trees.sty: A Macro for Drawing Binary or Ternary Trees

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18 april 1990

The following macros let you draw a (binary or ternary) tree of any size. For each "internal node", you only have to specify which are the descending nodes, with a \branch command (\tbranch for ternary node.). To this end, nodes are given a label (only used internally!). These macros will give you some ideas on designing similar things for, e.g., digital circuits.

Trees are constructed with labels on the branches (default 0 and 1), and with text (e.g., its name or value) on the nodes. The first parameter to $\branch (0, 1, 2)$ or 3) determines the steepness of the branches.

Example:

\begin{picture}(100,100) \unitlength=2mm	(-50,10)
\branchlabels ABC	% 012 is the default
\root(2,10) 0.	% root at absolute coordinate (2,10)
	% its (internally used) label is 0
	% the space before the O is obligatory
\branch2{16} 0:1,2.	% node 0 (i.e., the root) has children 1 and 2
	% the text "1.00" is written above it
	% space is optional, :,. are obligatory
$\ell = {4}{ = 1} $	% node 1 is a leaf
	$\%$ "0.45" written above, " u_1 " to the right
\branch2{12} 2:3,7.	% branch to node 3 goes up, and has label A
\tbranch2{9} 3:4,5,6	i.
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	% the symbols 07 can be replaced by anything
$\[\] \$	
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$\ell = {3}{{$u_2$} 7.$	
\end{picture}	

will typeset something like:

