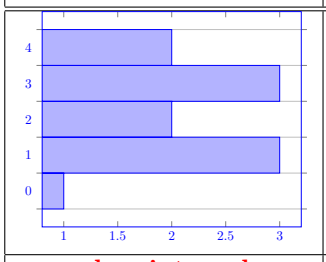
xbar



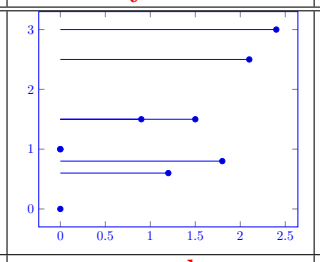
ybar



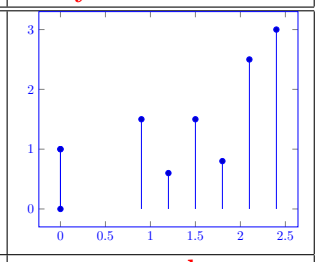
ybar interval



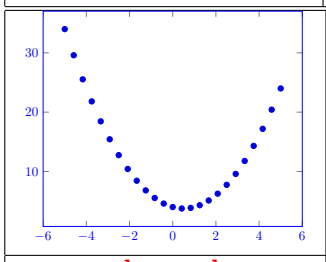
xbar interval



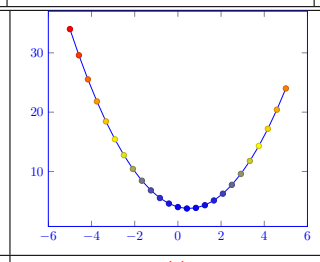
xcomb



ycomb



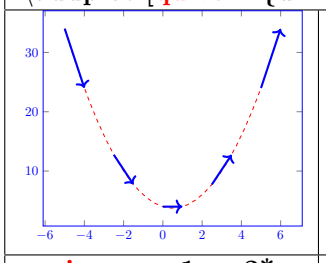
only marks



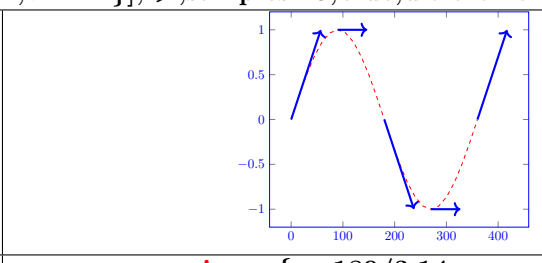
scatter

mesh

\addplot [quiver={u=1,v=2*x}],->,samples=5,blue,ultra thick] {x^2 - x +4};

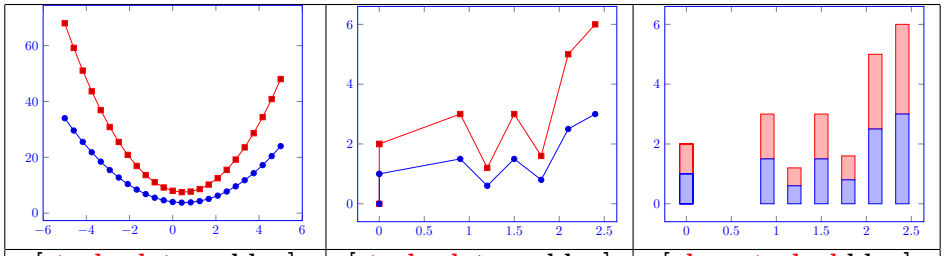


quiver=u=1,v=2*x

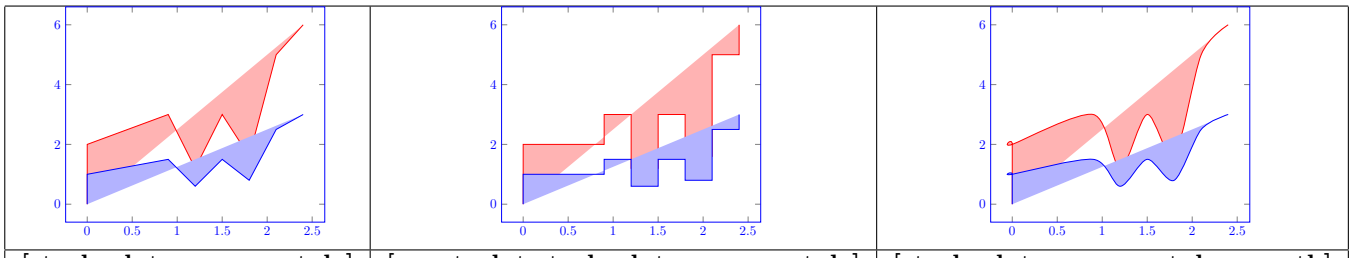


quiver={u=180/3.14,v=cos(x)}

By default: u=0 et v = 0

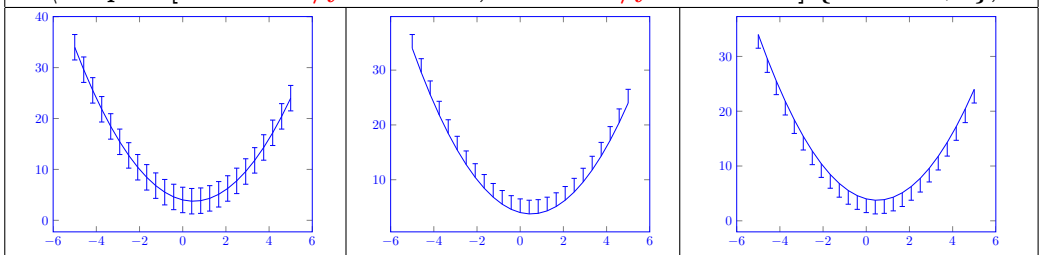


[stack plots=y,blue]	[stack plots=y,blue]	[ybar stacked,blue]



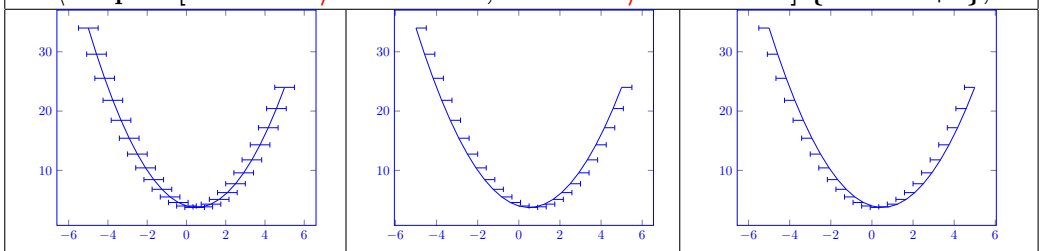
[stack plots=y,area style]	[const plot,stack plots=y,area style]	[stack plots=y,area style,smooth]

\addplot [error bars/y dir=both,error bars/y fixed =2.5] {x^2 - x +4};



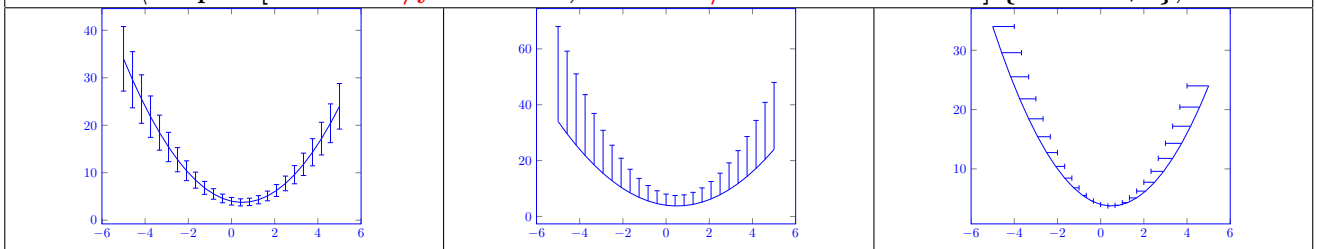
error bars/y dir =both	error bars/y dir =plus	error bars/y dir =minus

\addplot [error bars/x dir=both,error bars/x fixed =.5] {x^2 - x +4};



error bars/x dir =both	error bars/x dir =plus	error bars/x dir =minus

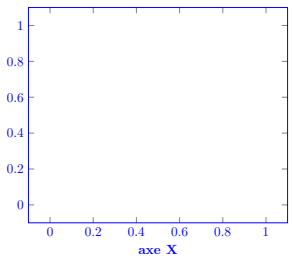
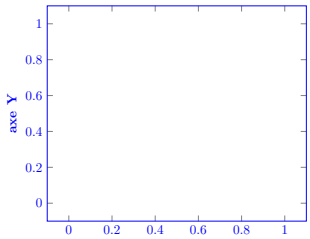
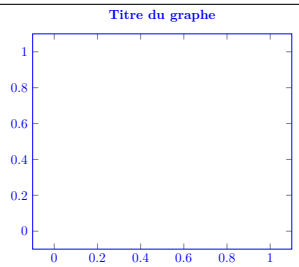
\addplot [error bars/y dir=both,error bars/x fixed relative =.2] {x^2 - x +4};



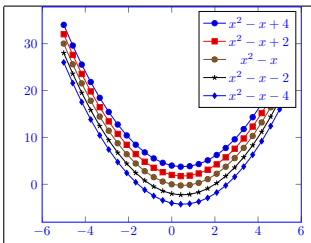
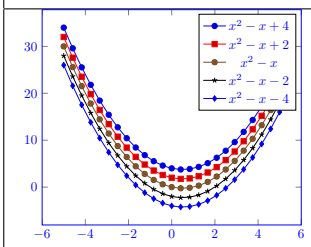
error bars/y fixed relative =.2	error bars/y fixed relative =1	error bars/x fixed relative =.2

23.3 Graph information

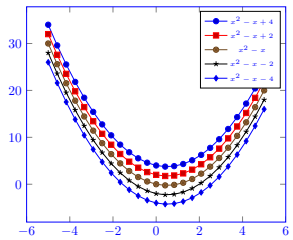
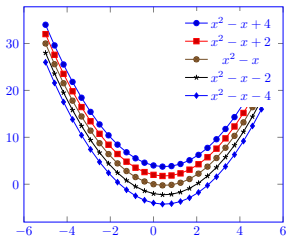
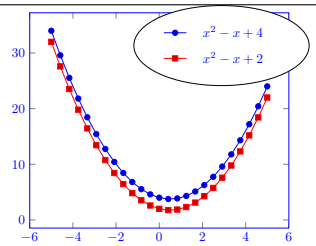
23.3.1 Titles

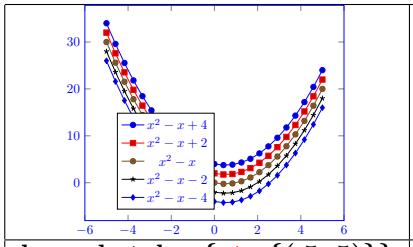
		
\begin{axis}[xlabel=axe X]	\begin{axis}[ylabel=axe Y]	\begin{axis}[title=Titre du graphe]

23.3.2 Legend

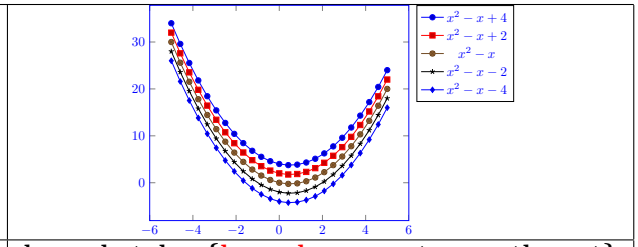
	\begin{axis} \addplot {x^2 - x +4}; \addplot {x^2 - x +2}; \addplot {x^2 - x }; \addplot {x^2 - x -2 }; \addplot {x^2 - x -4 }; \legend{$x^2 - x +4$,$x^2 - x +2$,$x^2 - x $,$x^2 - x -2 $,$x^2 - x -4 $} \end{axis}
	\begin{axis}[legend entries= {$ x^2 - x +4 $,$ x^2 - x +2 $,$ x^2 - x $,$ x^2 - x -2 $,$ x^2 - x -4 $}] \addplot {x^2 - x +4}; \addplot {x^2 - x +2}; \addplot {x^2 - x }; \addplot {x^2 - x -2 }; \addplot {x^2 - x -4 }; \end{axis}

Options

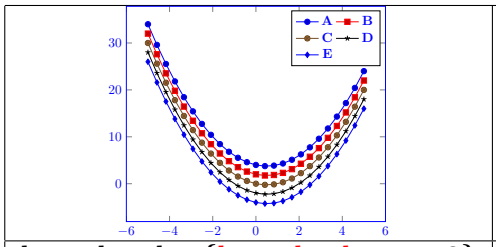
		
legend style={font=\tiny}	legend style={draw=none}	legend style={shape=ellipse}



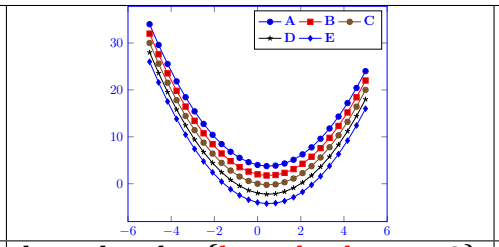
legend style={at={(.5,.5)}}



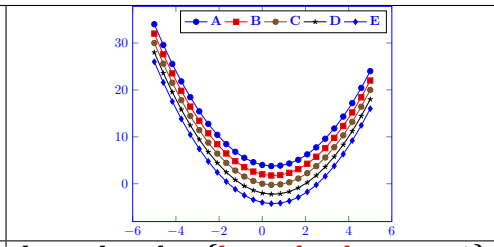
legend style={legend pos=outer north east}



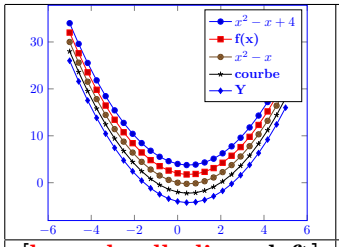
legend style={legend columns=2}



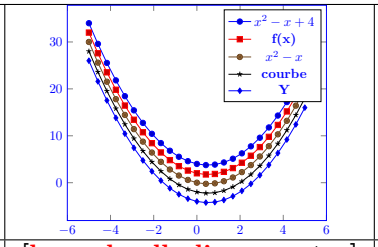
legend style={legend columns=3}



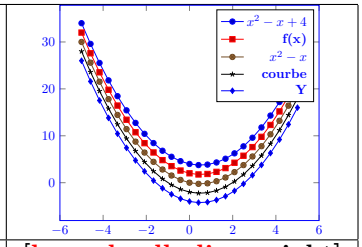
legend style={legend columns=-1}



[legend cell align=left]

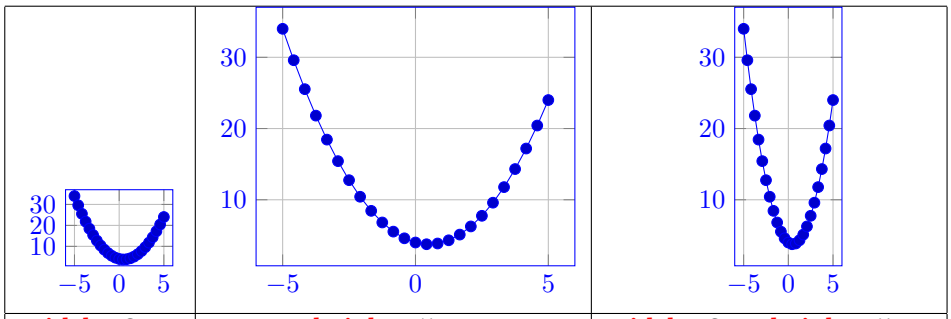


[legend cell align=center]



