

MASARYK UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF MEDICINE



A fibeamer user guide
for the Faculty of Medicine

BACHELOR'S THESIS

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Field of study:

Typesetting

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Annotation

Fibeamer is a theme for the beamer \LaTeX document class and is intended to be used for the preparation of thesis defense presentations across the faculties of the Masaryk University. This document describes the installation of the fibeamer theme, its configuration, and its use.

Keywords

thesis, typesetting, L^AT_EX

Bibliographic record

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Declaration

Hereby I declare that this paper is my original authorial work, which I have worked out on my own. All sources, references, and literature used or excerpted during elaboration of this work are properly cited and listed in complete reference to the due source.

Vít Novotný

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1 Introduction

To use the `fibeamer` `beamer` theme, you can use an online \LaTeX editor, such as Overleaf¹, which allows you to skip the installation described in Section 1.1 completely.

1.1 Installation

1.1.1 Installing a \TeX distribution

If you decided not to use a public \TeX distribution, you will need to install one locally before proceeding further. A \TeX distribution contains tools and packages that are going to help you with preparing and typesetting your \LaTeX documents.

The two major \TeX distributions that you can install are Mik \TeX ², which can be used with the Microsoft Windows operating system, and \TeX Live³, which can be installed on both Unix and Windows operating systems. The advantages of Mik \TeX include refined graphical user interface and the ability to install new packages on the fly.

Along with Mik \TeX , you will also need to install a Perl interpreter, such as Strawberry Perl⁴. \TeX Live installs a Perl interpreter by default.

1.1.2 Installing packages

In order to function properly, `fibeamer` needs the following packages to be installed in your \TeX distribution: `ifthen`, `ifxetex`, `ifluatex`, `lm`, `carlito`, `arev`, `iwona`, `dejavu`, `setspace`, `fontenc`, `fontspec`, `beamer`, `fibeamer`.

If you performed a full installation of \TeX Live, you should already have all the required packages installed. If you are using a partial installation of \TeX Live, you can use the `tlmgr` command-line tool by executing `tlmgr install <pkgname>`, where `<pkgname>` is the name of the package you wish to install. In some cases, \TeX Live may assign a different name to a package. To find out the \TeX Live name of a package, open the `http://www.ctan.org/pkg/<pkgname>` webpage in a web browser. It should contain the following text:

Contained in \TeX Live as `<texlivename>`

where `<texlivename>` corresponds to the \TeX Live name of the package. Use this name instead of `<pkgname>` with `tlmgr`. Alternatively, you can download the packages manually

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1. Overleaf `fibeamer` templates are located at `http://www.overleaf.com/gallery/tagged/muni`.
 2. Mik \TeX can be acquired from `http://miktex.org/2.9/setup`.
 3. \TeX Live can be acquired from `http://www.tug.org/texlive`.
 4. Strawberry Perl can be downloaded from `http://strawberryperl.com/`.

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from `http://www.ctan.org/pkg/⟨pkgname⟩` and extract them into the `texmf/` directory located in your user home directory. Mind that the packages themselves may depend on other packages; if you are using a partial installation of T_EX Live, you will have to resolve these dependencies manually by inspecting the documentation of each package.

If you use MikT_EX and you enabled the *over the air installation of packages* during the installation, MikT_EX will automatically download all the required packages, when you first typeset a fibeamer document. If you didn't enable this feature, you will need to enter the MikT_EX package manager by running

Start » MikTeX » MikTeX Package Manager (Admin)

and download the packages manually through the user interface. In some cases, MikT_EX may assign a different name to a package. To find out the MikT_EX name of a package, open the `http://www.ctan.org/pkg/⟨pkgname⟩` webpage in a web browser, where `⟨pkgname⟩` is the name of the package you wish to install. It should contain the following text:

Contained in MikT_EX as `⟨miktexname⟩`

where `⟨miktexname⟩` corresponds to the MikT_EX name of the package. If you still can't find the package, try synchronizing the package database by selecting

Repository » Synchronize

from the menu bar of the MikT_EX package manager. Mind that the packages themselves may depend on other packages; if you disabled the over the air installation of packages, you will have to resolve these dependencies manually by inspecting the documentation of each package.

If you wish to use a newer version of fibeamer than the one that is available in your T_EX distribution, you should download a file named `fibeamer.tds.zip` containing the version of the package you wish to use and place it in a root directory that is recognized by your T_EX distribution. In T_EX Live⁵, one of such directories is the `texmf/` folder in your user home directory. In MikT_EX⁶, the list of recognized root directories can be gleaned by running

Start » MikTeX » MikTeX Options (Admin) » Roots

5. For more information about the T_EX Live root directories, see <http://www.tug.org/texlive/doc/texlive-en/texlive-en.html#x1-110002.3>, Chapter 2.3.