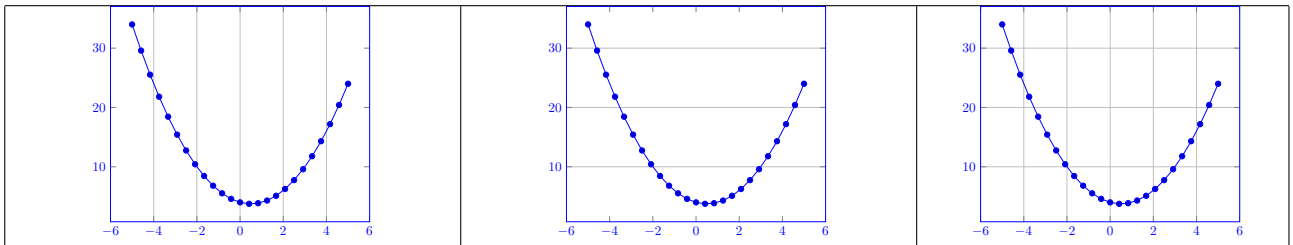
[legend cell align=right]

23.3.3 Size of the graph

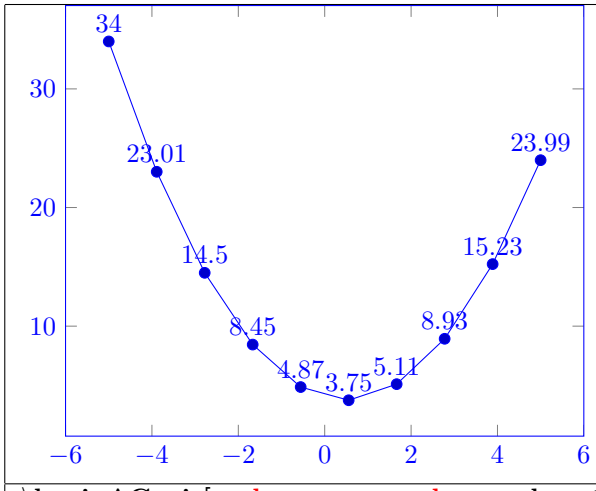


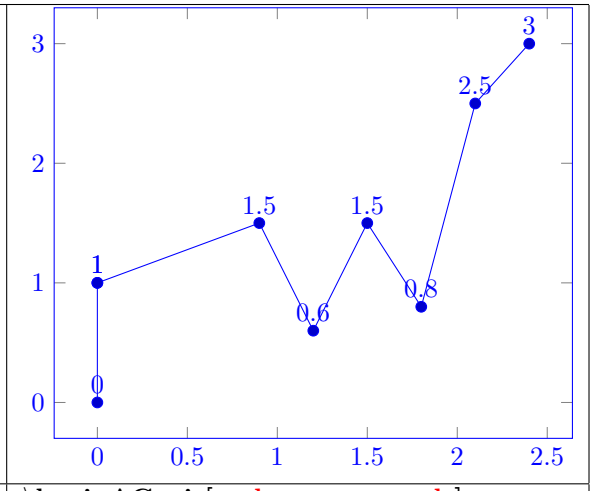
width=3cm | height=5cm | width=3cm,height=5cm

23.3.4 Grids



\begin{axis}[xmajorgrids=true] | \begin{axis}[ymajorgrids=true] | \begin{axis}[grid=major]

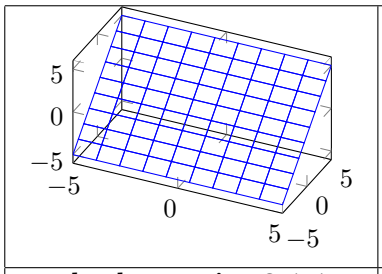




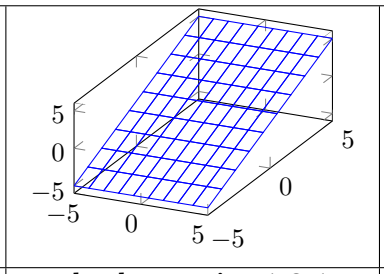
\beginACaxis[nodes near coords,samples=10] **\addplot {x^ 2- x +4};**	**\beginACaxis[nodes near coords]** **\addplot file table2.dat;**

24 3D graph

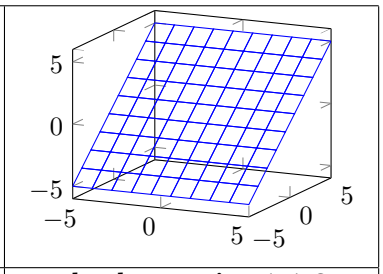
24.0.1 Axes



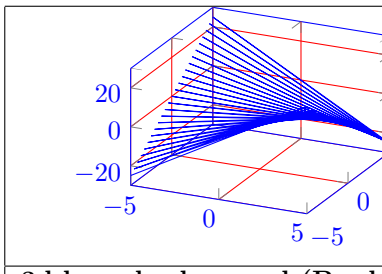
plot box ratio=2 1 1



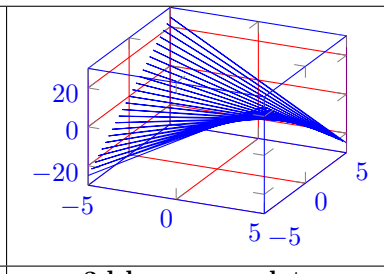
plot box ratio=1 2 1



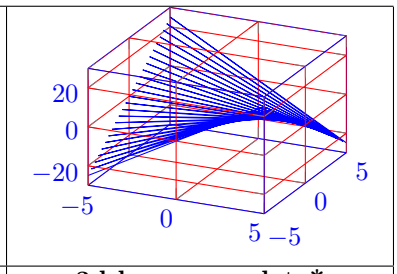
plot box ratio=1 1 2



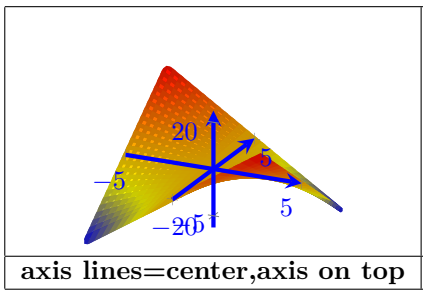
3d box=background (By default)



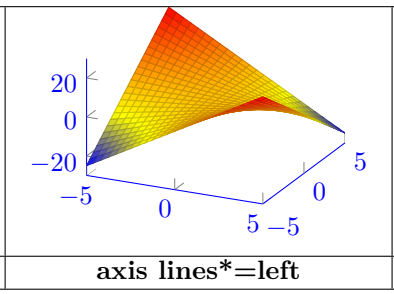
3d box=complete



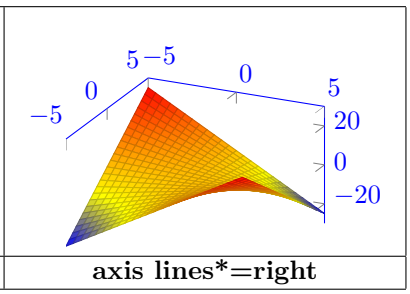
3d box=complete*



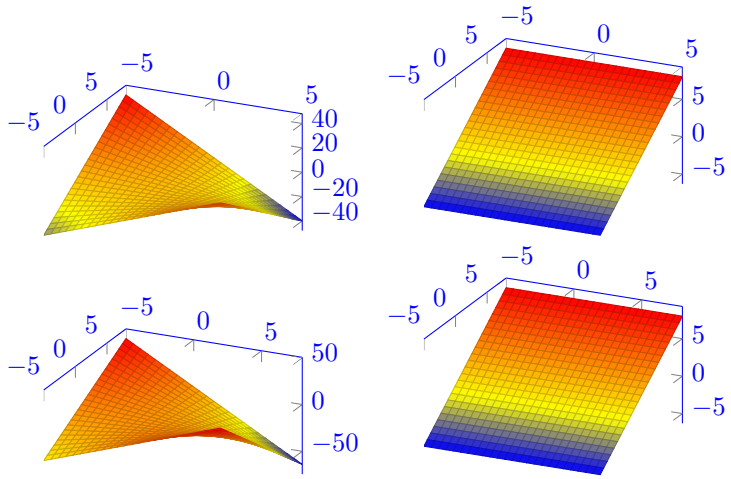
axis lines=center,axis on top



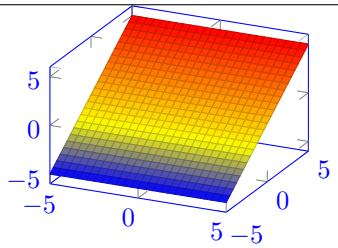
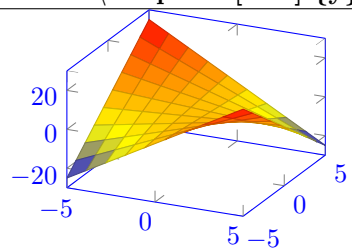
axis lines*=left

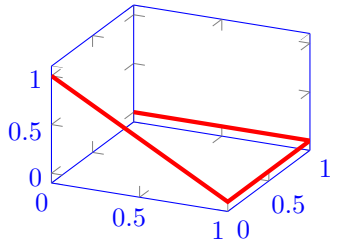
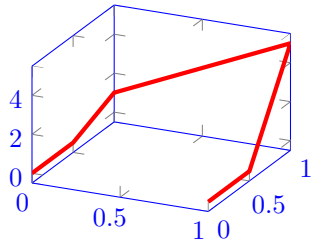
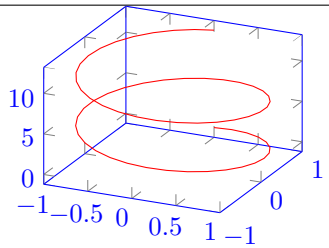


axis lines*=right



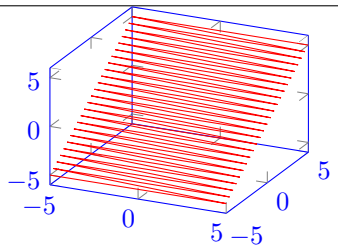
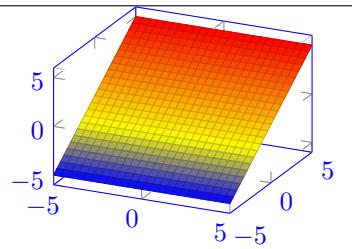
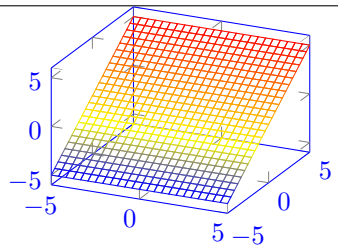
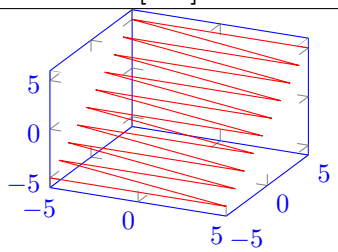
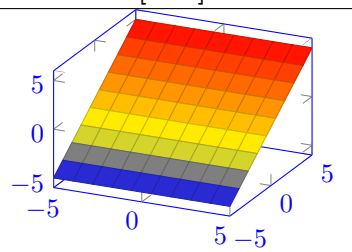
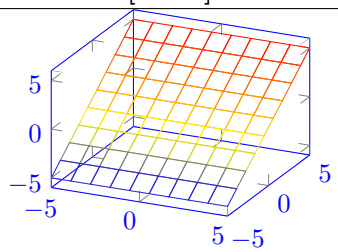
24.0.2 Graph drawing

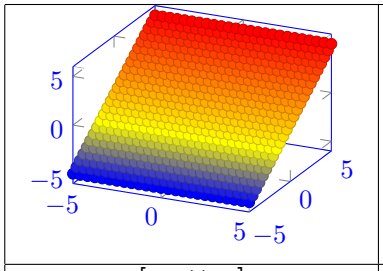
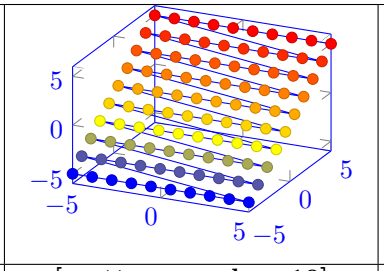
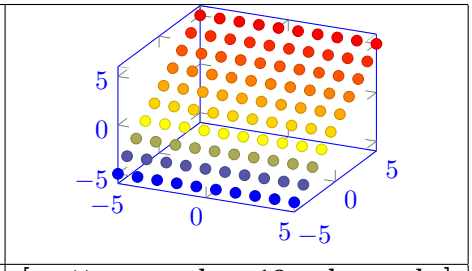
\addplot3 [surf] {y};		
		
{y}	{-x*y}	gnuplot[id=sinxy]{sin(x)*sin(y)};

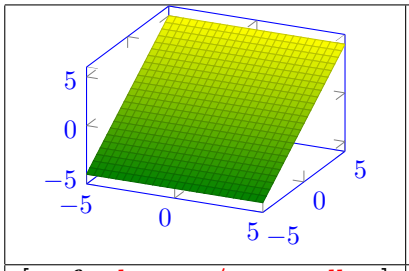
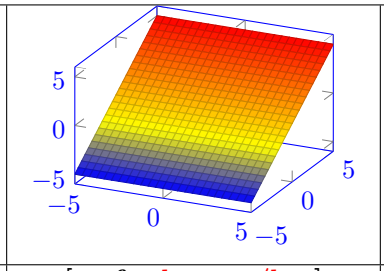
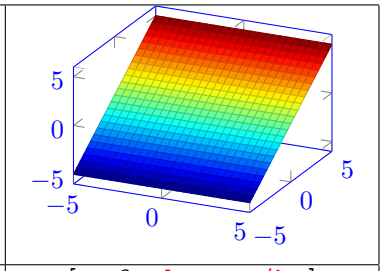
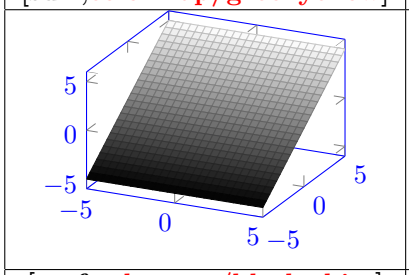
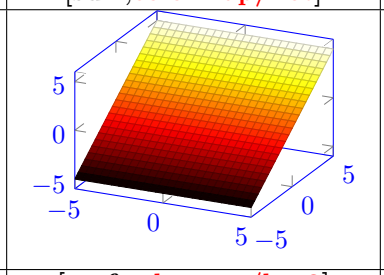
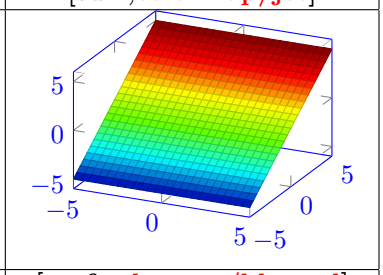
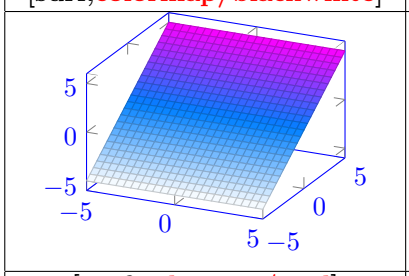
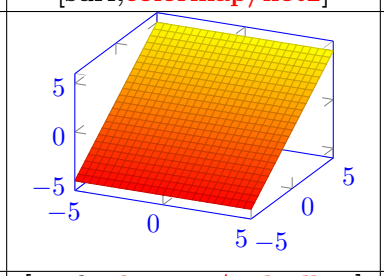
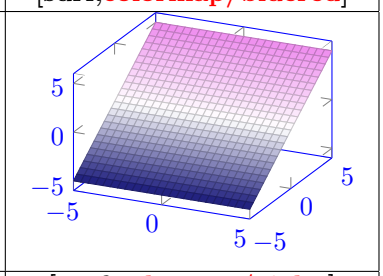
		
coordinates {(0,0,1) (1,0,0) (1,1,0) (0,1,0)};	file {table3.dat};	{sin(x)},{cos(x)},{x/60});

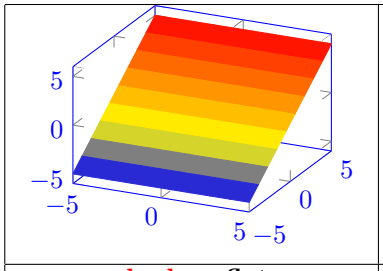
content of the file table3.dat		
0	0	0
0	0.5	0
0	1	1
1	1	5
1	0.5	0
1	0	0

24.0.3 Aspect

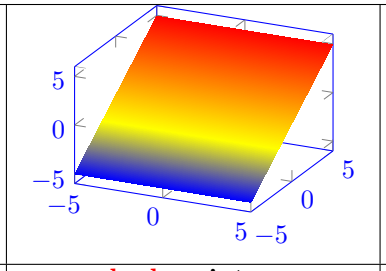
		
[red]	[surf]	[mesh]
		
[red,samples=10]	[surf,samples=10]	[mesh,samples=10]

		
[scatter]	[scatter,samples=10]	[scatter,samples=10,only marks]

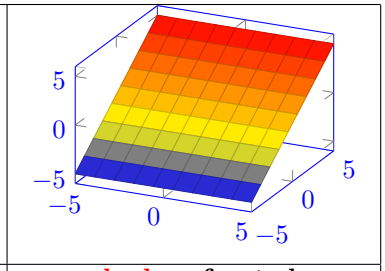
		
[surf,colormap/greenyellow]	[surf,colormap/hot]	[surf,colormap/jet]
		
[surf,colormap/blackwhite]	[surf,colormap/hot2]	[surf,colormap/bluered]
		
[surf,colormap/cool]	[surf,colormap/redyellow]	[surf,colormap/violet]



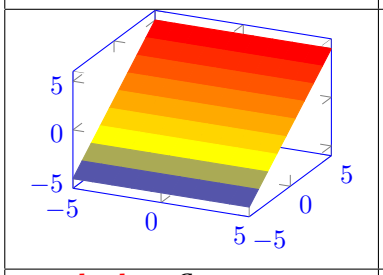
shader=flat



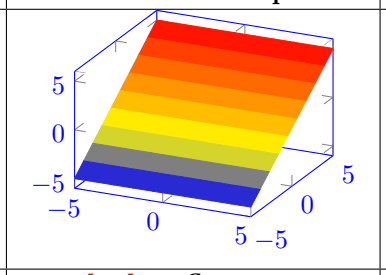
shader=interp



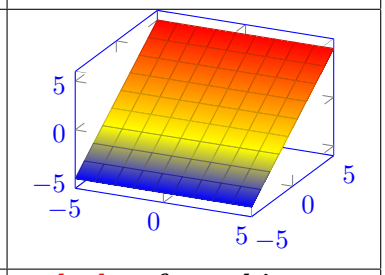
shader=faceted



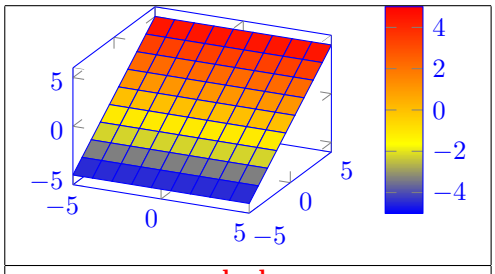
shader=flat corner



shader=flat mean

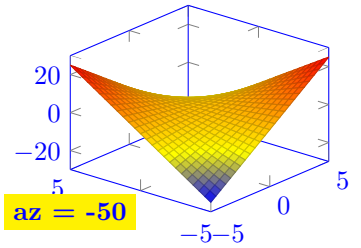


shader=faceted interp



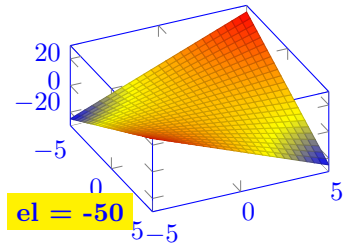
colorbar

24.0.4 Viewpoint



Azimut

view/az= angle from - 50 to +50



Elevation

view/el= angle from - 50 to +50

25 Table of a function variation

Load package : \usepackage{tkz-tab} [3]

25.1 Creation of the table

1° ligne	a	b	c
2° ligne			

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\tkzTabInit{1° ligne / 1 ,2° ligne /1 } { a , b, c }
\end{tikzpicture}
```

25.1.1 Options

Row width

1° ligne	a	b	c
2° ligne			
3° ligne			

```
\tikz \tkzTabInit{1° ligne '/1 , 2° ligne /.5 , 3° ligne /1.5 }{a , b , c };
```

First column width

x	a	b	c

```
\tkzTabInit[lgt=4]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: lgt==2 cm
```

Space between two values

x	a	b	c

```
\tkzTabInit[espcl=1]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: espcl=2 cm
```

Margin

x	a	b	c

```
\tkzTabInit[deltacl=1]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: deltacl=0.5 cm
```

Line width

x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[dlw=2pt]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: lw=0,4 pt

No cadre

x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[nocadre]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: nocadre=false

Coloring

\tkzTabInit [color,colorT = yellow]{1°ligne/1 , 2°ligne/1}{ a , b }

1°ligne	a	b
2°ligne		

1°ligne	a	b
2°ligne		

[color,colorT = yellow] [color,colorC = cyan]

1°ligne	a	b
2°ligne		

1°ligne	a	b
2°ligne		

[color,colorL = green] [color,colorV = magenta]

By default: color = false colorT=colorC=colorL=colorV =white

25.2 Creation of a sign row

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	2	4	

\tkzTabLine{ t, 2,t ,4 ,t }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	0 2 0 4 0		

\tkzTabLine{ z, 2, z ,4 ,z }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	2	4	

\tkzTabLine{ d, 2, d ,4 ,d }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 3 4 5		

\tkzTabLine{ 1, h, 3 ,4 ,5 }

Example

x	$-\infty$		-4		4		10		$+\infty$
$f(x)$		+	‖		‖	−	0	+	

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\tkzTabInit[espcl=1.5]{$x$ / 1 ,$f(x)$ /1 } { −∞ , -4, 4 , 10 , +∞ }
\tkzTabLine{ t,+, d ,h ,d,-,z,+ }
\end{tikzpicture}
```

25.3 Creation of a variation row

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2		

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$		↗	2		
	1				

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	→	2		

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$		→	2		
	1				

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , +/2 }

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	‖	↘	2		
	1				

\tkzTabVar{ +C/1 , -/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$		↗	2		
	‖				
	1				

\tkzTabVar{ -C/1 , +/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	‖		
			2		

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -C/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$		↗	‖		
			2		
	1				

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , +C/2 }

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	▨			
			2		

\tkzTabVar{ +H/1 , -/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$		▨			
			2		
	1				

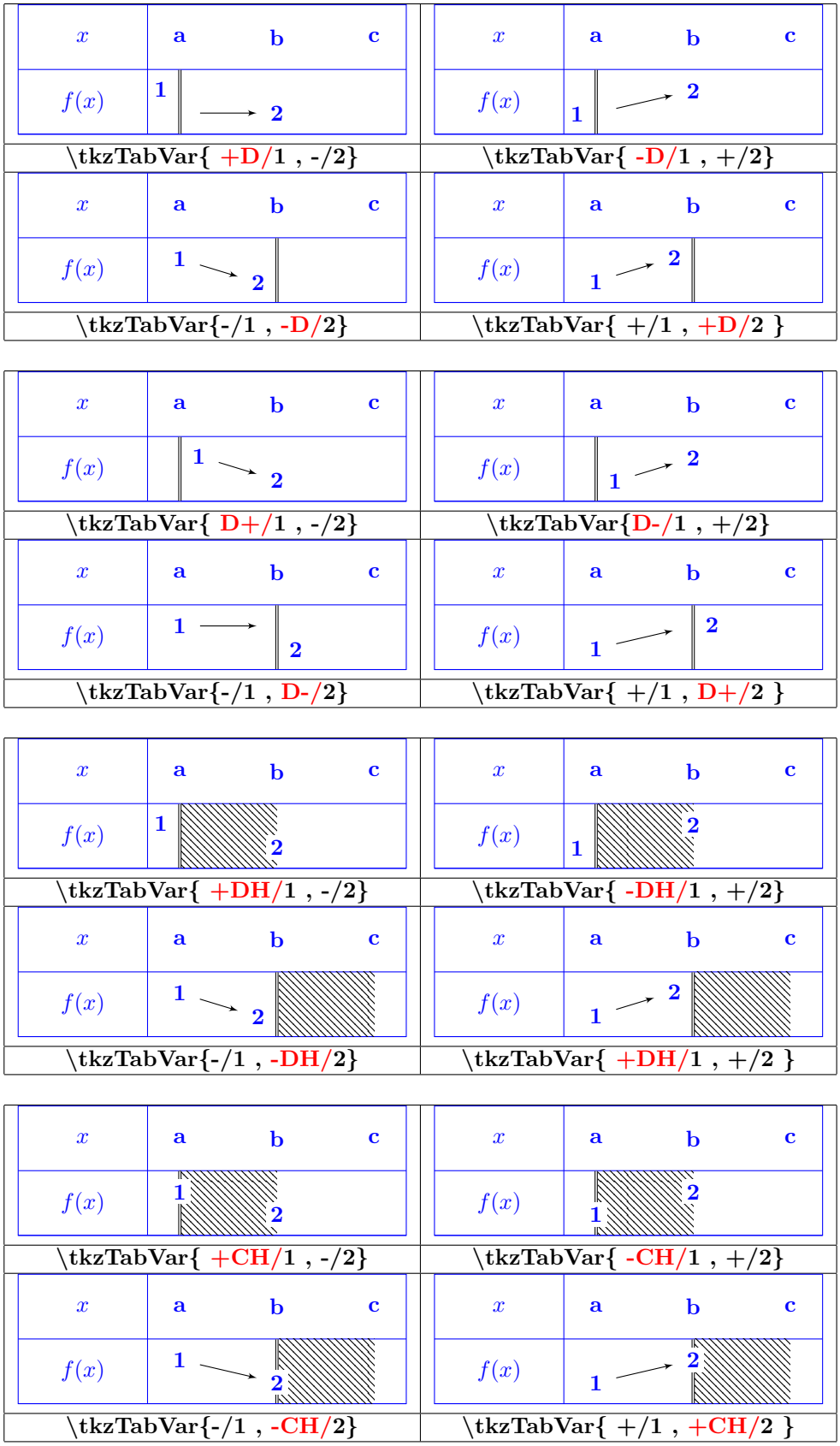
\tkzTabVar{ -H/1 , +/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2	▨	

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -H/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$		↗	2	▨	
	1				

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , +H/2 }


x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{ +D/1 , -/2}
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{ -D/1 , +/2}
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -D/2}
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , +D/2 }
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{ D+/1 , -/2}
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{D-/1 , +/2}
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{-/1 , D-/2}
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , D+/2 }
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{ +DH/1 , -/2}
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{ -DH/1 , +/2}
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -DH/2}
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{ +DH/1 , +/2 }
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{ +CH/1 , -/2}
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{ -CH/1 , +/2}
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -CH/2}
x a b c
f(x) 1 2
\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , +CH/2 }

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	2 ‖ 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +D-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2 ‖ 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -D+/2 , -/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2 ‖ 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -D-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	2 ‖ 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , +D+/2 , -/3 }

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	‖ 2 ‖ 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +CD-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	‖ 2 ‖ 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -CD+/2 , -/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	‖ 2 2 ‖	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -CD-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	‖ 2 2 ‖	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , +CD+/2 , -/3 }

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	2 ‖ 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +DC-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2 ‖ 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -DC+/2 , -/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	‖ 2 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -DC-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	2 ‖ 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , +DC+/2 , -/3 }

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	2 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +V-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -V+/2 , -/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -V-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	2 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , +V+/2 , -/3 }

Emphasizing a value

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 ↘	2 2	↗ 3

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -V-/\colorbox{yellow}{2} , +/3}

Multicolumn variation

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 ↗		3

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , R/ , +/3}

Intermediate values

x	a	A	b	c
$f(x)$	1	x ↗		3

\tkzTabVal{1}{3}{0.25}{A}{x}

x	a	b	A	c
$f(x)$	1 ↗		x ↗	3

\tkzTabVal{1}{3}{0.75}{A}{x}

x	a	A	b	c
		⋮		
$f(x)$	1	x ↗		3

\tkzTabVal[draw]{1}{3}{0.25}{A}{x}

Picture insertion

x	a	b	c	d
$f(x)$	1 ↗	x ↗		3

\tkzTabIma{1}{4}{2}{x}

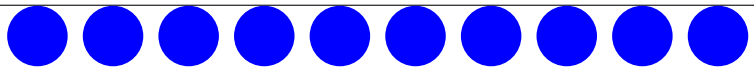
x	a	b	c	d
$f(x)$	1 ↗		x ↗	3

\tkzTabIma{1}{4}{3}{x}

26 Repetitions

Package used : "pgffor"(automatically loaded with TikZ)

26.1 One variable repetition

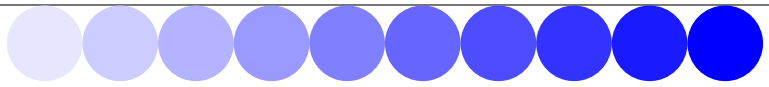


```
\tikz \foreach \x in {1,...,10} \fill[blue](\x,0) circle (0.4cm);
```

Variable \x : position en X

26.2 Two variables repetition

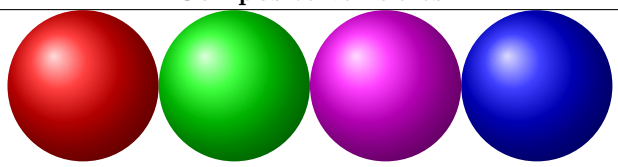
Numerical variables



```
\tikz \foreach \pos/\y in {1/10,2/20,3/30,4/40,5/50,6/60,7/70,8/80,9/90,10/100}
\fill[color=blue!\y](\pos,0) circle (0.5cm);
```

Variable \pos : position en X Variable \y : couleur

Composite variables



```
\tikz \foreach \x/\col in 1/red,3/green,5/magenta,7/blue \shade[ball color=\col](\x,0) circle (1);
```