6. For more information about the T_EX Live root directories, see <http://docs.miktex.org/manual/localadditions.html>.

1.2 Picking a T_EX engine

There are several programs, called T_EX engines, that you can use to typeset fibeamer L^AT_EX source files into displayable PDF documents. The ones we will discuss are pdfT_EX and LuaT_EX.


PdfT_EX is the more conservative choice and most T_EX editors use pdfT_EX as the default T_EX engine. The main advantage LuaT_EX over pdfT_EX for a fibeamer user is the ability to use standard OpenType and TrueType fonts installed on your system, whereas pdfT_EX is confined to the fonts installed in your T_EX distribution.

If the ability to use arbitrary fonts within your documents interests you, Chapter 3 of the fontspec package manual⁷ should provide you with the relevant information. If you are only going to use the fonts present in the T_EX distribution or if you do not intend to change the preset fibeamer fonts at all, you can safely use pdfT_EX, which is currently also considerably faster than LuaT_EX.

1.3 Creating and typesetting a fibeamer document

Before using the fibeamer theme, it is useful to be familiar with the L^AT_EX typesetting system. A good way to get started is to read one of the introductory texts in English [1–4] or in Czech [5, 6]. Taking one of the *FI:PB029*, *PřF:M5751*, or *FF:PLIN028* courses taught at the Masaryk University is also helpful.

To become familiar with fibeamer, you are encouraged to inspect the example fibeamer documents named `mu-med-pdflatex.pdf` and `mu-med-lualatex.pdf` as well as their L^AT_EX source files that are named `mu-med-pdflatex.tex` and `mu-med-lualatex.tex`. These example documents are distributed along with the package inside the `example/` directory⁸. By modifying and by typesetting these L^AT_EX source files using either the pdfT_EX or the LuaT_EX engine, you can quickly gain a working knowledge of L^AT_EX and use these source files as the basis for your thesis.

If you are using an online editor, such as Overleaf⁹, L^AT_EX source files will be typeset automatically, as you edit them. The T_EX engine can be selected inside the project settings.

7. The fontspec package manual is available at <http://mirrors.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/fontspec/fontspec.pdf>.

8. The example fibeamer documents are also available online at <http://mirror.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/beamer-contrib/fibeamer/example/mu>. To typeset the example documents, you need to download the `resources/` directory as well, as it contains vector images used in the examples.

9. Overleaf fibeamer templates are located at <http://www.overleaf.com/gallery/tagged/muni>.

If you are using a graphical T_EX editor, such as T_EXworks¹⁰, you can typeset a L^AT_EX source file by opening the source file from within the editor and running either the pdfL^AT_EX or LuaL^AT_EX (depending on your choice of T_EX engine) command from the task bar. The command needs to be executed at least twice.

If you are using the command line, you can typeset L^AT_EX source files by running either `pdflatex name.tex` or `lualatex name.tex` (depending on your choice of T_EX engine), where *name.tex* corresponds to the name of a L^AT_EX source file. In the case of the two aforementioned example files, the corresponding commands would be:

```
pdflatex mu-med-pdflatex.tex
lualatex mu-med-lualatex.tex
```

The command needs to be executed from within the directory, where the L^AT_EX source file is located. In Windows, the command line can be opened in a directory by holding down the `Shift` key and by clicking the right mouse button while hovering the cursor over a directory. Select the `Open Command Window Here` option in the context menu that opens shortly afterwards. The command also needs to be executed at least twice.

Beside Overleaf and T_EXworks, any text editor can be used to modify L^AT_EX source files.

10. T_EXworks can be downloaded from <http://www.tug.org/texworks/>.

2 Configuration

A fibeamer \LaTeX source file should begin as follows:

```
\documentclass{beamer}
\usetheme[option1, option2, ..., optionN]{fibeamer}
```

The following list summarizes the options that are recognized by the fibeamer theme and their meaning. Options that are enabled by default are *set in italics*.

faculty= \langle **name** \rangle This option changes the color theme based on the selected faculty. To choose the color theme of the Faculty of Medicine, use **med** as the \langle name \rangle .

fonts This option sets up the combination of the font families of Carlito, Arev, Iwona, Dsfont, and DejaVu for the typesetting of text and mathematics.

nofonts This option prevents fibeamer from setting up the fonts. The user must set the fonts manually in the preamble of the document.

microtype This option sets up microtypographic extensions¹, which results in visually more pleasing paragraphs of text.

nomicrotype This option prevents fibeamer from setting up microtypographic extensions.

The complete list of the package options can be found in Section 2 of the technical documentation of the fibeamer class [7].

1. For more information about the \TeX engine microtypographic extensions, see <http://mirrors.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/microtype/microtype.pdf>.

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