Variable \x : position en X Variable \col : couleur

Variables with a step

1,3	2,3	3,3	4,3
1,2	2,2	3,2	4,2
1,1	2,1	3,1	4,1

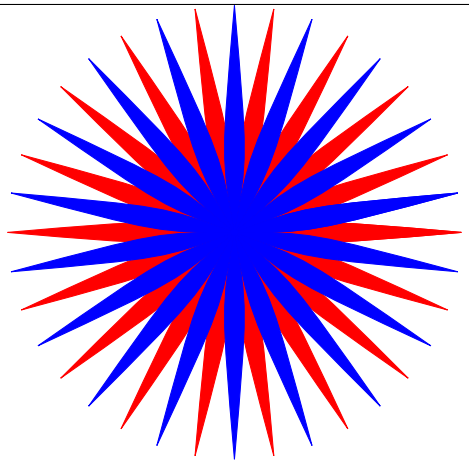
7,3	8,3	9,3	10,3
7,2	8,2	9,2	10,2
7,1	8,1	9,1	10,1

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\foreach \x in{1,2,...,4,7,8,...,10}
\foreach \y in {1,...,3}
{ \draw (\x,\y) +(-.5,-.5) rectangle ++(.5,.5); \draw (\x,\y)
node\x,\y; }
\end{tikzpicture}
```

Variable \x : position en X Variable \y : position en Y

List example	
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,	\foreach \x in {1,...,6} {\x, }
1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11,	\foreach \x in {1,3,...,11} {\x, }
Z, X, V, T, R, P, N,	\foreach \x in {Z,X,...,M} {\x, }
2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^4, 2^5, 2^6, 2^7,	\foreach \x in {2^1,2^...,2^7} {\x, }
$0cm$, $0.5cm$, $1cm$, $1.5cm$, $2cm$, $2.5cm$, $3cm$,	\foreach \x in {0cm,0.5cm,...cm,3cm} {\x, }
A_1, B_1, C_1, D_1, E_1, F_1, G_1, H_1,	\foreach \x in {A_1,..._1,H_1} {\x, }

Calculation on variables

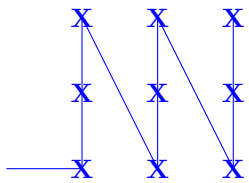


```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\foreach \x in 0,20,...,360{ \filldraw[red] (0,0) .. controls (\x+10:1)
.. (\x:1) .. controls (\x-10:1) .. (0,0);}
\foreach \x in 10,30,...,370{ \filldraw[blue] (0,0) .. controls (\x+10:3)
.. (\x:3) .. controls (\x-10:3) .. (0,0);}
\end{tikzpicture}
```

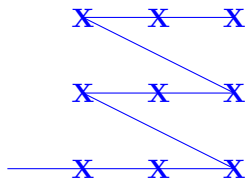
Variable \x : angle

26.3 Nested loops

Order of the nested loops



```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\draw (0,0)
\foreach \x in {1,2,3}
\foreach \y in {0,1,2}
{– (\x,\y) node{X}};
\end{tikzpicture}
```

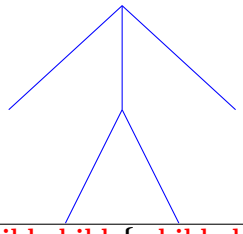
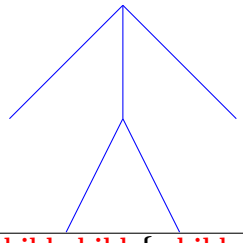


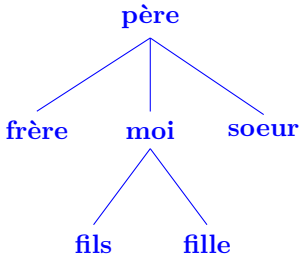
```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\draw (0,0)
\foreach \y in {0,1,2}
\foreach \x in {1,2,3}
{– (\x,\y) node{X}};
\end{tikzpicture}
```

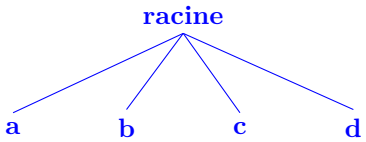
27 Tree diagram

PGFmanual section : 21

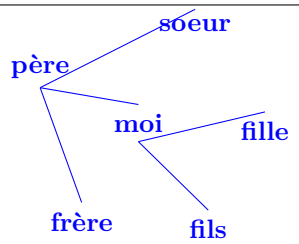
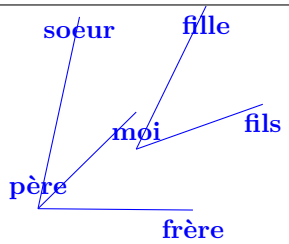
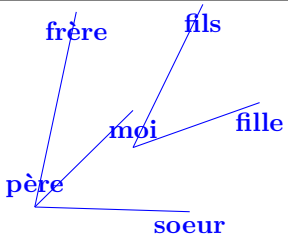
27.1 Structure

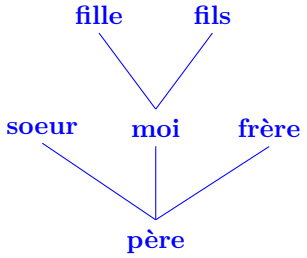
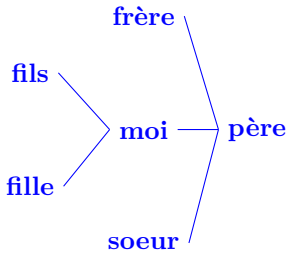
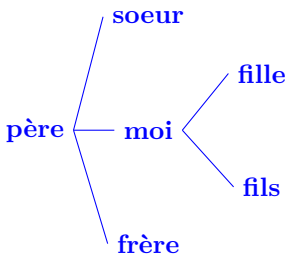
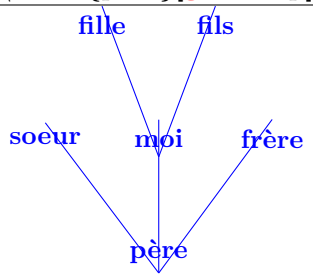
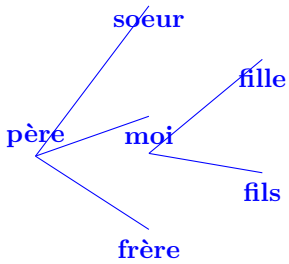
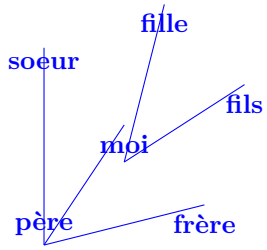
	
\node {} child child { child child } child ;	\coordinate child child { child child } child ;

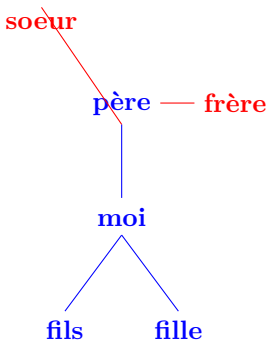
	\begin{tikzpicture} \node {père} child {node {frère}} child {node {moi} child {node {fils}} child {node {fille}}} child {node{soeur}}; \end{tikzpicture}


\node {racine} child foreach \name in {a,b,c,d} {node {\name}};

27.2 Orientation

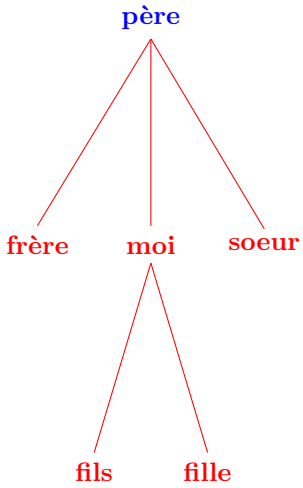
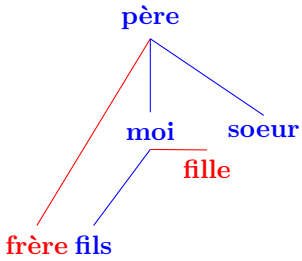
		
\node {père}[grow=-30]	\node {père}[grow=30]	\node {père}[grow'=30]

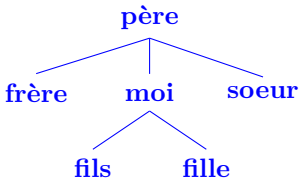
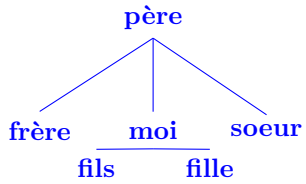
		
\node {père}[grow=up]	\node {père}[grow=left]	\node {père}[grow=right]
		
\node {père}[grow=north]	\node {père}[grow=east]	\node {père}[grow=north east]

	\node {père} child[grow=right,red] {node {frère}} child {node {moi} child {node {fils}} child {node {fille}}} child[grow=north west,red] {node{soeur}};

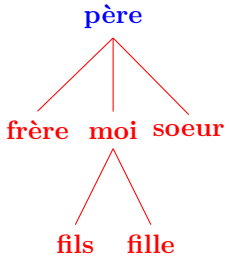
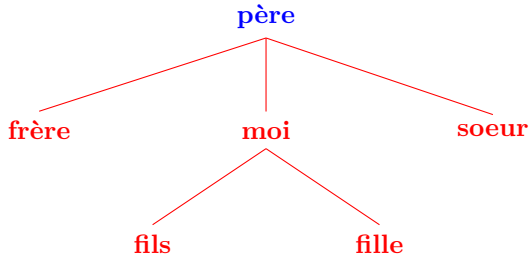
27.3 Distance

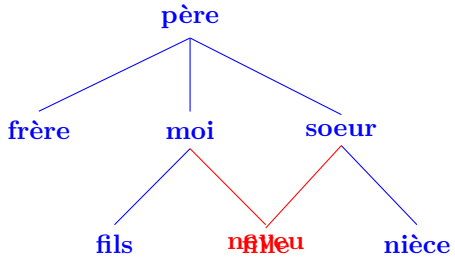
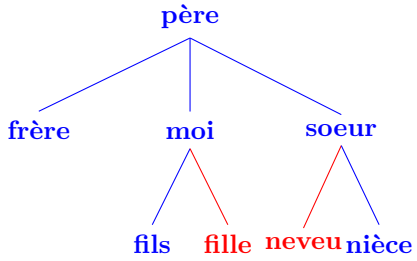
27.4 Parent-child distance

	
\node {père}[level distance=3cm,red]	child[level distance=3cm,red] {node {frère}} child[level distance=.5cm,red] {node {fille}}
By default : level distance=15 mm	

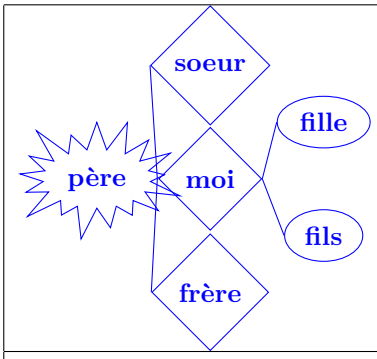
	
\node {père}[level 1/.style={level distance=1cm}]	\node {père}[level 2/.style={level distance=.5cm}]

27.5 Two children distance

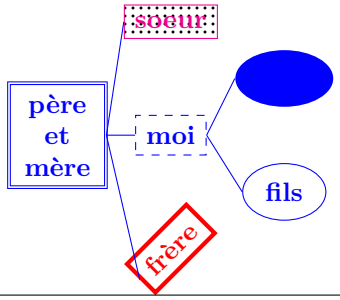
	
\node {père}[sibling distance=1cm,red]	\node {père}[sibling distance=3cm,red]
By default : sibling distance=15 mm	

Problem	solution
	
[sibling distance=2cm]	[level 1/.style=sibling distance=2cm, level 2/.style=sibling distance=1cm]

27.6 Nodes customization

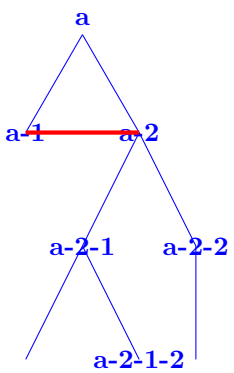



```
\node[starburst [1] ,draw] {père}[grow=right]

child {node[diamond,draw] frère}
child {node[diamond,draw] moi
child {node[ellipse,draw] fils}
child {node[ellipse,draw] fille}}
child {node[diamond,draw] soeur};
```



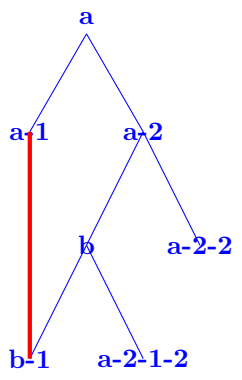

```
\node[rectangle,double,draw,text width=1cm,text centered]
{père}[grow=right,level distance=2cm]

child {node[red,ultra thick,draw,rotate=45] {frère}}
child {node[blue,dashed, draw] {moi}
child {node[ellipse,draw] {fils}}
child {node [ellipse,fill] {fille}}}
child {node [magenta,pattern=dots,draw] {soeur}};
```

27.6.1 Nodes name

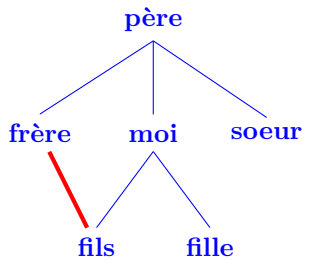



```
\node (a) {a}
child
child {
child {child child}
child {child }
};
\node at (a-1) {a-1};
\node at (a-2) {a-2};
\node at (a-2-2) {a-2-2};
\node at (a-2-1) {a-2-1};
\node at (a-2-1-2) {a-2-1-2};

\draw[red,ultra thick] (a-1) – (a-2);
```

[1] Other types of nodes see section 17

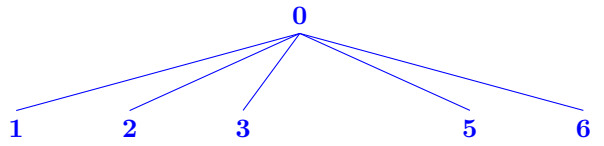



```
\node (a) {a}
child
child
child coordinate (b) child child
child
;
\node at (a-1) {a-1};
\node at (a-2) {a-2};
\node at (b) {b};
\node at (a-2-2) {a-2-2};
\node at (b-1) {b-1};
\node at (a-2-1-2) {a-2-1-2};

\draw[red,ultra thick] (a-1) – (b-1);
```



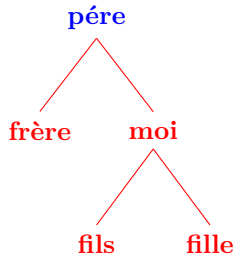

```
\node (a) {père}
child {node (b) {frère}}
child {node (c) {moi}
child {node (d) {fils}}
child {node (e) {fille}}}
child {node (f) {soeur}};

\draw[red,,ultra thick] (b) – (d);
```

27.6.2 Missing a node

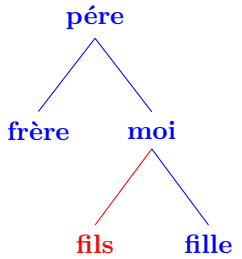



```
child[missing] {node {4} }
```

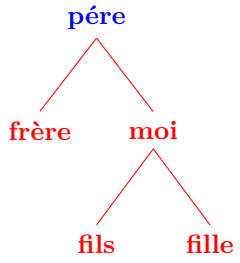
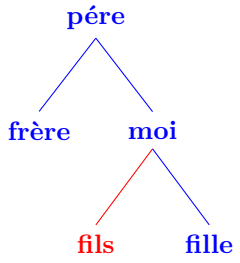
27.6.3 Attachment point modification



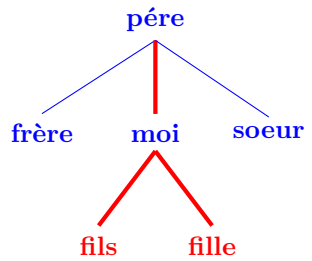
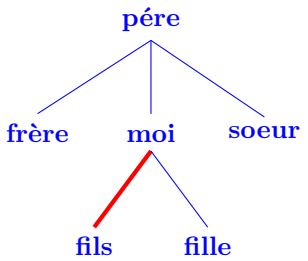
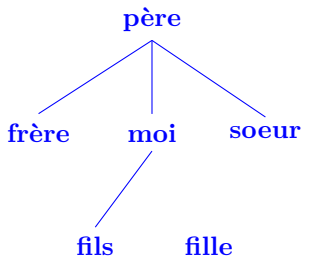

```
\node {pére} [child anchor=east,red]
child {node {frère}}
child { node {moi}
child {node {fils}}
child {node {fils}} };
```

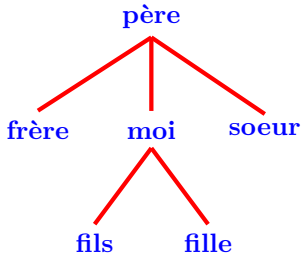



```
\node {pére}
child {node {frère}}
child { node {moi}
child [child anchor=west,red] {node {fils}}
child {node {fils}} };
```

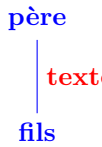
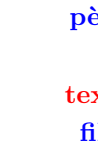
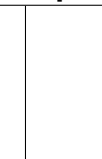
	
\node {pére} [parent anchor=east,red] child {node {frère}} child { node {moi} child {node {fils}} child {node {fils}} };	\node {pére} child {node {frère}} child { node {moi} child [parent anchor=west,red] {node {fils}} child {node {fils}} };

27.6.4 Links

		
child {node {moi} edge from parent[red,ultra thick]	child {node {fils} edge from parent[red,ultra thick] }	child { node {fille} edge from parent[draw=none] }


[edge from parent/.style={draw,red,ultra thick}] \node {père}

27.6.5 Labels on link

\node {père} child {node {fils} edge from parent node[left,red] {texte}};			
			
node[left,red]	node[right,red]	node[near end,red]	node[draw,red]

27.6.6 Links customization

[edge from parent path= {(\tikzparentnode.south) .. controls +(0,-1) and +(0,1) .. (\tikzchildnode.north)}]		
père frère moi soeur fils fille	père frère moi soeur fils fille	père frère moi soeur fils fille
.. controls +(0,-1) and +(0,1) ..	-|	to[in=90,out=-90]
see links available : section 7.2		

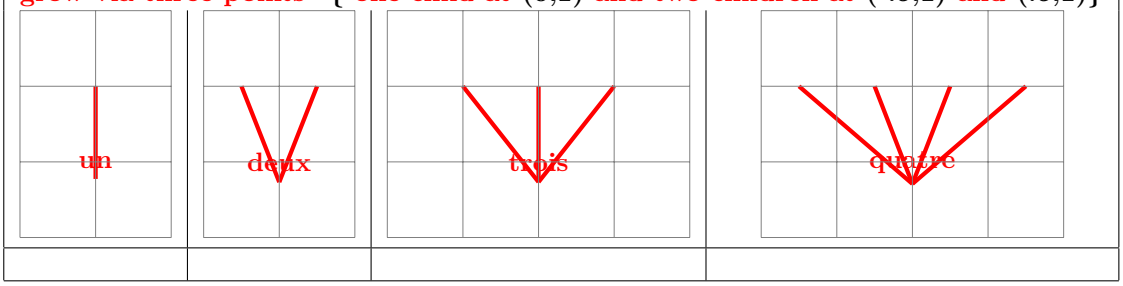
27.7 More options with « library trees »

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{trees}

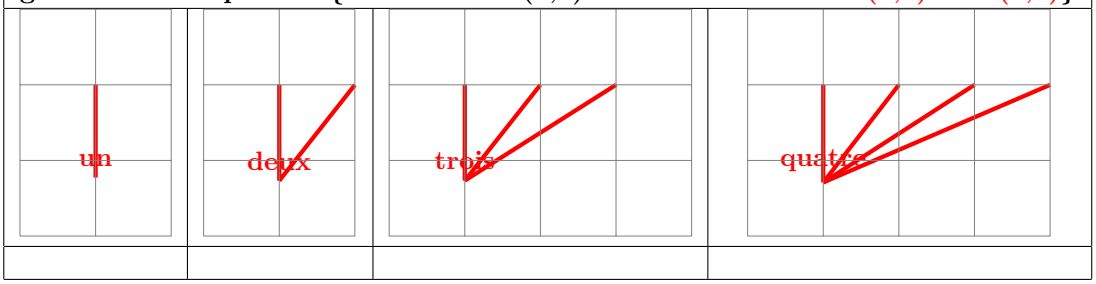
PGFmanual section : 72

27.7.1 One child and two childrenn position

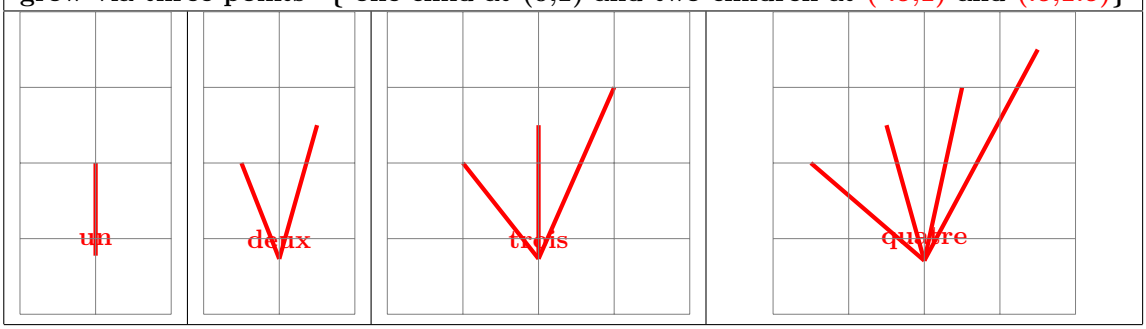
grow via three points={ one child at (0,1) and two children at (-.5,1) and (.5,1)}



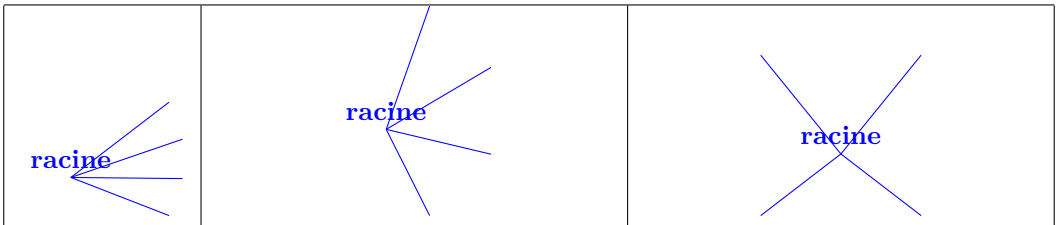
grow via three points={ one child at (0,1) and two children at (0,1) and (1,1)}



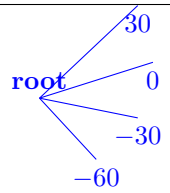
grow via three points={ one child at (0,1) and two children at (-.5,1) and (.5,1.5)}



27.7.2 Angular linking

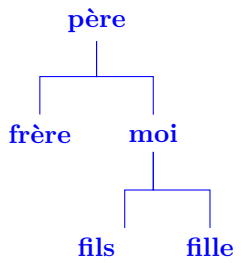


[grow cyclic]	[grow cyclic,sibling angle=45]	[grow cyclic,sibling angle=90]

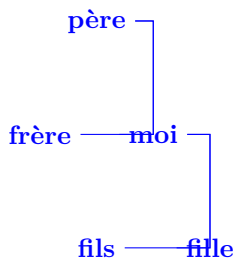



```
\node {racine} [clockwise from=30,sibling angle=30]

child {node {$30$} }
child {node {$0$} }
child {node {$-30$} }
child {node {$-60$ } };
```

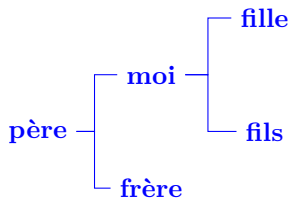
27.7.3 Forking links




```
\node {père} [edge from parent fork down]

child {node {frère}}
child {node {moi}
child [child anchor=north east] {node {fils}}
child {node {fille}}
};
```




```
\node {père} [edge from parent fork right]

child {node {frère}}
child {node {moi}
child {node {fils}}
child {node {fille}}
};
```



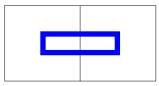
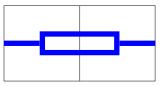

```
\node {père} [edge from parent fork right,grow=right]

child {node {frère}}
child {node {moi}
child {node {fils}}
child {node {fille}}
};
```

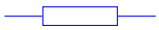
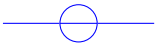
28 Electrical Engineering Circuits

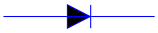
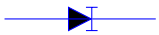
Load package : \usepackage{circuits.ee.IEC}

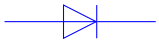
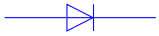
28.1 Symbols

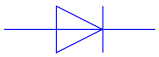
PGFmanual section : 47-4

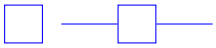
On a node	On a path
	
\node [circuit ee IEC] at (1,0.5) to [resistor] {} ;	\draw [circuit ee IEC](0,0.5) to [resistor] (2,.5) ;

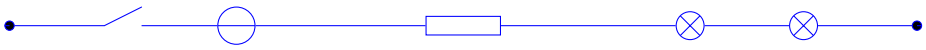
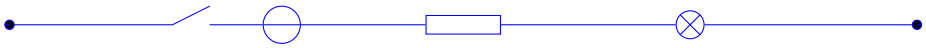
Basic Elements			
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,.5) to [resistor] (2,.5) ;			
PGFmanual section : 47-4-3			
			
[resistor]	[inductor]	[capacitor]	[battery]
		 ;	
[bulb]	[current source]	[voltage source]	[ground]
PGFmanual section : 47-4-4			
[diode]	[Zener diode]	[Schottky diode]	[tunnel diode]
[backward diode]	[breakdown diode]		
PGFmanual section : 47-4-5			
[contact]	[make contact]	[break contact]	

Alternate appearance		
\draw [circuit ee IEC,set resistor graphic=var resistor IEC graphic] (0,0.5) to [resistor] (2,0.5) ;		
		
resistor	inductor	diode
Zener diode	Schottky diode	tunnel diode
		
backward diode	breakdown diode	make contact

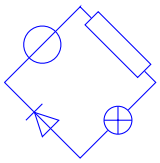
Symbol Size PGFmanual section : 47-2-1				
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [diode,large circuit symbols] (2,0.5) ;				
				
huge circuit symbols	large circuit symbols	medium circuit symbols	small circuit symbols	tiny circuit s
(10pt)	(8pt)	(7pt)	(6pt)	(5pt)

\draw [circuit ee IEC,circuit symbol unit=14pt] (0,0.5) to [diode] (2,0.5) ;		
		
circuit symbol unit=14pt	circuit symbol size=width 3 height 1	circuit symbol size=width 1 height 5
	don't work !	

Declaring New Symbols PGFmanual section : 47-2-2			
	\begin{tikzpicture} [circuit declare symbol=xxx, set xxx graphic={draw,shape=rectangle,minimum size=5mm}] \node [xxx] at (.5,.5) ; \draw[circuit ee IEC] (1,.5) to [xxx] (3,.5) ; \end{tikzpicture}		
shape=circle	shape=dart	shape=star	shape=forbidden sign
voir les “different shape libraries”see the different shape libraries			

Placement of symbol on a path
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [contact={at start},make contact={very near start},voltage source={near s resistor, bulb={near end}, bulb={very near end},contact={at end}] (12,0.5) ;

\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [contact={ pos=0 },make contact={pos=0.2},voltage source={pos=0.3 resistor={ pos=0.5 }, bulb={pos=0.75 },contact={pos =1 }] (12,0.5) ;


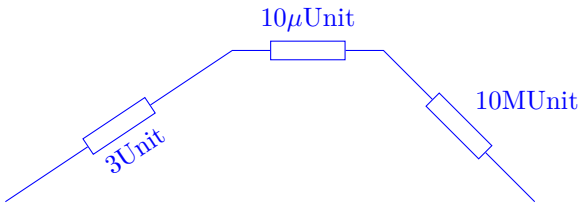
Symbol orientation PGFmanual section : 47-2-3			
\node [circuit ee IEC] at (1,.5) [diode,point up] {} ;			
[diode,point up]	[diode,point down]	[diode,point left]	[diode,point right]

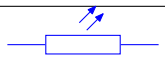
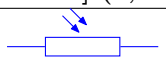
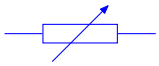
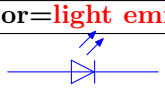
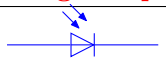
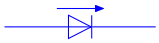
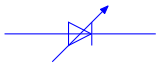
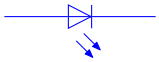
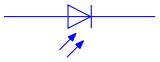
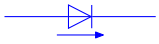
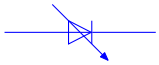
Automatic orientation	
	\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0) to [voltage source] (1,1) to [resistor] (2,0) to [bulb] (1,-1) to [diode] (0,0) ;

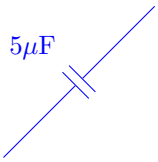
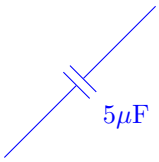
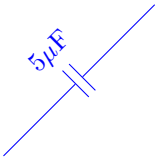
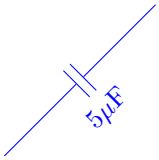
28.2 Annotations

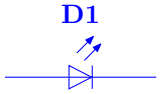
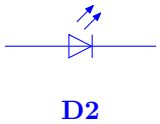
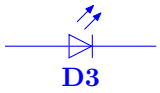
Indicating Current Directions PGFmanual section : 47-4-2	
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [current direction] (2,0.5) ;	
[current direction]	[current direction']

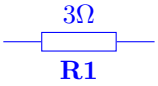
Units available PGFmanual section : 47-4-6				
\node [draw,circuit ee IEC] at(1,.5) [ampere=5] {}				
5A □	5V □	5 □	5S □	5H □
[ampere=5]	[volt=5]	[ohm=5] don't work !	[siemens=5]	[henry=5]
5F □	5C □	5VA □	5W □	5Hz □
[farad=5]	[coulomb=5]	[voltampere=5]	[watt=5]	[hertz=5]
5kA □	5mA □	5μA □	5kW □	5MW □
[ampere=5k]	[ampere=5m]	[ampere=5\mu]	[watt=5k]	[watt=5M]

Declare unit PGFmanual section : 47-2-4
\tikz[circuit ee IEC,circuit declare unit={xxx}{ Unit}] \draw (0,0) to[resistor={xxx' sloped=3}] (3,2) to [resistor={xxx= 10\mu}] (5,2) to [resistor={xxx= 10M}]


Annotations PGFmanual section : 47-4-7			
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [resistor=light emitting] (2,0.5) ;			
			
[resistor=light emitting]	[resistor=light dependent]	[resistor=direction info]	[resistor=adjustable]
			
[diode=light emitting]	[diode=light dependent]	[diode=direction info]	[diode=adjustable]
			
[diode=light emitting']	[diode=light dependent']	[diode=direction info']	[diode=adjustable']

Units position PGFmanual section : 47-2-4	
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0) to [capacitor={farad=5\mu}] (2,2) ;	
	
[capacitor={farad=5\mu}]	[capacitor={farad'=5\mu}]
	
[capacitor={farad sloped=5\mu}]	[capacitor={farad' sloped=5\mu}]

Info Labels PGFmanual section : 47-2-4		
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [diode={light emitting={info=D1}}] (2,0.5) ;		
		
[diode={light emitting={info=D1}}]	[diode={light emitting={info'=D2}}]	[diode={light emitting,info'

On a node	On a path
	
[resistor,info=3Ω,info'=R1]	[resistor={info=3Ω,info'=R1}]

3Ω	3Ω
[resistor,point up,info=center:3Ω]	[resistor,point up,info=center:3Ω]

\node [voltage source,direction info={volt=10}] {}		\node [voltage source,direction info'={volt=10}] {}	
10V	10V	10V	10V
{volt=10} or {->,volt=10}	{volt'=10} or {->,volt'=10}	{volt=10} or {->,volt=10}	{volt'=10} or {->,volt'=10}
10V	10V	10V	10V
{<-,volt=10}	{<-,volt=10}	{<-,volt=10}	{<-,volt'=10}

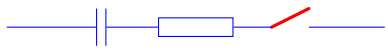
Declare annotation PGFmanual section : 47-2-5	
	\tikzset{circuit declare annotation={XXX}{9pt} { (-0.5cm,0.5cm) edge[to path={- -(0pt,2pt) - - (8pt,8pt)}] ()} } \tikz[blue,circuit ee IEC] \draw (0,0) to [resistor=XXX] (3,0);
abc	\tikzset{circuit declare annotation={xxx}{ 9pt } } { (-0.5cm,0.5cm) edge[to path={- -(0pt,2pt) - - (8pt,8pt)}] ()} } \tikz[blue,circuit ee IEC] \draw (0,0) to [resistor={xxx={info=abc}}] (3,0);
abc	\tikzset{circuit declare annotation={xxx}{1cm } } { (-0.5,0.5) edge[to path={- -(0pt,2pt) - - (8pt,8pt)}] ()} } \tikz[blue,circuit ee IEC] \draw (0,0) to [resistor={xxx={info=abc}}] (3,0);

Theming Symbols

PGFmanual section : 47-2-6

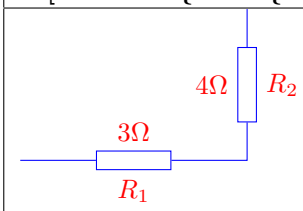
```
\draw[circuit symbol lines/.style={draw,red,very thick}] (0,0)
to [capacitor={near start},resistor, make contact={near end}] (5,0);
```

```
\draw[circuit symbol wires/.style={draw,red,very thick}] (0,0)
to [capacitor={near start},resistor, make contact={near end}] (5,0);
```

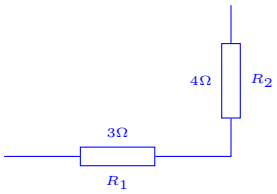


```
\draw[circuit symbol open/.style={thick,draw,red,fill=yellow}] (0,0)
to [capacitor={near start},resistor, make contact={near end}] (5,0);
```

```
\tikz[blue,circuit ee IEC,every info/.style=red]
\draw (0,0) to[resistor={info={$3\Omega$},info'={$R_1$}}] (3,0)
to[resistor={info={$4\Omega$},info'={$R_2$}}] (3,2);
```

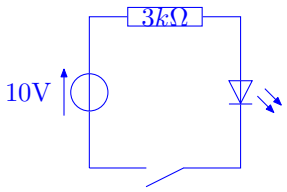
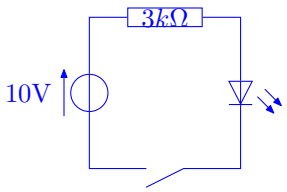
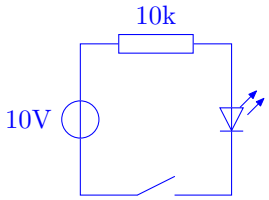


every info/.style=red



every info/.style={font=\tiny}

28.3 Example

3 methods for the same circuit	
	\begin{tikzpicture}[blue,circuit ee IEC] \draw (0,0) to [voltage source={direction info={->,volt=10}}] (0,2) to [resistor={info=center:$3 k\Omega$}] (2,2) to [diode=light emitting] (2,0) to [make contact] (0,0); \end{tikzpicture}
	\begin{tikzpicture}[blue,circuit ee IEC] \draw (0,0) to [voltage source={direction info={->,volt=10}}] ++(up:2) to [resistor={info=center:$ 3 k\Omega$}] ++(right:2) to [diode=light emitting] ++(down:2) to [make contact] ++(left:2) ; \end{tikzpicture}
	\begin{tikzpicture}[blue,circuit ee IEC] \node (A) at (0,1) [voltage source,point up,volt=10]{}; \node (B) at (1,2) [resistor,ohm=10k] {}; \node (C) at (2,1) [diode=light emitting,point down] {} ; \node (D) at (1,0) [make contact] {}; \draw (A) |- (B) -| (C) |- (D) -| (A); \end{tikzpicture}

29 Logical circuits

International Electrotechnical Commission :

Load package : \usepackage{circuits.logic.IEC}

American logic gates :

Load package : \usepackage{circuits.logic.US}

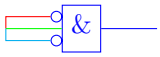
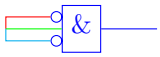
logic symbols used in A. Croft, R. Davidson, and M. Hargreaves (1992), Engineering Mathematics, Addison-Wesley, 82–95 :

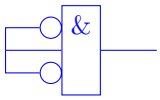
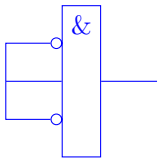
Load package : \usepackage{circuits.logic.CDH}

Basic Elements		
\node [circuit logic IEC] at (1,.5) [and gate] {A} ; PGFmanual section : 47-3-2		
[circuit logic IEC] and gate	[circuit logic US] and gate	[circuit logic CDH] and gate
[circuit logic IEC] nand gate	[circuit logic US] nand gate	[circuit logic CDH] nand gate
[circuit logic IEC] or gate	[circuit logic US] or gate	[circuit logic CDH] or gate
[circuit logic IEC] nor gate	[circuit logic US] nor gate	[circuit logic CDH] nor gate
[circuit logic IEC] xor gate	[circuit logic US] xor gate	[circuit logic CDH] xor gate
[circuit logic IEC] xnor gate	[circuit logic US] xnor gate	[circuit logic CDH] xnor gate
[circuit logic IEC] not gate	[circuit logic US] not gate	[circuit logic CDH] not gate
[circuit logic IEC] buffer gate	[circuit logic US] buffer gate	[circuit logic CDH] buffer gate

Labelled		
\node [circuit logic IEC] at (1,.5) [and gate] {A} ; PGFmanual section : 47-3-1		
[circuit logic IEC]	[circuit logic US]	[circuit logic CDH]

Orientation		
PGFmanual section : 47-3-1		
\node [circuit logic IEC] at (1,.5) [and gate,point down] {A} ;		
[circuit logic IEC]	[circuit logic US]	[circuit logic CDH]
\node [circuit logic IEC] at (1,.5) [and gate,point up] {A} ;		
[circuit logic IEC]	[circuit logic US]	[circuit logic CDH]
\node [circuit logic IEC] at (1,.5) [and gate,point left] {A} ;		
[circuit logic IEC]	[circuit logic US]	[circuit logic CDH]

inputs exit	
PGFmanual section : 47-3-3	
	\node [and gate IEC, draw, logic gate inputs={inverted ,normal , inverted }] at (1,.5) (A) {}; \draw [red] (A.input 1) -| (0,0.5); \draw[green] (A.input 2) -| (0,0.5); \draw[cyan] (A.input 3) -| (0,0.5); \draw (A.output) -| (2,0.5);
	\node [and gate IEC, draw, logic gate inputs={ini}] at (1,.5) (A) {}; \draw [red] (A.input 1) -| (0,0.5); \draw[green] (A.input 2) -| (0,0.5); \draw[cyan] (A.input 3) -| (0,0.5); \draw (A.output) -| (2,0.5);

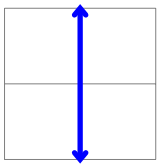
input parameter	
\node [and gate IEC, draw, logic gate inputs=ini,logic gate inverted radius=4pt] at (1,.5) (A) {}; PGFmanual section : 47-3-3	
	
logic gate inverted radius=4pt	logic gate input sep=0.5cm

symbol parameter		
\node [circuit logic IEC,and gate IEC symbol=AND] at (1,.5) [and gate] {} PGFmanual section : 47-3-5		
and gate IEC symbol =AND	logic gate IEC symbol color =red	logic gate IEC symbol align ={bottom, right}

Composant parameter		
\node [circuit logic IEC,very thick] at (1,.5) [and gate] {} PGFmanual section : 47-3-5		
very thick	fill=blue!10	fill=blue!10, logic gate IEC symbol color=black

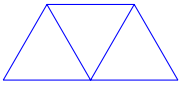
30 Optics

Load package : \usepackage{optics} [7]

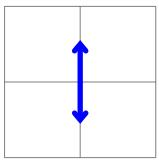
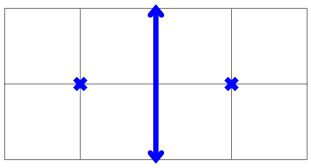
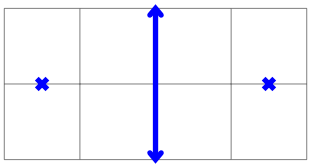
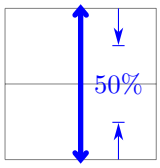
	\begin{tikzpicture}[blue,line width=2pt] \draw[help lines] (-1,-1) grid (1,1); \node[use optics,lens] (L) at (0,0) ; \end{tikzpicture}

30.1 Optic components

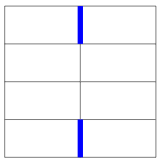
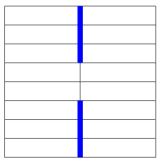
30.1.1 Components available

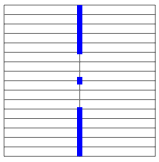
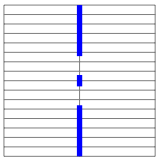
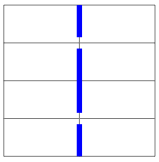
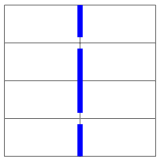
Éléments optiques			
\tikz[use optics,blue] \node[lens] (L) at (0,0) {};			
lens	slit	double slit	mirror
			
convex mirror	concave mirror	polarizer	beam splitter	double amici prism
thin optics element	thick optics element	heat filter	screen
diffraction grating	grid	semi-transparent mirror	diaphragm

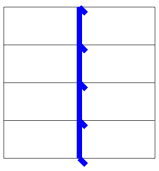
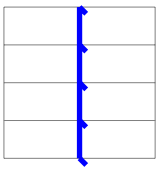
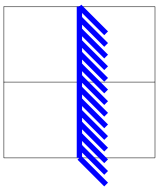
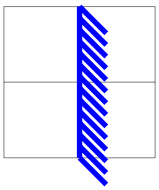
30.1.2 Parameters

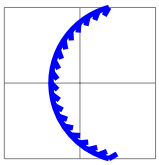
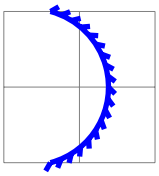
\node[lens,object height=1cm] (L) at (0,0) {};			
			
object height=1cm By default 2cm	draw focal points By default empty	focal length=1.5cm By default 1cm	focal height=0.5 By default 0.8 (80%)

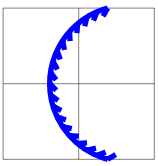
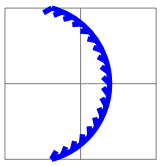
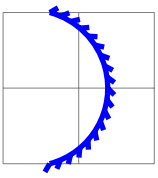
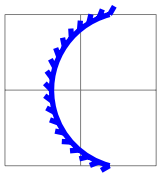
Lens type	
\node[lens,lens type=converging] (L) at (0,0) {};	
lens type=converging	lens type=diverging

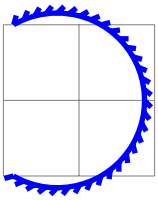
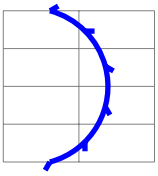
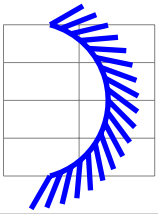
slit parameters	
\node[slit,slit height=0.5] (L) at (0,0) {};	
	
slit height=0.5	slit height=0.5cm
By default 0.075 (7.5%)	

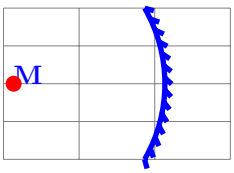
Double slit parameters			
\node[double slit,slit height=0.15] (L) at (0,0) {};			
			
slit height=0.15	slit height=0.25cm	slit separation=0.5	double slit, slit separation=1cm
By default 0.075 (7.5% x 2cm = 1.5 mm)		By default 0.2 (20% x 2cm = 4mm)	

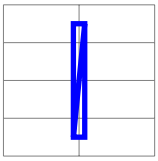
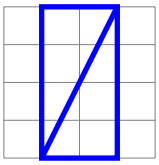
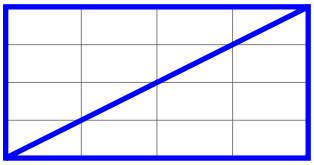
mirror parameters	
\node[mirror,mirror decoration separation=0.25] (L) at (0,0) {};	
	
mirror decoration separation=0.25	mirror decoration separation=0.5cm
By default 0.15cm	
	
mirror decoration amplitude=0.25	mirror decoration amplitude=1cm
By default 0.125cm	

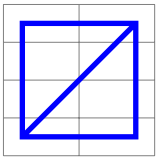
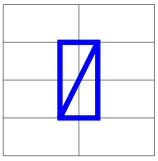
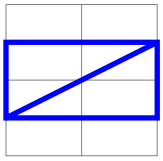
spherical mirror type	
\node[convex mirror](L) at (0,0) {};	
	
convex mirror	concave mirror
spherical mirror, spherical mirror type=convex	spherical mirror, spherical mirror type=concave

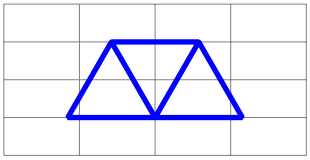
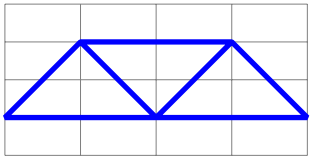
spherical mirror orientation	
\node[convex mirror, spherical mirror orientation=ltr](L) at (0,0) {};	
	
convex mirror, spherical mirror orientation=ltr	convex mirror, spherical mirror orientation=rtl
	
concave mirror spherical mirror orientation=ltr	concave mirror, spherical mirror orientation=rtl

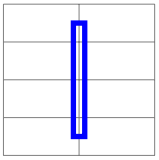
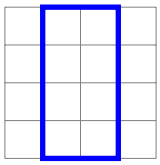
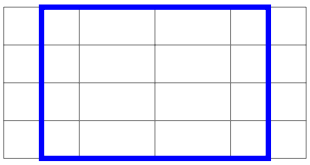
\node[spherical mirror, spherical mirror angle=240](L) at (0,0) {};		
		
spherical mirror angle=240	mirror decoration separation=0.25	mirror decoration amplitude=0.5cm
By default 150	By default 0.15cm	By default 0.125cm

\node[spherical mirror, spherical mirror angle=from_radius(2cm)](L) at (0,0) {};


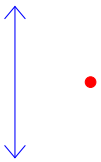
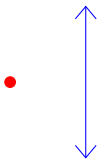
\node[polarizer, object height=1.5cm](L) at (0,0) {};		
		
object height=1.5cm	object aspect ratio=0.5	object aspect ratio=2
By default 2cm	By default 0.2	

\node[beam splitter,object height=1.5cm](L) at (0,0) {};		
		
object height=1.5cm	object aspect ratio=.5	object aspect ratio=2

\node[double amici prism,prism height=1cm](L) at (0,0) {};	
	
prism height=1cm	prism apex angle=90
By default 1.5cm	By default 60

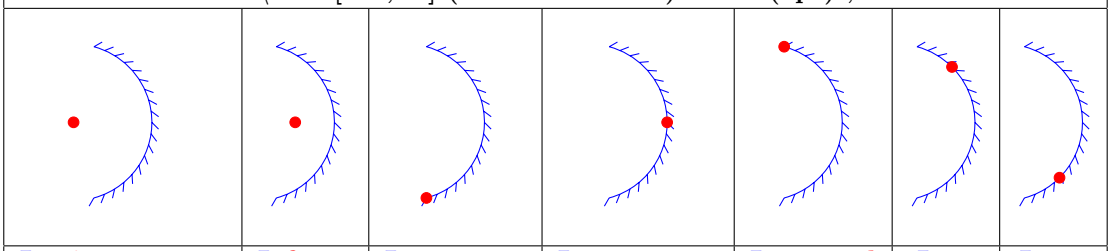
\node[thick optics element,object height=1.5cm](L) at (0,0) {};		
		
object height=1.5cm	object aspect ratio=0.5	object aspect ratio=1.5

30.1.3 Anchors

\node[lens] (L) at (0,0) {} ; \node[red,fill] (L.lens north) circle (2pt) ;				
				
(L.lens north)	(L.lens south)	(L.east focus)	(L.west focus)	(L.center)

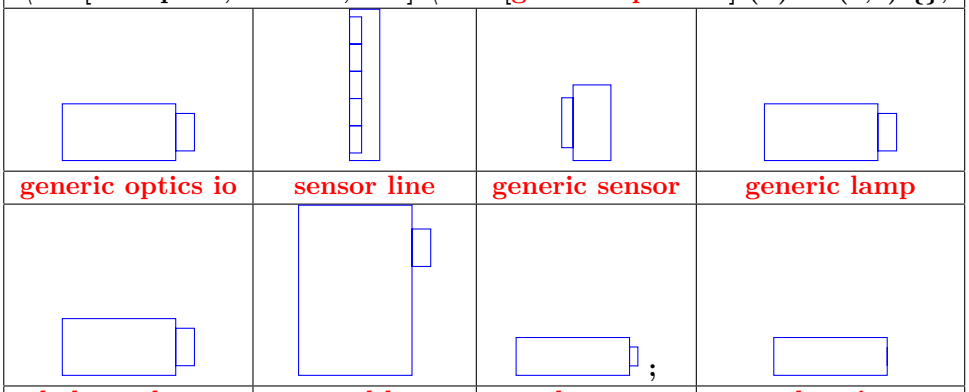
\node[slit, slit height=0.5] (L) at (0,0) {} ; \node[red,fill] (L.slit north) circle (2pt) ;		
(L.slit north)	(L.slit south)	(L.slit center)

\node[double slit,slit height=0.2,slit separation=0.5] (L) at (0,0) {} ; \node[red,fill] (L.slit 1 north) circle (2pt) ;					
(L.slit 1 north)	(L.slit 1 south)	(L.slit 1 center)	(L.slit 2 north)	(L.slit 2 south)	(L.slit 2 center)

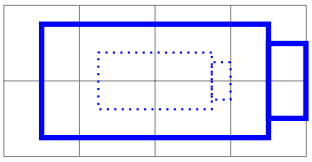
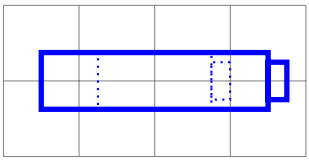
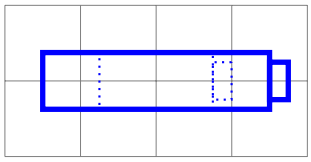
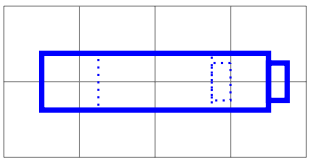
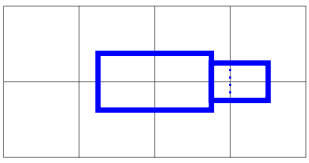
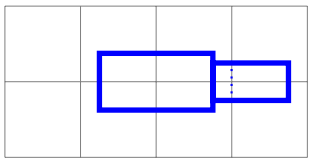
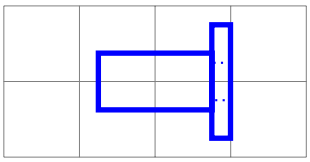
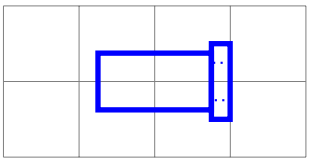
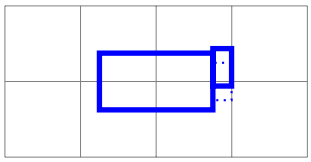
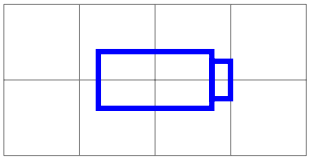
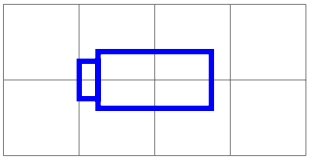
\node[spherical mirror] (L) at (0,0) {} ; \node[red,fill] (L.mirror center) circle (2pt) ;						
						
L.mirror center	L.focus	L.arc start	L.arc center	L.arc end	L.45	L.-45

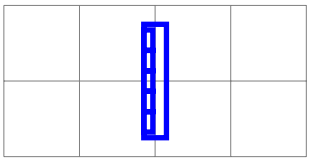
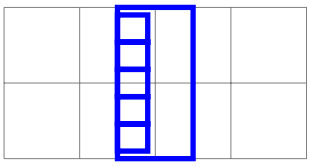
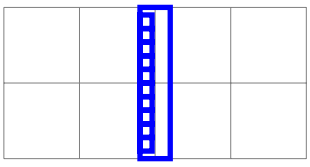
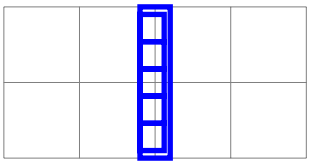
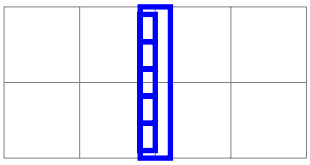
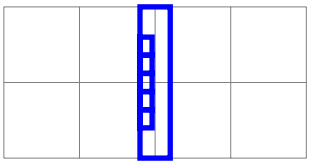
30.2 Lights and sensors

30.2.1 Available

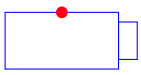
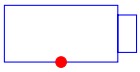
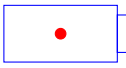
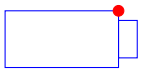
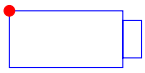
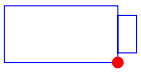
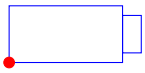
\tikz[use optics,scale=.5,blue] \node[generic optics io] (L) at (0,0) {};			
			
generic optics io	sensor line	generic sensor	generic lamp
halogen lamp	spectral lamp	laser	laser'

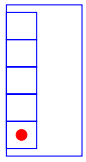
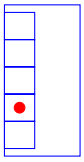
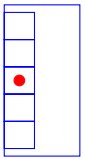
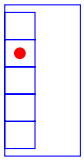
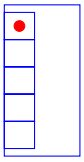
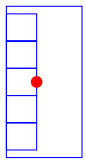
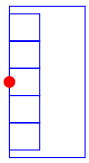
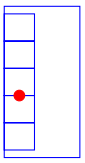
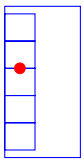
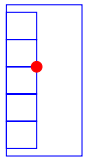
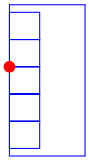
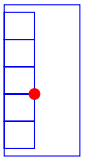
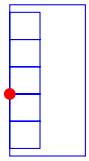
30.2.2 Parameters

\node[generic optics io, io body height=1.5cm](L) at (0,0) {};		
Same parameters for generic sensor , generic lamp , halogen lamp , spectral lamp,laser		
		
io body height=1.5cm	io body aspect ratio=4	io body width=4
By default 0.75cm	By default 2	
		
io body width=3cm	io aperture width=1	io aperture width=1cm
	By default 0.33	
		
io aperture height=2	io aperture height=1cm	io aperture shift=0.25
By default 0.66		By default 0
		
io orientation=ltr	io orientation=rtl	
By default ltr		

\node[sensor line, sensor line height=1.5cm](L) at (0,0) {};		
		
sensor line height=1.5cm	sensor line aspect ratio=0.5	sensor line pixel number=10
By default 2cm	By default 0.2	By default 5
		
sensor line pixel width=0.8	sensor line pixel width=0.2cm	sensor line inner ysep=0.2
By default0.4		By default 0.05

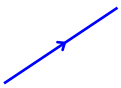
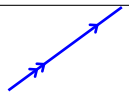
30.2.3 Anchors

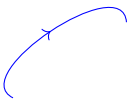
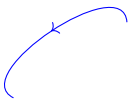
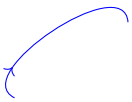
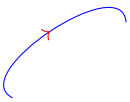
				
s.body north	**s.body south**	**s.body east**	**s.body west**	**s.body cent**
				
s.body north east	**s.body north west**	**s.body south east**	**s.body south west**	
s.aperture north	**s.aperture south**	**s.aperture east**	**s.aperture west**	**s.aperture cen**
s.aperture north east	**s.aperture north west**	**s.aperture south east**	**s.aperture south west**	

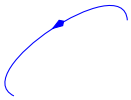
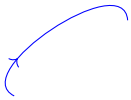
				
s.pixel 1 center	**s.pixel 2 center**	**s.pixel 3 center**	**s.pixel 4 center**	**s.pixel 5 center**
				
s.pixel 3 east	**s.pixel 3 west**	**s.pixel 3 south**	**s.pixel 3 north**	
				
s.pixel 3 north east	**s.pixel 3 north west**	**s.pixel 3 south east**	**s.pixel 3 south west**	

30.3 Tools

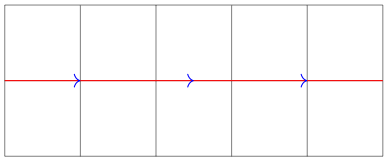
30.3.1 Marks on the ray

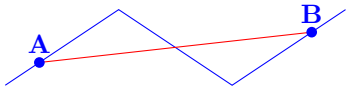
\draw [->-] (0,0) – (1.5,1;					
					
[->-]	[-<-]	[-> >-]	[->n-={n=4}]	[->n={n=5,at=0.25}]	[-> >-=at=0.25, ->-={at=0.75}]

\draw [put arrow] (0,0) to[bend left=120] (2,0);			
			
[put arrow]	[put arrow={arrow'}]	[put arrow={at=0.2}]	[put arrow={style=red}]

		
[red,put arrow={arrow=latex}]	[put arrow={arrow'=Kite}]	[put arrow={pos=.25}]
		By default pos=0.5

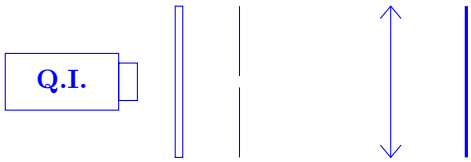
```
\draw[red, put arrow/every arrow/.style={blue}, put arrow={at=0.2},
put arrow={at=0.5}, put arrow={at=0.8}] (0,0) – (5,0);
```






```
\begin{tikzpicture}[use optics,blue]
\draw[put coordinate=A at 0.1,put coordinate=B at 0.9]
(0,0) - - (1.5,1) - - (3, 0) - - (4.5,1);
\draw[red] (A) - - (B);
\fill(A) circle (2pt) node[above] {A} ;
\fill(B) circle (2pt) node[above] {B} ;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

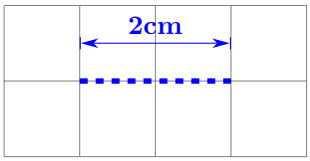
Point A à 10% , point B à 90%



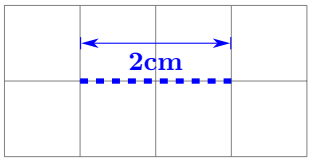

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[use optics]
\node[halogen lamp] (quartz iode) at (0,0) {Q.I.};
\node[heat filter,right=0.5cm of quartz iode.aperture east]
(AC) {};
\node[slit,right=0.75cm of AC] (fente) {};
\node[lens,right=2cm of fente] (L) {};
\node[screen,right=3cm of fente] (screen) {};
\end{tikzpicture}
```

30.3.2 Dimensions indicating

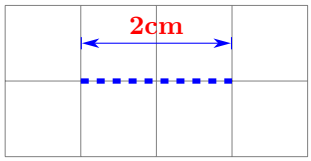
```
\draw (0,0) to[short dim arrow={label=2cm}] (2,0);
```



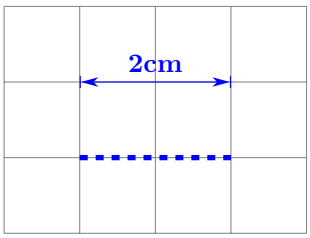
[dim arrow={label=2cm}]



to[dim arrow={label'=2cm}]

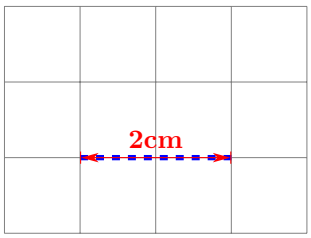


[dim arrow={label=2cm
label style/.append style=r

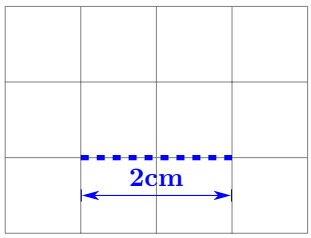


[dim arrow={label=2cm,raise=1cm}]

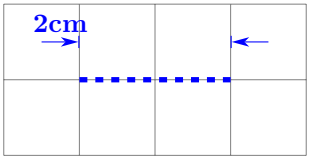
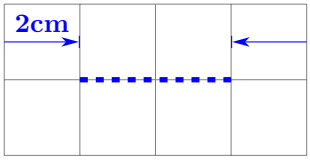
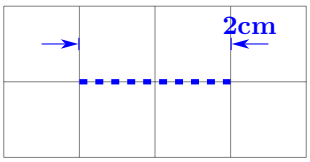
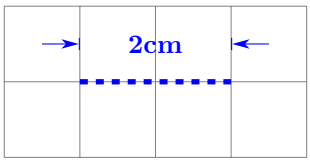
By default raise = 0.5cm



[dim arrow={label=2cm,no raise},red]



[dim arrow'={label=2cm

\draw (0,0) to[short dim arrow={label=2cm}] (2,0);	
	
[short dim arrow={label=2cm}]	[short dim arrow={label=2cm,arrow length=1cm}]
	By default arrow length= 5mm
	
[short dim arrow={label=2cm,label near end}]	[short dim arrow={label=2cm,label near middle}]
By default label near start	

31 Animate a TikZ picture

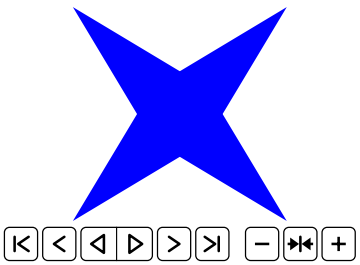
Load package : \usepackage{animate} [6]

31.1 Animation from picture files

first frame	second and last frame
\includegraphics{XXX1}	\includegraphics{XXX2}

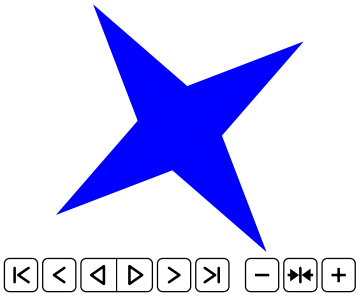
\animategraphics:	
[controls,	:Inserts control buttons
loop	:animation restarts automatically
autoplay]	:Start animation automatically
{4}	:4 frame per second
{XXX}	:file base name
{1}	:number of the first frame
{2}	:number of the last frame

31.2 Animateinline



```
\animateinline[controls,loop,autoplay]{5}

% first frame
\begin{tikzpicture}  \fill[blue] (45:2) - - (135:.5)- - (225:2)- -(315:.5)
- - cycle; \fill[blue] (45:.5) - - (135:2)- - (225:.5)- -(315:2) - - cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
% second frame
\newframe
\begin{tikzpicture}
\fill[blue] (0:2) - - (90:.5)- - (180:2)- -(270:.5) - - cycle;
\fill[blue] (0:.5) - - (90:2)- - (180:.5)- -(270:2) - - cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}

\end{animateinline}
```

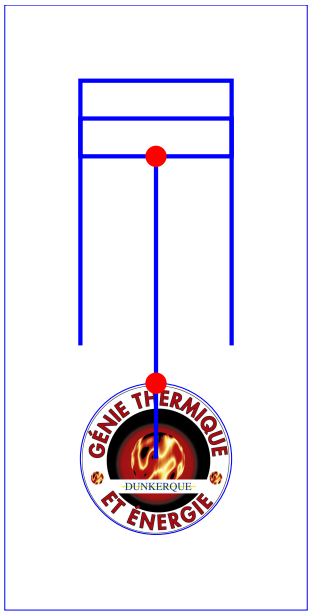
31.3 Multiframe



```
\begin{animateinline}[poster=first,controls, palindrome]{12}
\multiframe{29}{iAngle=80+10, Rdim=2.0+-0.2}{
\begin{tikzpicture}
\fill[blue] (\iAngle+45:\Rdim) - - (\iAngle+135:.5)- -
(\iAngle+225:\Rdim)- -(\iAngle+315:.5) - - cycle;
\fill[blue] (\iAngle+45:.5) - - (\iAngle+135:\Rdim)- - (\iAn-
gle+225:.5)- -(\iAngle+315:\Rdim) - - cycle;
\end{tikzpicture} }
\end{animateinline}
```

The first letter of the variable name determines his type

entier	initiale : i ou I
réelles	initiale : n, N, r ou R
longueurs	initiale : d ou D




```
\begin{animateinline}[autoplay,loop]{12}
\multiframe{24}{iAngle=0+15,icol=0+5}{\begin{tikzpicture}
\draw[line width=0pt] (-2,-3) rectangle(6,3);
\draw (0,0) node[fill=white,circle,rotate=\iAngle]
{\includegraphics[width=2cm]{LogoIUT}} (0,0) circle (1);
\draw (0,0) circle (1);
\coordinate (abc) at (${sqrt(9-sin(\iAngle)*sin(\iAngle))+cos(\iAngle)}*(1,0)$)
;
\coordinate (xyz) at (\iAngle:1);
\draw[ultra thick] (0,0) - -(xyz);
\draw[ultra thick] (xyz) - - (abc) ;
\fill[color=blue!\icol] (abc)++(0.5,-1) rectangle (5,1) ;
\draw[ultra thick] (abc) ++(0,-1) rectangle ++(.5,2) ;
\draw[ultra thick] (1.5,1) - - (5,1) - - (5,-1) - - (1.5,-1);
\fill[red] (xyz) circle (4pt);
\fill[red] (abc) circle (4pt);
\end{tikzpicture}}
\end{animateinline}
```

Load package : \usepackage{tkz-tab} [3]

31.4 Creation of the table

1° ligne	a	b	c
2° ligne			

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\tkzTabInit{1° ligne / 1 ,2° ligne /1 } { a , b, c }
\end{tikzpicture}
```

31.4.1 Options

Row width

1° ligne	a	b	c
2° ligne			
3° ligne			

\tikz \tkzTabInit{1° ligne '/1 , 2° ligne /.5 , 3° ligne /1.5 }{a , b , c };

First column width

x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[lgt=4]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: lgt==2 cm

Space between two values

x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[espcl=1]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: espcl=2 cm

Margin

x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[deltacl=1]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: deltacl=0.5 cm

Line width

x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[dlw=2pt]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: lw=0,4 pt

No cadre

x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[nocadre]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: nocadre=false

Coloring

\tkzTabInit [color,colorT = yellow]{1°ligne/1 , 2°ligne/1}{ a , b }

1°ligne	a	b
2°ligne		

[color,colorT = yellow]

1°ligne	a	b
2°ligne		

[color,colorC = cyan]

1°ligne	a	b
2°ligne		

[color,colorL = green]

1°ligne	a	b
2°ligne		

[color,colorV = magenta]

By default: color = false colorT=colorC=colorL=colorV =white

31.5 Creation of a sign row

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	2	4	

\tkzTabLine{ t, 2,t ,4 ,t }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	0 2 0 4 0		

\tkzTabLine{ z, 2, z ,4 ,z }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	2	4	

\tkzTabLine{ d, 2, d ,4 ,d }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 3 4 5		

\tkzTabLine{ 1, h, 3 ,4 ,5 }

Example

x	$-\infty$		-4		4		10		$+\infty$
$f(x)$		$+$	‖		‖	$-$	0	$+$	

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\tkzTabInit[espcl=1.5]{$x$ / 1 ,$f(x)$ /1 } { −∞ , -4, 4 , 10 , +∞ }
\tkzTabLine{ t,+, d ,h ,d,-,z,+ }
\end{tikzpicture}
```

31.6 Creation of a variation row

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2		

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$		↗	2		
	1				

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	→	2		

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	→	2		

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , +/2 }

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	‖ 1	↘	2		

\tkzTabVar{ +C/1 , -/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$		↗	2		
	‖ 1				

\tkzTabVar{ -C/1 , +/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	‖ 2		

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -C/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$		↗	‖ 2		
	1				

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , +C/2 }

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2		

\tkzTabVar{ +H/1 , -/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$		↗	2		
	1				

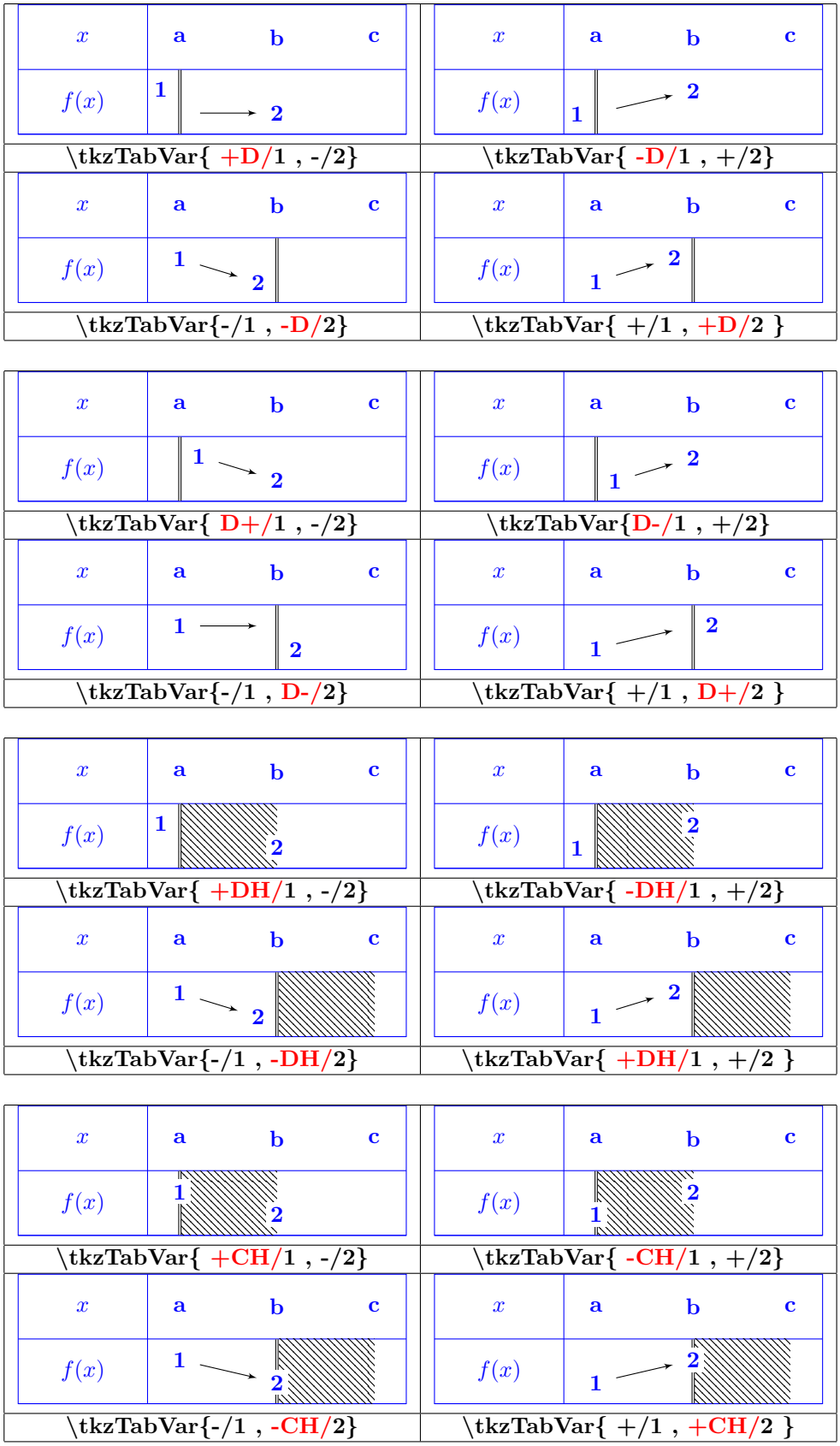
\tkzTabVar{ -H/1 , +/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2		

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -H/2}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$		↗	2		
	1				

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , +H/2 }


\tkzTabVar{ +D/1 , -/2}
\tkzTabVar{ -D/1 , +/2}
\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -D/2}
\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , +D/2 }
\tkzTabVar{ D+/1 , -/2}
\tkzTabVar{D-/1 , +/2}
\tkzTabVar{-/1 , D-/2}
\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , D+/2 }
\tkzTabVar{ +DH/1 , -/2}
\tkzTabVar{ -DH/1 , +/2}
\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -DH/2}
\tkzTabVar{ +DH/1 , +/2 }
\tkzTabVar{ +CH/1 , -/2}
\tkzTabVar{ -CH/1 , +/2}
\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -CH/2}
\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , +CH/2 }

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	2 ‖ 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +D-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2 ‖ 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -D+/2 , -/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2 ‖ 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -D-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	2 ‖ 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , +D+/2 , -/3 }

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	‖ 2 ‖ 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +CD-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	‖ 2 ‖ 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -CD+/2 , -/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	‖ 2 2 ‖	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -CD-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	‖ 2 2 ‖	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , +CD+/2 , -/3 }

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	2 ‖ 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +DC-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	‖ 2 ‖ 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -DC+/2 , -/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	‖ 2 2 ‖	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -DC-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	2 ‖ 2 ‖	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , +DC+/2 , -/3 }

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	2 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +V-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -V+/2 , -/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↘	2 2	↗	3

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -V-/2 , +/3}

x	a		b		c
$f(x)$	1	↗	2 2	↘	3

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , +V+/2 , -/3 }

Emphasizing a value

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 ↘	2 2	↗ 3

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -V-/\colorbox{yellow}{2} , +/3}

Multicolumn variation

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 ↗		3

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , R/ , +/3}

Intermediate values

x	a	A	b	c
$f(x)$	1	x ↗		3

\tkzTabVal{1}{3}{0.25}{A}{x}

x	a	b	A	c
$f(x)$	1 ↗		x ↗	3

\tkzTabVal{1}{3}{0.75}{A}{x}

x	a	A	b	c
		⋮		
$f(x)$	1	x ↗		3

\tkzTabVal[draw]{1}{3}{0.25}{A}{x}

Picture insertion

x	a	b	c	d
$f(x)$	1 ↗	x ↗		3

\tkzTabIma{1}{4}{2}{x}

x	a	b	c	d
$f(x)$	1 ↗		x ↗	3

\tkzTabIma{1}{4}{3}{x}

32 Packages studied in this document

Basic TikZ package :		
name	Load package	documentation [1]
tikz	\usepackage{tikz}	pgfmanual.pdf

Other packages		
name	see page	documentation [2]
animate	189	animate.pdf
tikz-optics	179	tikz-optics.pdf
pgfplots	141	pgfplots.pdf
tikzpeople	123	tikzpeople.pdf
tikzducks	130	tikzducks-doc.pdf
tkz-tab	190	tkz-tab-screen.pdf

Optional library (documentation : pgfmanual.pdf)		
name	see page	Load package
angles	37	\usetikzlibrary{angles}
arrows.meta	21	\usetikzlibrary{arrows.meta}
bending	34	\usetikzlibrary{bending}
backgrounds	69	\usetikzlibrary{backgrounds}
calc	44	\usetikzlibrary{calc}
circuits.ee.IEC	169	\usetikzlibrary{circuits.ee.IEC}
circuits.logic.IEC	175	\usetikzlibrary{circuits.logic.IEC}
circuits.logic.US	175	\usetikzlibrary{circuits.logic.US}
circuits.logic.CDH	175	\usetikzlibrary{circuits.logic.CDH}
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